



$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+) \text{ Status: } ****$$

The parity of the  $\Lambda_c^+$  is defined to be positive (as are the parities of the proton, neutron, and  $\Lambda$ ). The quark content is  $udc$ . Results of an analysis of  $pK^-\pi^+$  decays (JEZABEK 92) are consistent with  $J = 1/2$ . ABLIKIM 21N determines the  $\Lambda_c^+$  spin to be  $J = 1/2$ , from an angular analysis of various 2-body  $\Lambda_c^+$  decays in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\bar{\Lambda}_c^-$ .

We have omitted some results that have been superseded by later experiments. The omitted results may be found in earlier editions.

## $\Lambda_c^+$ MASS

Our value in 2004,  $2284.9 \pm 0.6$  MeV, was the average of the measurements now filed below as “not used.” The BABAR measurement is so much better that we use it alone. Note that it is about 2.6 (old) standard deviations above the 2004 value.

The fit also includes  $\Sigma_c - \Lambda_c^+$  and  $\Lambda_c^{*+} - \Lambda_c^+$  mass-difference measurements, but this doesn’t affect the  $\Lambda_c^+$  mass. The new (in 2006)  $\Lambda_c^+$  mass simply pushes all those other masses higher.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2286.46 ± 0.14 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>2286.46 ± 0.14</b>	4891	<sup>1</sup> AUBERT,B	05S BABR	$\Lambda_c^+ K_S^0 K^+$ and $\Sigma_c^0 K_S^0 K^+$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
2284.7 ± 0.6 ± 0.7	1134	AVERY	91 CLEO	Six modes
2281.7 ± 2.7 ± 2.6	29	ALVAREZ	90B NA14	$pK^-\pi^+$
2285.8 ± 0.6 ± 1.2	101	BARLAG	89 NA32	$pK^-\pi^+$
2284.7 ± 2.3 ± 0.5	5	AGUILAR-...	88B LEBC	$pK^-\pi^+$
2283.1 ± 1.7 ± 2.0	628	ALBRECHT	88C ARG	$pK^-\pi^+$ , $p\bar{K}^0$ , $\Lambda 3\pi$
2286.2 ± 1.7 ± 0.7	97	ANJOS	88B E691	$pK^-\pi^+$
2281 ± 3	2	JONES	87 HBC	$pK^-\pi^+$
2283 ± 3	3	BOSETTI	82 HBC	$pK^-\pi^+$
2290 ± 3	1	CALICCHIO	80 HYBR	$pK^-\pi^+$

<sup>1</sup>AUBERT,B 05S uses low-Q  $\Lambda_c^+ K_S^0 K^+$  and  $\Sigma_c^0 K_S^0 K^+$  decays to minimize systematic errors. The error above includes systematic as well as statistical errors. Many cross checks and adjustments to properties of the BABAR detector, as well as the large number of clean events, make this by far the best measurement of the  $\Lambda_c^+$  mass.

## $\Lambda_c^+$ MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error  $\geq 100 \times 10^{-15}$  s or with fewer than 20 events have been omitted from the Listings.

VALUE ( $10^{-15}$ s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>202.6 ± 1.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
203.20 ± 0.89 ± 0.77	107k	ABUDINEN	23A BEL2	$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ , $e^+e^-$ near $\Upsilon(4S)$

202.1 ± 1.7 ± 0.9	304k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	19AG LHCb	$\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
204.6 ± 3.4 ± 2.5	8034	LINK	02C FOCS	$\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
198.1 ± 7.0 ± 5.6	1630	KUSHNIR...	01 SELX	$\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
179.6 ± 6.9 ± 4.4	4749	MAHMOOD	01 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
215 ± 16 ± 8	1340	FRABETTI	93D E687	$\gamma\text{Be}, \Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
180 ± 30 ± 30	29	ALVAREZ	90 NA14	$\gamma, \Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
200 ± 30 ± 30	90	FRABETTI	90 E687	$\gamma\text{Be}, \Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$
196 <sup>+23</sup> <sub>-20</sub>	101	BARLAG	89 NA32	$pK^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.}$
220 ± 30 ± 20	97	ANJOS	88B E691	$pK^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.}$

<sup>1</sup>AAIJ 19AG reports  $[\Lambda_C^+ \text{ MEAN LIFE}] / [D^\pm \text{ MEAN LIFE}] = 0.1956 \pm 0.0010 \pm 0.0013$  which we multiply by our best value  $D^\pm \text{ MEAN LIFE} = (1.033 \pm 0.005) \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

## $\Lambda_C^+$ DECAY MODES

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [a], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the sub-mode fraction  $\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow p\bar{K}^*(892)^0$  seen in  $\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  has been multiplied up to include  $\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^0$  decays.

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
<b>Hadronic modes with a <math>p</math> or <math>n</math>: <math>S = -1</math> final states</b>		
$\Gamma_1$ $pK_S^0$	( 1.61 ± 0.07 ) %	S=1.1
$\Gamma_2$ $pK_L^0$	( 1.67 ± 0.07 ) %	
$\Gamma_3$ $pK^- \pi^+$	( 6.35 ± 0.25 ) %	S=1.3
$\Gamma_4$ $p\bar{K}_0^*(700)^0$	( 1.9 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_5$ $p\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[a] ( 1.41 ± 0.07 ) %	
$\Gamma_6$ $p\bar{K}_0^*(1430)$	( 9.3 ± 1.8 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_7$ $\Delta(1232)^{++} K^-$	( 1.79 ± 0.09 ) %	
$\Gamma_8$ $\Delta(1600)^{++} K^-$	( 2.9 ± 1.0 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_9$ $\Delta(1700)^{++} K^-$	( 2.5 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{10}$ $\Lambda(1405)^0 \pi^+$	( 4.9 ± 1.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{11}$ $\Lambda(1520) \pi^+$	[a] ( 1.18 ± 0.16 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{12}$ $\Lambda(1600) \pi^+$	( 3.3 ± 1.2 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{13}$ $\Lambda(1670) \pi^+$	( 7.5 ± 2.1 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{14}$ $\Lambda(1690) \pi^+$	( 7.6 ± 2.3 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{15}$ $\Lambda(2000) \pi^+$	( 6.1 ± 0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{16}$ $pK^- \pi^+$ nonresonant	( 3.5 ± 0.4 ) %	
$\Gamma_{17}$ $pK_S^0 \pi^0$	( 1.99 ± 0.12 ) %	
$\Gamma_{18}$ $pK_L^0 \pi^0$	( 2.02 ± 0.14 ) %	
$\Gamma_{19}$ $nK_S^0 \pi^+$	( 1.86 ± 0.09 ) %	

$\Gamma_{20}$	$nK_S^0 K^+$	$( 3.9 \pm_{-1.4}^{+1.7} ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{21}$	$nK_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$( 8.5 \pm 1.3 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{22}$	$nK^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	$( 1.90 \pm 0.12 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{23}$	$p\bar{K}^0 \eta$	$( 8.9 \pm 0.6 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{24}$	$pK_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 1.62 \pm 0.11 ) \%$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{25}$	$pK_L^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 1.69 \pm 0.11 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{26}$	$pK^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	$( 4.52 \pm 0.28 ) \%$	S=1.5
$\Gamma_{27}$	$pK^*(892)^- \pi^+$	[a] $( 1.4 \pm 0.5 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{28}$	$p(K^- \pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}} \pi^0$	$( 4.6 \pm 0.8 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{29}$	$\Delta(1232) \bar{K}^*(892)$	seen	
$\Gamma_{30}$	$pK^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 1.4 \pm 1.0 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{31}$	$pK^- \pi^+ 2\pi^0$	$( 1.0 \pm 0.5 ) \%$	

### Hadronic modes with a $p$ or $n$ : $S = 0$ final states

$\Gamma_{32}$	$p\pi^0$	$( 1.6 \pm_{-0.6}^{+0.7} ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{33}$	$n\pi^+$	$( 6.6 \pm 1.3 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{34}$	$p\eta$	$( 1.49 \pm 0.08 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{35}$	$p\eta'$	$( 4.9 \pm 0.9 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{36}$	$p\omega(782)^0$	$( 8.9 \pm 1.1 ) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2
$\Gamma_{37}$	$p\pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 4.67 \pm 0.24 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{38}$	$pf_0(980)$	[a] $( 3.5 \pm 2.3 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{39}$	$p\rho(770)^0$	$( 1.5 \pm 0.4 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{40}$	$n\pi^+ \pi^0$	$( 6.4 \pm 0.9 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{41}$	$nK^+ \pi^0$	$< 7.1 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{42}$	$n\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	$( 4.5 \pm 0.8 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{43}$	$p2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	$( 2.3 \pm 1.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{44}$	$pK^+ K^-$	$( 1.08 \pm 0.05 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{45}$	$p\phi$	[a] $( 1.05 \pm 0.14 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{46}$	$pK^+ K^- \text{ non-}\phi$	$( 5.3 \pm 1.2 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{47}$	$pK_S^0 K_S^0$	$( 2.38 \pm 0.18 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{48}$	$p\phi\pi^0$	$( 10 \pm 4 ) \times 10^{-5}$	
$\Gamma_{49}$	$pK^+ K^- \pi^0 \text{ nonresonant}$	$< 6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%

### Hadronic modes with a hyperon: $S = -1$ final states

$\Gamma_{50}$	$\Lambda\pi^+$	$( 1.31 \pm 0.05 ) \%$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{51}$	$\Lambda(1670)\pi^+, \Lambda(1670) \rightarrow \eta\Lambda$	$( 3.5 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{52}$	$\Lambda\pi^+ \pi^0$	$( 7.10 \pm 0.34 ) \%$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{53}$	$\Lambda\rho^+$	$( 4.1 \pm 0.5 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{54}$	$\Sigma(1385)^+ \pi^0, \Sigma^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	$( 5.1 \pm 0.7 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{55}$	$\Sigma(1385)^0 \pi^+, \Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$	$( 5.6 \pm 0.8 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{56}$	$\Lambda\pi^- 2\pi^+$	$( 3.67 \pm 0.26 ) \%$	S=1.4
$\Gamma_{57}$	$\Sigma(1385)^+ \pi^+ \pi^-, \Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	$( 1.0 \pm 0.5 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{58}$	$\Sigma(1385)^- 2\pi^+, \Sigma^{*-} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$	$( 7.7 \pm 1.4 ) \times 10^{-3}$	

Γ <sub>59</sub>	$\Lambda\pi^+\rho^0$	( 1.5 ± 0.6 ) %	
Γ <sub>60</sub>	$\Sigma(1385)^+\rho^0, \Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	( 5 ± 4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>61</sub>	$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$ nonresonant	< 1.1 %	CL=90%
Γ <sub>62</sub>	$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+$ total	( 2.3 ± 0.8 ) %	
Γ <sub>63</sub>	$\Lambda\pi^+\eta$	[a] ( 1.87 ± 0.11 ) %	S=1.1
Γ <sub>64</sub>	$\Sigma(1385)^+\eta$	[a] ( 9.1 ± 2.0 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>65</sub>	$\Lambda\pi^+\omega$	[a] ( 1.5 ± 0.5 ) %	
Γ <sub>66</sub>	$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+$ , no $\eta$ or $\omega$	< 8 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%
Γ <sub>67</sub>	$\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0$	( 5.7 ± 1.1 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=2.0
Γ <sub>68</sub>	$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{K}^0$	( 1.6 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>69</sub>	$\Sigma^0\pi^+$	( 1.29 ± 0.05 ) %	
Γ <sub>70</sub>	$\Sigma^0\pi^+\eta$	( 7.6 ± 0.8 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>71</sub>	$\Sigma^+\pi^0$	( 1.26 ± 0.10 ) %	S=1.1
Γ <sub>72</sub>	$\Sigma^+\eta$	( 3.2 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>73</sub>	$\Sigma^+\eta'$	( 4.2 ± 0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>74</sub>	$\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-$	( 4.54 ± 0.20 ) %	S=1.2
Γ <sub>75</sub>	$\Sigma^+\rho^0$	< 1.7 %	CL=95%
Γ <sub>76</sub>	$\Sigma^-2\pi^+$	( 1.87 ± 0.18 ) %	
Γ <sub>77</sub>	$\Sigma^0\pi^+\pi^0$	( 3.6 ± 0.4 ) %	
Γ <sub>78</sub>	$\Sigma^+\pi^0\pi^0$	( 1.57 ± 0.14 ) %	
Γ <sub>79</sub>	$\Sigma^0\pi^-2\pi^+$	( 1.12 ± 0.31 ) %	
Γ <sub>80</sub>	$\Sigma^+\omega$	( 1.72 ± 0.20 ) %	
Γ <sub>81</sub>	$\Sigma^-\pi^02\pi^+$	( 2.1 ± 0.4 ) %	
Γ <sub>82</sub>	$\Sigma^+K^+K^-$	( 3.6 ± 0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=1.1
Γ <sub>83</sub>	$\Sigma^+K^+K^-$ (non- $\phi$ )		
Γ <sub>84</sub>	$\Sigma^+\phi$	[a] ( 4.0 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=1.1
Γ <sub>85</sub>	$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Sigma^+K^-$	( 1.03 ± 0.25 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>86</sub>	$\Sigma^+K^+K^-$ nonresonant	< 8 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
Γ <sub>87</sub>	$\Xi^0 K^+$	( 5.5 ± 0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>88</sub>	$\Xi^- K^+\pi^+$	( 6.3 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=1.1
Γ <sub>89</sub>	$\Xi^0 K^+\pi^0$	( 7.8 ± 1.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>90</sub>	$\Xi(1530)^0 K^+$	( 4.9 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=1.1

#### Hadronic modes with a hyperon: **S = 0** final states

Γ <sub>91</sub>	$\Lambda K^+$	( 6.48 ± 0.31 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
Γ <sub>92</sub>	$\Lambda K^+\pi^0$	( 1.48 ± 0.29 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>93</sub>	$\Lambda K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	( 4.2 ± 1.6 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
Γ <sub>94</sub>	$\Sigma^0 K^+$	( 3.73 ± 0.31 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
Γ <sub>95</sub>	$\Sigma^+ K_S^0$	( 4.8 ± 1.4 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
Γ <sub>96</sub>	$\Sigma^0 K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	< 2.6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
Γ <sub>97</sub>	$\Sigma^0 K^+\pi^0$	< 1.8 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%
Γ <sub>98</sub>	$\Sigma^+ K^+\pi^-$	( 2.04 ± 0.26 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>99</sub>	$\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^0$	[a] ( 3.5 ± 1.0 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Γ <sub>100</sub>	$\Sigma^+ K^+\pi^-\pi^0$	< 1.1 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%

$$\Gamma_{101} \quad \Sigma^- K^+ \pi^+ \quad ( 3.8 \pm 1.2 ) \times 10^{-4}$$

### Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$$\Gamma_{102} \quad \rho K^+ \pi^- \quad ( 1.13 \pm 0.17 ) \times 10^{-4}$$

### Semileptonic modes

$\Gamma_{103}$	$\Lambda e^+ \nu_e$		$( 3.56 \pm 0.13 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{104}$	$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$		$< 3.9$	$\times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%
$\Gamma_{105}$	$\rho K^- e^+ \nu_e$		$( 8.8 \pm 1.8 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{106}$	$\rho K_S^0 \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$		$< 3.3$	$\times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%
$\Gamma_{107}$	$\Lambda(1520) e^+ \nu_e$		$( 1.0 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{108}$	$\Lambda(1405)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \Lambda^0 \rightarrow \rho K^-$		$( 4.2 \pm 1.9 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{109}$	$\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu$		$( 3.48 \pm 0.17 ) \%$	

### Inclusive modes

$\Gamma_{110}$	$e^+$ anything		$( 4.06 \pm 0.13 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{111}$	$p$ anything		$( 50 \pm 16 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{112}$	$n$ anything		$( 32.6 \pm 1.6 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{113}$	$\Lambda$ anything		$( 38.2 \pm 2.9 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{114}$	$K_S^0$ anything		$( 9.9 \pm 0.7 ) \%$	
$\Gamma_{115}$	3prongs		$( 24 \pm 8 ) \%$	

### $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (*C1*) modes, or Lepton Family number (*LF*), or Lepton number (*L*), or Baryon number (*B*) violating modes

$\Gamma_{116}$	$p e^+ e^-$	<i>C1</i>	$< 5.5$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{117}$	$p \mu^+ \mu^-$ non-resonant	<i>C1</i>	$< 2.9$	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{118}$	$p e^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 9.9$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{119}$	$p e^- \mu^+$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.9$	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{120}$	$\bar{p} 2e^+$	<i>L,B</i>	$< 2.7$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{121}$	$\bar{p} 2\mu^+$	<i>L,B</i>	$< 9.4$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{122}$	$\bar{p} e^+ \mu^+$	<i>L,B</i>	$< 1.6$	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{123}$	$\Sigma^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	<i>L</i>	$< 7.0$	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

### Radiative modes

$$\Gamma_{124} \quad \Sigma^+ \gamma \quad < 2.5 \quad \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{CL=90\%}$$

### Exotic modes

$$\Gamma_{125} \quad p \gamma_D \quad [b] < 8.0 \quad \times 10^{-5} \quad \text{CL=90\%}$$

[a] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.

[b] Here  $\gamma_D$  stands for a dark photon.

### FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 55 branching ratios uses 85 measurements to determine 26 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 58.8$  for 59 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \delta x_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ .

x3	41										
x17	36	42									
x23	65	27	23								
x24	32	52	26	21							
x26	38	46	27	25	51						
x34	18	43	18	12	23	20					
x35	7	18	7	5	9	8	8				
x36	11	27	12	7	14	13	12	5			
x45	12	30	13	8	16	14	13	5	20		
x50	41	44	27	27	25	28	19	8	12	13	
x52	36	38	26	23	23	25	16	7	10	12	
x56	37	25	17	24	33	52	11	4	7	8	
x63	24	59	25	16	31	28	26	11	16	18	
x67	9	13	7	6	7	7	5	2	3	4	
x69	37	30	21	24	20	27	13	5	8	9	
x71	29	24	20	19	13	17	11	4	7	7	
x74	38	80	36	25	48	49	35	14	22	24	
x76	3	7	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	2	
x79	8	10	5	5	8	11	4	2	3	3	
x80	12	23	11	8	16	20	10	4	6	7	
x82	17	36	17	11	22	22	16	6	10	11	
x84	14	29	13	9	17	18	12	5	8	9	
x87	5	11	5	3	6	5	5	2	3	3	
x88	18	23	13	12	13	13	10	4	6	7	
x90	1	4	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	
	x1	x3	x17	x23	x24	x26	x34	x35	x36	x45	

x52	48									
x56	36	32								
x63	26	23	15							
x67	18	9	7	8						
x69	58	41	35	18	10					
x71	20	23	13	14	4	16				
x74	37	34	29	48	10	27	22			
x76	3	2	2	4	1	2	2	5		
x79	8	7	17	6	2	7	3	9	1	
x80	10	10	13	14	3	8	8	22	1	3
x82	17	15	13	22	5	12	10	45	2	4
x84	13	12	10	17	4	9	8	36	2	3
x87	5	4	3	7	1	3	3	9	1	1
x88	39	20	15	13	7	23	9	19	1	4
x90	2	1	1	2	0	1	1	3	0	0
	x50	x52	x56	x63	x67	x69	x71	x74	x76	x79

x82	10				
x84	8	16			
x87	3	4	3		
x88	5	9	7	3	
x90	1	1	1	0	1
	x80	x82	x84	x87	x88

### $\Lambda_c^+$ BRANCHING RATIOS

A few really obsolete results have been omitted.

#### Hadronic modes with a $p$ : $S = -1$ final states

$\Gamma(pK_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.61 ± 0.07 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>1.52 ± 0.08 ± 0.03</b>	1243	ABLIKIM	16	BES3 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

$\Gamma(pK_L^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.67 ± 0.06 ± 0.04</b>	1.6k	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	24CQ BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

<sup>1</sup> Comparing with the PDG 22 value  $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0) = (1.59 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-2}$ , ABLIKIM 24CQ notes the  $K_S^0 - K_L^0$  splitting to be  $-0.025 \pm 0.031$  in these modes.

$\Gamma(\rho K_S^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_1/\Gamma_3$

Measurements given as a  $\bar{K}^0$  ratio have been divided by 2 to convert to a  $K_S^0$  ratio.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.254 ± 0.011 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.3.
<b>0.234 ± 0.020 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.23 ± 0.01 ± 0.02	1025	ALAM	98 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.22 ± 0.04 ± 0.03	133	AVERY	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV
0.28 ± 0.09 ± 0.07	45	ANJOS	90 E691	$\gamma$ Be 70–260 GeV
0.31 ± 0.08 ± 0.02	73	ALBRECHT	88C ARG	$e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>6.35 ± 0.25 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.3.
<b>6.3 ± 0.5 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.0.
5.84 ± 0.27 ± 0.23	6.3k	ABLIKIM	16 BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV
6.84 ± 0.24 $^{+0.21}_{-0.27}$	1.4k	<sup>1</sup> ZUPANC	14 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \bar{p} \pi^+$ recoil
• • •				We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
5.0 ± 1.3		<sup>2</sup> PDG	02	See footnote

<sup>1</sup>This ZUPANC 14 value is the FIRST-EVER model-independent measurement of a  $\Lambda_c^+$  branching fraction.

<sup>2</sup>See the note by P. Burchat, " $\Lambda_c^+$  Branching Fractions," in any edition of the Review from 2002 through 2014 for how this value was obtained. It is now obsolete.

$\Gamma(\rho \bar{K}_0^*(700)^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_4/\Gamma_3$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3.02 ± 0.16 ± 0.18 ± 0.92</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCB	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup>AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

$\Gamma(\rho \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_5/\Gamma_3$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$  are included.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>22.3 ± 0.7 OUR AVERAGE</b>				

22.14 ± 0.23 ± 0.04 ± 0.64		<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCB	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV
29 ± 4 ± 3		<sup>2</sup> AITALA	00 E791	$\pi^- N$ , 500 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

35 $^{+6}_{-7}$ ± 3	39	BOZEK	93 NA32	$\pi^-$ Cu 230 GeV
35 ± 11		BARLAG	90D NA32	See BOZEK 93
42 ± 24	12	BASILE	81B CNTR	$pp \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ e^- X$

<sup>1</sup>AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

<sup>2</sup>AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of  $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+$  decays.

$\Gamma(\rho \bar{K}_0^*(1430))/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_6/\Gamma_3$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>14.7 ± 0.6 ± 0.1 ± 2.7</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCB	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

### $\Gamma(\Delta(1232)^{++} K^-)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**28.2 ± 0.8 OUR AVERAGE**

28.60 ± 0.29 ± 0.16 ± 0.76		<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB	1.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> , $pp$ at 13 TeV
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18 ± 3 ± 3		<sup>2</sup> AITALA	00	E791	π <sup>-</sup> N, 500 GeV
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

12 $\begin{matrix} + 4 \\ - 5 \end{matrix}$ ± 5	14	BOZEK	93	NA32	π <sup>-</sup> Cu 230 GeV
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40 ± 17	17	BASILE	81B	CNTR	$pp \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ e^- X$
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<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

<sup>2</sup> AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of  $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays.

### $\Gamma(\Delta(1600)^{++} K^-)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_8/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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<b>4.5 ± 0.3 ± 0.1 ± 1.5</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB 1.7fb <sup>-1</sup> , $pp$ at 13 TeV
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<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

### $\Gamma(\Delta(1700)^{++} K^-)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_9/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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<b>3.90 ± 0.20 ± 0.07 ± 0.94</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB 1.7fb <sup>-1</sup> , $pp$ at 13 TeV
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<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

### $\Gamma(\Lambda(1405)^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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<b>7.7 ± 0.2 ± 0.2 ± 3.0</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB 1.7fb <sup>-1</sup> , $pp$ at 13 TeV
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<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

### $\Gamma(\Lambda(1520) \pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma_3$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\Lambda(1520)$  are included.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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<b>1.86 ± 0.09 ± 0.03 ± 0.23</b>		<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB	1.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> , $pp$ at 13 TeV
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

34 ± 8 ± 5		<sup>2</sup> AITALA	00	E791	π <sup>-</sup> N, 500 GeV
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40 $\begin{matrix} + 18 \\ - 13 \end{matrix}$ ± 9	12	BOZEK	93	NA32	π <sup>-</sup> Cu 230 GeV
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<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

<sup>2</sup> AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of  $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays.

$\Gamma(\Lambda(1600)\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>5.2 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 1.9</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB $1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV
<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.			

$\Gamma(\Lambda(1670)\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>1.18 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.32</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB $1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV
<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.			

$\Gamma(\Lambda(1690)\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>1.19 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.34</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB $1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV
<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.			

$\Gamma(\Lambda(2000)\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>9.58 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.93</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB $1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV
<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.			

$\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+ \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma_3$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.55 \pm 0.06</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$0.55 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04$		<sup>1</sup> AITALA	00	E791 $\pi^- N$ , 500 GeV
$0.56^{+0.07}_{-0.09} \pm 0.05$	71	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^- \text{Cu}$ 230 GeV
<sup>1</sup> AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays.				

$\Gamma(pK_S^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>1.99 \pm 0.12</math> OUR FIT</b>				
<b><math>1.87 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.05</math></b>	558	ABLIKIM	16	BES3 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

$\Gamma(pK_L^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>2.02 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.05</math></b>	650	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	24CQ BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV
<sup>1</sup> Comparing with the PDG 22 value $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0\pi^0) = (1.96 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-2}$ , ABLIKIM 24CQ notes the $K_S^0 - K_L^0$ splitting to be $0.015 \pm 0.046$ in these modes.				

$\Gamma(pK_S^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma_3$

Measurements given as a  $\bar{K}^0$  ratio have been divided by 2 to convert to a  $K_S^0$  ratio.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.313 \pm 0.017</math> OUR FIT</b>				
<b><math>0.33 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04</math></b>	774	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(nK_S^0\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.86±0.08±0.04</b>	556	ABLIKIM	24BA BES3	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.82±0.23±0.11	83	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	17H BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.6 GeV
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<sup>1</sup>Superseded by ABLIKIM 24BA.

 $\Gamma(nK_S^0K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-4</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3.9<sup>+1.7</sup><sub>-1.4</sub>±0.3</b>	9	ABLIKIM	24BA BES3	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

 $\Gamma(nK_S^0\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.85±0.13±0.03</b>	98	ABLIKIM	24AX BES3	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

 $\Gamma(nK^-\pi^+\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.90±0.08±0.09</b>	810	ABLIKIM	23A BES	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.89 ±0.06 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>0.828±0.168±0.056</b>	42	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	21H BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 21H measures  $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0\eta) = (0.414 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.028)\%$ .

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\eta)/\Gamma(pK_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma_1$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.551±0.029 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.546±0.012±0.026</b>	12.6k	<sup>1</sup> LI	23B BELL	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → $\gamma(nS)$

<sup>1</sup> LI 23B measures  $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0\eta)/B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0) = 0.273 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.013$ .

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.140±0.009 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>0.25 ±0.04 ±0.04</b>	57	AMMAR	95 CLE2	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(pK_S^0\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.62±0.11 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>1.53±0.11±0.09</b>	485	ABLIKIM	16 BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → $\Lambda_c\bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

 $\Gamma(pK_L^0\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.69±0.10±0.05</b>	650	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	24CQ BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

<sup>1</sup> Comparing with the PDG 22 value  $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) = (1.60 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-2}$ , ABLIKIM 24CQ notes the  $K_S^0 - K_L^0$  splitting to be  $-0.027 \pm 0.048$  in these modes.

$\Gamma(p K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{24} / \Gamma_3$   
 Measurements given as a  $\bar{K}^0$  ratio have been divided by 2 to convert to a  $K_S^0$  ratio.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.256 ± 0.014 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>0.257 ± 0.031 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.26 ± 0.02 ± 0.03	985	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.22 ± 0.06 ± 0.02	83	AVERY	91	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV
0.49 ± 0.18 ± 0.04	12	BARLAG	90D	NA32 $\pi^-$ 230 GeV

$\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+ \pi^0) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{26} / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.52 ± 0.28 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.5.
<b>4.53 ± 0.23 ± 0.30</b>	1849	ABLIKIM	16	BES3 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

$\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+ \pi^0) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{26} / \Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.71 ± 0.04 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.3.
<b>0.685 ± 0.019 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.685 ± 0.007 ± 0.018	242k	PAL	17	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
0.67 ± 0.04 ± 0.11	2.6k	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(p K^*(892)^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(p K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{27} / \Gamma_{24}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $K^*(892)^-$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.88 ± 0.28</b>	17	ALEEV	94	BIS2 $nN$ 20–70 GeV

$\Gamma(p (K^- \pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}} \pi^0) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{28} / \Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.73 ± 0.12 ± 0.05</b>	67	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^-$ Cu 230 GeV

$\Gamma(\Delta(1232) \bar{K}^*(892)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{29} / \Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>seen</b>	35	AMENDOLIA	87	SPEC $\gamma$ Ge-Si

$\Gamma(p K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{30} / \Gamma_3$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.022 ± 0.015</b>	BARLAG	90D	NA32 $\pi^-$ 230 GeV

$\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+ 2\pi^0) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{31} / \Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.16 ± 0.07 ± 0.03</b>	15	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^-$ Cu 230 GeV

————— Hadronic modes with a  $p$  and  $n$ :  $S = 0$  final states —————

$\Gamma(p \pi^0) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{32} / \Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.56<sup>+0.72</sup><sub>-0.58</sub> ± 0.20</b>		9	ABLIKIM	24BB	BES3 $6.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.843 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<2.7                      90                      ABLIKIM                      17Q BES3                       $e^+e^-$  at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho\pi^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;1.273 × 10<sup>-3</sup></b>	90	7.7k	<sup>1</sup> LI	21	BELL $e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(nS)$

<sup>1</sup> Uses  $B(\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.9882 \pm 0.0003$ .

$\Gamma(n\pi^+)/\Gamma_{total}$   $\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-4</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>6.6 ± 1.2 ± 0.4</b>	50	ABLIKIM	22S BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.612–4.699 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho\eta)/\Gamma_{total}$   $\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.49 ± 0.08 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			

<b>1.57 ± 0.11 ± 0.04</b>	507	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	23CB BES3	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , $e^+e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV, $\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma, \pi^+\pi^0\pi^-$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.63 ± 0.31 ± 0.11	35	ABLIKIM	24BB BES3	6.0 fb <sup>-1</sup> , $e^+e^-$ at 4.600–4.843 GeV, $\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma$
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1.24 ± 0.28 ± 0.10	52	ABLIKIM	17Q BES3	$\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma, \pi^+\pi^0\pi^-$
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<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 23CB report a significance of 10 $\sigma$ .

$\Gamma(\rho\eta)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.34 ± 0.12 OUR FIT</b>				

<b>2.258 ± 0.077 ± 0.122</b>	7.7k	<sup>1</sup> LI	21	BELL $e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(nS)$
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<sup>1</sup> Uses  $B(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.3941 \pm 0.0020$ .

$\Gamma(\rho\eta)/\Gamma(\rho\phi)$   $\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma_{45}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.41 ± 0.18 OUR FIT</b>			

<b>1.6 ± 0.7 ± 0.2</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	24AI LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV
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<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 24AI reports  $[\Gamma(\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow \rho\eta)/\Gamma(\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow \rho\phi)] \times [B(\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] / [B(\phi(1020) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = 0.032 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.004$  which we multiply or divide by our best values  $B(\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (5.8 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-6}$ ,  $B(\phi(1020) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.86 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

$\Gamma(\rho\eta')/\Gamma_{total}$   $\Gamma_{35}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-4</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.9 ± 0.9 OUR FIT</b>				

<b>5.62<sup>+2.46</sup><sub>-2.04</sub> ± 0.26</b>	9	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22AN BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV
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<sup>1</sup> Observed with 3.6  $\sigma$  statistical significance with 4.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $e^+e^-$  collisions between 4.600 and 4.699 GeV. The  $\eta'$  is reconstructed in the two decay modes  $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\eta$  and  $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ , with signal yields  $4.9^{+3.2}_{-2.6}$  and  $4.3^{+2.6}_{-2.2}$  events, respectively.

$\Gamma(\rho\eta')/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{35}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.8 ± 1.4 OUR FIT</b>			
<b>7.54 ± 1.32 ± 0.73</b>	LI	22B BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(nS)$

 $\Gamma(\rho\omega(782)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{36}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>8.9 ± 1.1 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
<b>11.1 ± 2.0 ± 0.7</b>	234	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	23CB BES3	$\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
9.4 ± 3.2 ± 2.2	13	AAIJ	18N LHCb	Seen in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \mu^+ \mu^-$
<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 23CB report a significance of $5.7\sigma$ .				

 $\Gamma(\rho\omega(782)^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{36}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.41 ± 0.16 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
<b>1.32 ± 0.12 ± 0.10</b>	1.8k	<sup>1</sup> LI	21E BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(nS)$
<sup>1</sup> LI 21E reconstructs the $\omega(782)$ via $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ and $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ .				

 $\Gamma(\rho\omega(782)^0)/\Gamma(\rho\phi)$   $\Gamma_{36}/\Gamma_{45}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.85 ± 0.13 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
<b>0.93 ± 0.14 ± 0.24</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	24AI LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV
<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 24AI reports $[\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho\omega(782)^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho\phi)] \times [B(\omega(782) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] / [B(\phi(1020) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] = 0.240 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.018$ which we multiply or divide by our best values $B(\omega(782) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (7.4 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-5}$ , $B(\phi(1020) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.86 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.			

 $\Gamma(\rho\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{37}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.35 ± 0.24 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.3.			
7.44 ± 0.08 ± 0.18	20k	AAIJ	18V LHCb	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \mu^- X$
6.70 ± 0.48 ± 0.25	495	ABLIKIM	16U BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.599 GeV
6.9 ± 3.6	5	BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV

 $\Gamma(\rho f_0(980))/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{38}/\Gamma_3$ Unseen decay modes of the  $f_0(980)$  are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.055 ± 0.036</b>	BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV

 $\Gamma(\rho\rho(770)^0)/\Gamma(\rho\phi)$   $\Gamma_{39}/\Gamma_{45}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.44 ± 0.35 ± 0.14</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	24AI LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 24AI reports  $[\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho\rho(770)^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho\phi)] \times [B(\rho(770) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] / [B(\phi(1020) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] = 0.229 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.022$  which we multiply or divide by our best values  $B(\rho(770) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (4.55 \pm 0.28) \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $B(\phi(1020) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.86 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

$\Gamma(n\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{40}/\Gamma$
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>0.64±0.09±0.02</b>	150	ABLIKIM	23A BES	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV	

$\Gamma(nK^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{41}/\Gamma$
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>&lt;7.1 × 10<sup>-4</sup></b>	90	ABLIKIM	24AW BES3	6.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> at e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> , 4.60–4.84 GeV	

$\Gamma(n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{42}/\Gamma$
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>0.45±0.07±0.03</b>	120	ABLIKIM	23A BES	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV	

$\Gamma(p2\pi^+2\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{43}/\Gamma_3$
VALUE		DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>0.036±0.023</b>		BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV	

$\Gamma(pK^+K^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{44}/\Gamma_3$
VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>1.70±0.04 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
1.70±0.03±0.03	3.4k	AAIJ	18V LHCb	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \mu^- X$	
1.4 ±0.2 ±0.2	676	ABE	02C BELL	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$	
3.9 ±0.9 ±0.7	214	ALEXANDER	96C CLE2	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$	
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
9.6 ±2.9 ±1.0	30	FRABETTI	93H E687	$\gamma$ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma$ 220 GeV	
4.8 ±2.7		BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV	

$\Gamma(p\phi)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{45}/\Gamma_3$
Unseen decay modes of the $\phi$ are included.					
VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>1.66±0.20 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>1.70±0.21 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
1.81±0.33±0.13	44	ABLIKIM	16U BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.599 GeV	
1.5 ±0.2 ±0.2	345	ABE	02C BELL	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$	
2.4 ±0.6 ±0.3	54	ALEXANDER	96C CLE2	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$	
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
4.0 ±2.7		BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV	

$\Gamma(pK^+K^-\text{non-}\phi)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{46}/\Gamma_3$
VALUE (units 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>8.4 ±1.8 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
9.36±2.22±0.71	38	ABLIKIM	16U BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.599 GeV	
7 ±2 ±2	344	ABE	02C BELL	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$	

$\Gamma(pK_S^0K_S^0)/\Gamma(pK_S^0)$					$\Gamma_{47}/\Gamma_1$
VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>1.48±0.08±0.04</b>	2.4k	LI	23B BELL	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → $\Upsilon(nS)$	

$\Gamma(\rho\phi\pi^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{48}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )		DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.538 \pm 0.641^{+0.077}_{-0.100}$		PAL	17	BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$

$\Gamma(\rho K^+ K^- \pi^0 \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{49}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	PAL	17	BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$

————— Hadronic modes with a hyperon:  $S = -1$  final states —————

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{50}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.31 ± 0.05 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
<b>1.27 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
1.31 ± 0.08 ± 0.05	376	ABLIKIM	22S	BES3 $e^+e^-$ at 4.612–4.699 GeV
1.24 ± 0.07 ± 0.03	706	ABLIKIM	16	BES3 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{50}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.206 ± 0.008 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
<b>0.204 ± 0.019 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.217 ± 0.013 ± 0.020	750	LINK	05F	FOCS $\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.18 ± 0.03 ± 0.04		ALBRECHT	92	ARG $e^+e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV
0.18 ± 0.03 ± 0.03	87	AVERY	91	CLEO $e^+e^-$ 10.5 GeV

$\Gamma(\Lambda(1670)\pi^+, \Lambda(1670) \rightarrow \eta\Lambda)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{51}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>5.54 ± 0.29 ± 0.73</b>	9.7k	LEE	21A	BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(nS)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{52}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.10 ± 0.34 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
<b>7.01 ± 0.37 ± 0.19</b>	1497	ABLIKIM	16	BES3 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{52}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.12 ± 0.05 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
<b>0.73 ± 0.09 ± 0.16</b>	464	AVERY	94	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(3S), \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda\rho^+)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<0.95	95	AVERY	94	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(3S), \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda\rho^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0)$   $\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma_{52}$

These results are fit fraction from an amplitude / partial wave analysis.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>57.2 ± 4.2 ± 4.9</b>	8.9k	ABLIKIM	22BA	BES3 $e^+e^-$ at 4.6–4.7 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^0, \Sigma^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0)$   $\Gamma_{54}/\Gamma_{52}$ 

These results are fit fraction from an amplitude / partial wave analysis.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.18±0.60±0.64</b>	8.9k	ABLIKIM	22BA BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6–4.7 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^0\pi^+, \Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0)$   $\Gamma_{55}/\Gamma_{52}$ 

These results are fit fraction from an amplitude / partial wave analysis.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.92±0.72±0.80</b>	8.9k	ABLIKIM	22BA BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6–4.7 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{56}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3.67±0.26 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.4.			
<b>3.81±0.24±0.18</b>	609	ABLIKIM	16 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c\bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma(\rho K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{56}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.58 ±0.04 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.7.			
<b>0.522±0.032 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.508±0.024±0.024	1356	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.65 ±0.11 ±0.12	289	AVERY	91 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ 10.5 GeV
0.82 ±0.29 ±0.27	44	ANJOS	90 E691	$\gamma$ Be 70–260 GeV
0.94 ±0.41 ±0.13	10	BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV
0.61 ±0.16 ±0.04	105	ALBRECHT	88C ARG	$e^+e^-$ 10 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^+\pi^-, \Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{57}/\Gamma_{56}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.28±0.10±0.08</b>	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^-2\pi^+, \Sigma^{*-} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{58}/\Gamma_{56}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.21±0.03±0.02</b>	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{59}/\Gamma_{56}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.40±0.12±0.12</b>	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^+\rho^0, \Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{60}/\Gamma_{56}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.14±0.09±0.07</b>	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+ \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{61}/\Gamma_{56}$ 

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.3</b>	90	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+ \text{ total})/\Gamma(\rho K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{62}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.36±0.09±0.09</b>	50	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..03	CLE3	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HENNESSY 03 finds this channel to be dominantly  $\Lambda\eta\pi^+$  and  $\Lambda\omega\pi^+$ ; see below.

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{63}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.87±0.11 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>1.84±0.21±0.15</b>	154	ABLIKIM	19Y BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{63}/\Gamma_3$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.295±0.014 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.295±0.014 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.293±0.003±0.014	51k	LEE	21A BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(nS)$
0.41 ±0.17 ±0.10	11	CRONIN-HEN..03	CLE3	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.35 ±0.05 ±0.06	116	AMMAR	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^+\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{64}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.91±0.18±0.09</b>	54	ABLIKIM	19Y BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^+\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{64}/\Gamma_3$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\Sigma(1385)^+$  and  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.190±0.016 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.192±0.006±0.016	29k	LEE	21A BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(nS)$
0.17 ±0.04 ±0.03	54	AMMAR	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\omega)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{65}/\Gamma_3$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.24±0.06±0.06</b>	32	CRONIN-HEN..03	CLE3	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-\pi^0 2\pi^+, \text{ no } \eta \text{ or } \omega)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{66}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.13</b>	90	CRONIN-HEN..03	CLE3	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{67}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.090±0.017 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.0.
<b>0.131±0.020 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.142±0.018±0.022	251	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.12 ±0.02 ±0.02	59	AMMAR	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{67}/\Gamma_{50}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.44 ±0.08 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.1.
<b>0.395±0.026±0.036</b>	460 ± 30	AUBERT	07U BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0)$   $\Gamma_{68}/\Gamma_{67}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.28±0.07 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.32±0.10±0.04	84 ± 24	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.26±0.08±0.03	93	ABE	02C BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{69}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.29±0.05 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>1.25±0.07 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
1.22±0.08±0.07	343	ABLIKIM	22S BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.612–4.699 GeV
1.27±0.08±0.03	522	ABLIKIM	16 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{69}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.202±0.009 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
<b>0.20 ±0.04 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.21 ±0.02 ±0.04	196	AVERY	94 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(3S), \Upsilon(4S)$
0.17 ±0.06 ±0.04		ALBRECHT	92 ARG	$e^+e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{69}/\Gamma_{50}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.98 ±0.04 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.98 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.977±0.015±0.051	33k	AUBERT	07U BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
1.09 ±0.11 ±0.19	750	LINK	05F FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^+ \eta)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{70}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.120±0.006±0.010</b>	17k	LEE	21A BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(nS)$

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{71}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.26±0.10 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>1.18±0.10±0.03</b>	309	ABLIKIM	16 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{71}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.198±0.015 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>0.20 ±0.03 ±0.03</b>	93	KUBOTA	93 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \eta)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{72}/\Gamma_3$ Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.11±0.03±0.02</b>	26	AMMAR	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \eta)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^0)$   $\Gamma_{72}/\Gamma_{71}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.254±0.031 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.25 ±0.03 ±0.01	700	LI	23A BELL	$e^+e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$
0.35 ±0.16 ±0.02	15	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	19X BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 19X report evidence for the observation of the decay  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta$  at 2.5 $\sigma$  significance.

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\eta')/\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^0)$					$\Gamma_{73}/\Gamma_{71}$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>0.33±0.06±0.02</b>	300	LI	23A	BELL	$e^+e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1,\dots,5$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\eta')/\Gamma(\Sigma^+\omega)$					$\Gamma_{73}/\Gamma_{80}$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>0.86±0.34±0.04</b>	13	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	19X	BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 19X report evidence for the observation of the decay  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\eta'$  at  $3.2\sigma$  significance.

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{74}/\Gamma$
<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>4.54±0.20 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
<b>4.25±0.24±0.20</b>	1156	ABLIKIM	16	BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c\bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\rho K^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{74}/\Gamma_3$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>0.716±0.019 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>0.720±0.024 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
0.719±0.003±0.024	2.7M	BERGER	18	BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.74 ±0.07 ±0.09	487	KUBOTA	93	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.72 ±0.14	47 ± 9	VAZQUEZ-JA..08	SELX	$\Sigma^-$ nucleus, 600 GeV	
0.54 <sup>+0.18</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	11	BARLAG	92	NA32	$\pi^-$ Cu 230 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{75}/\Gamma_3$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>&lt;0.27</b>	95	KUBOTA	93	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{76}/\Gamma$
<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>1.87±0.18 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>1.81±0.17±0.09</b>	161	ABLIKIM	17Y	BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma(\rho K^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{76}/\Gamma_3$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>0.295±0.028 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>0.314±0.067</b>	30 ± 6	VAZQUEZ-JA..08	SELX	$\Sigma^-$ nucleus, 600 GeV	

$\Gamma(\Sigma^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-)$					$\Gamma_{76}/\Gamma_{74}$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>0.41±0.04 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>0.53±0.15±0.07</b>	56	FRABETTI	94E	E687	$\gamma$ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma$ 220 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(\rho K^-\pi^+)$					$\Gamma_{77}/\Gamma_3$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b>0.56 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.5.				
0.575±0.005±0.036	2.7M	BERGER	18	BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.36 ±0.09 ±0.10	117	AVERY	94	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(3S), \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{78}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.247±0.006±0.019</b>	925k	BERGER	18	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^- 2\pi^+)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{79}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.18±0.05 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.21±0.05±0.05</b>	90	AVERY	94	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(3S), \Upsilon(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^- 2\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^- 2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{79}/\Gamma_{56}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.31±0.08 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.26±0.06±0.09</b>	480	LINK	05F	FOCS $\gamma$ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{80}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.72±0.20 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>1.56±0.20±0.07</b>	157	ABLIKIM	16	BES3 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c$ , 4.599 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \omega)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{80}/\Gamma_3$ Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.270±0.030 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.54 ±0.13 ±0.06</b>	107	KUBOTA	93	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^- \pi^0 2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{81}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.11±0.33±0.14</b>	88	ABLIKIM	17Y	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{82}/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.057±0.005 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.070±0.011±0.011</b>	59	AVERY	93	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{82}/\Gamma_{74}$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>8.0 ±0.7 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>7.8 ±0.7 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
8.38±0.93±0.44	110	ABLIKIM	23BY	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV
7.6 ±0.7 ±0.9	246	ABE	02C	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
7.1 ±1.1 ±1.1	103	LINK	02G	FOCS $\gamma$ nucleus, $\approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ K^- (\text{non-}\phi))/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{83}/\Gamma_{74}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.38±0.79±0.21</b>	75	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	23BY	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<sup>1</sup>We do not include this measurement in our average because it is highly correlated to the relative branching fractions  $B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+ K^-) / B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  and  $B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \phi) / B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  measured in the same analysis (which we do use). Although the measurements are done on the same data, ABLIKIM 23BY do not obtain exactly  $B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \phi) \cdot B(\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-) / B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) + B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+ K^- (\text{non-}\phi)) / B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) = B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^+ K^-) / B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$ .

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \phi) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{84} / \Gamma_3$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\phi$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.063 ± 0.007 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.069 ± 0.023 ± 0.016</b>	26	AVERY	93 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \phi) / \Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{84} / \Gamma_{74}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\phi$  are included.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>8.8 ± 1.0 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>8.8 ± 1.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
9.2 ± 1.8 ± 0.7	119	ABLIKIM	23BY BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV
8.5 ± 1.2 ± 1.2	129	ABE	02C BELL	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
8.7 ± 1.6 ± 0.6	57	LINK	02G FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-) / \Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{85} / \Gamma_{74}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.023 ± 0.005 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.023 ± 0.005 ± 0.005	75	ABE	02C BELL	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.022 ± 0.006 ± 0.006	34	LINK	02G FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ K^- \text{ nonresonant}) / \Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{86} / \Gamma_{74}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt; 0.018</b>	90	ABE	02C BELL	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
< 0.028	90	LINK	02G FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Xi^0 K^+) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{87} / \Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>5.5 ± 0.7 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>5.90 ± 0.86 ± 0.39</b>	68	ABLIKIM	18Y BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\Xi^0 K^+ \pi^0) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{89} / \Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.79 ± 1.46 ± 0.95</b>	79	ABLIKIM	24AW BES3	$6.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $e^+ e^-$ , 4.60–4.84 GeV

$\Gamma(\Xi^0 K^+) / \Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{87} / \Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.087 ± 0.012 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.078 ± 0.013 ± 0.013</b>	56	AVERY	93 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV

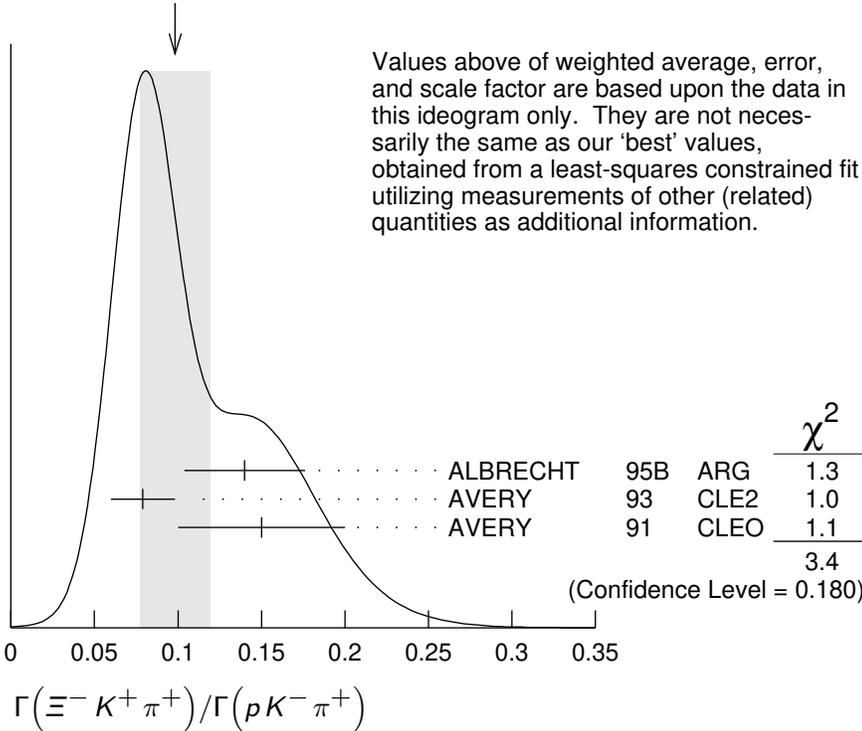
$\Gamma(\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{88}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>7.74 ± 0.76 ± 0.54</b>	128	ABLIKIM	24AY BES3	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

$\Gamma(\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{88}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.099 ± 0.008 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.098 ± 0.021 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.
0.14 ± 0.03 ± 0.02	34	ALBRECHT	95B ARG	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ 10.4 GeV
0.079 ± 0.013 ± 0.014	60	AVERY	93 CLE2	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ 10.5 GeV
0.15 ± 0.04 ± 0.03	30	AVERY	91 CLEO	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> 10.5 GeV

WEIGHTED AVERAGE  
0.098 ± 0.021 (Error scaled by 1.3)



$\Gamma(\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{88}/\Gamma_{50}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.48 ± 0.04 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.480 ± 0.016 ± 0.039</b>	2665 ± 84	AUBERT	07U BABR	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Xi(1530)^0 K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{90}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.9 ± 0.6 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<b>5.4 ± 0.6 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
5.99 ± 1.04 ± 0.32		ABLIKIM	24AW BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.60–4.84 GeV, $\Xi(1530) \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0$
5.03 ± 0.77 ± 0.20	54	ABLIKIM	24AY BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV, $\Xi(1530) \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5.02 ± 0.99 ± 0.31      60      ABLIKIM      18Y BES3      e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> at 4.6 GeV

**$\Gamma(\Xi(1530)^0 K^+)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{90}/\Gamma_3$**

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**0.077 ± 0.010 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

<b>0.053 ± 0.016 ± 0.010</b>	24	AVERY	93	CLE2 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ 10.5 GeV
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.05 ± 0.02 ± 0.01	11	ALBRECHT	95B	ARG e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ 10.4 GeV
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————— **Hadronic modes with a hyperon: S = 0 final states** —————

**$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{91}/\Gamma_{50}$**

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**4.96 ± 0.14 OUR AVERAGE**

5.05 ± 0.13 ± 0.09	11k	LI	23C	BELL e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , n=1,...,5
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4.78 ± 0.34 ± 0.20		ABLIKIM	22BC	BES3 6.44 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.599–4.950 GeV
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4.4 ± 0.4 ± 0.3	1.1k	AUBERT	07U	BABR e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

7.4 ± 1.0 ± 1.2	265	ABE	02C	BELL e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$
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**$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{93}/\Gamma_{50}$**

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>&lt; 4.1 × 10<sup>-2</sup></b>	90	AUBERT	07U	BABR e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$
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**$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^- 2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{93}/\Gamma_{56}$**

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>1.13 ± 0.41 ± 0.06</b>	ABLIKIM	24AU	BES3 6.4 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.950 GeV
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**$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^0)$   $\Gamma_{92}/\Gamma_{52}$**

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>2.09 ± 0.39 ± 0.07</b>	ABLIKIM	24AU	BES3 6.4 fb <sup>-1</sup> , e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.950 GeV
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**$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{92}/\Gamma$**

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 2.0 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90	ABLIKIM	24AW	BES3 6.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> at e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> , 4.60–4.84 GeV
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**$\Gamma(\Sigma^0 K^+)/\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{94}/\Gamma_{69}$**

VALUE (units 10 <sup>-2</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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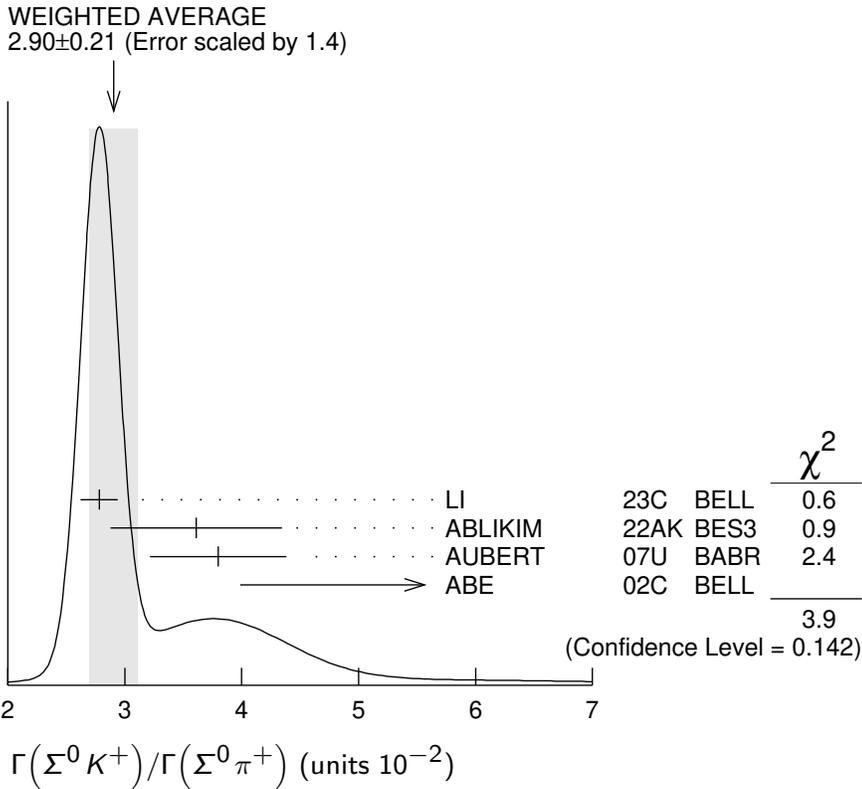
**2.90 ± 0.21 OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

2.78 ± 0.15 ± 0.05	2.4k	LI	23C	BELL e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , n=1,...,5
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3.61 ± 0.73 ± 0.05	43	ABLIKIM	22AK	BES3 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.178–4.226 GeV
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3.8 ± 0.5 ± 0.3	366 ± 52	AUBERT	07U	BABR e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$
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5.6 ± 1.4 ± 0.8	75	ABE	02C	BELL e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> ≈ $\Upsilon(4S)$
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$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K_S^0)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{95}/\Gamma_{74}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.06 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.04</math></b>	44	ABLIKIM	22AK BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.178–4.226 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0 K^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{97}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>&lt; 1.8 \times 10^{-3}</math></b>	90	ABLIKIM	24AW BES3	$6.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $e^+ e^-$ , 4.60–4.84 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0 K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\Sigma^0 \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{96}/\Gamma_{69}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>&lt; 2.0 \times 10^{-2}</math></b>	90	AUBERT	07U BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{98}/\Gamma_{74}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>4.5 \pm 0.5</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$4.44 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.25$	224	ABLIKIM	23BY BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV
$4.7 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.8$	105	ABE	02C BELL	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^0)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{99}/\Gamma_{74}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $K^*(892)^0$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.078 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.013</math></b>	49	LINK	02G FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{100}/\Gamma_{74}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.5 \times 10^{-2}$	90	ABLIKIM	23BY BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^0)$   $\Gamma_{101}/\Gamma_{99}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<0.35$	90	LINK	02G FOCS	$\gamma$ nucleus, $\approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{101}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.8 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.2$	12	ABLIKIM	24AY BES3	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

———— Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes ————

$\Gamma(\rho K^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{102}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.77 \pm 0.27</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.9.
$1.65 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.05$	392	AAIJ	18V LHCB	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \mu^- X$
$2.35 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.21$	3379	YANG	16 BELL	At or near $\Upsilon$ s

———— Semileptonic modes ————

$\Gamma(\Lambda e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{103}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>3.56 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.07</math></b>		<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22AT BES3	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$3.63 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.20$	104	<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM	15Y BES3	$567 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ , 4.599 GeV
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<sup>1</sup> Using Lattice QCD calculations for the form factors yields  $|V_{cs}| = 0.936 \pm 0.030$ .

<sup>2</sup> Superseded by ABLIKIM 22AT.

$\Gamma(\Lambda e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{103}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.43 \pm 0.08$	<sup>1,2</sup> BERGFELD 94	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$0.38 \pm 0.14$	<sup>2,3</sup> ALBRECHT 91G	ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<sup>1</sup> BERGFELD 94 measures  $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e) = (4.87 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.69) \text{ pb}$ .

<sup>2</sup> To extract  $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+)$ , we use  $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+) = (11.2 \pm 1.3) \text{ pb}$ , which is the weighted average of measurements from ARGUS (ALBRECHT 96E) and CLEO (AVERY 91).

<sup>3</sup> ALBRECHT 91G measures  $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e) = (4.20 \pm 1.28 \pm 0.71) \text{ pb}$ .

$\Gamma(\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{104}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	ABLIKIM	23AB BES3	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}, e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

$$\Gamma(\rho K^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_{105}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.88 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.07</math></b>	ABLIKIM	22BB BES	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

$$\Gamma(\rho K_S^0 \pi^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_{106}/\Gamma$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>&lt; 3.3 \times 10^{-4}</math></b>	90	ABLIKIM	23AB BES3	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

$$\Gamma(\Lambda(1520) e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_{107}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.02 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.11</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22BB BES	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 22BB reports  $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) e^+ \nu_e) \cdot B(\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow \rho K^-) = (2.3 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-4}$ , which is divided by the best value for  $B(\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow \rho K^-)$  assuming the isospin limit  $2 \cdot B(\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow \rho K^-) = B(\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow N \bar{K}) = 0.45 \pm 0.01$ .

$$\Gamma(\Lambda(1405)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \Lambda^0 \rightarrow \rho K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_{108}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.42 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.04</math></b>	ABLIKIM	22BB BES	$4.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in $e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

$$\Gamma(\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_{109}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>3.48 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.10</math></b>	752	ABLIKIM	23AT BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$3.49 \pm 0.46 \pm 0.27$     79    <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM    17D BES3     $e^+ e^-$  at 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> Superseded by ABLIKIM 23AT.

$$\Gamma(\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\rho K^- \pi^+) \qquad \Gamma_{109}/\Gamma_3$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.40 \pm 0.09$     <sup>1,2</sup> BERGFELD    94    CLE2     $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$0.35 \pm 0.20$     <sup>2,3</sup> ALBRECHT    91G    ARG     $e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$

<sup>1</sup> BERGFELD 94 measures  $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = (4.43 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.64) \text{ pb}$ .

<sup>2</sup> To extract  $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+)$ , we use  $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow \rho K^- \pi^+) = (11.2 \pm 1.3) \text{ pb}$ , which is the weighted average of measurements from ARGUS (ALBRECHT 96E) and CLEO (AVERY 91).

<sup>3</sup> ALBRECHT 91G measures  $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = (3.91 \pm 2.02 \pm 0.90) \text{ pb}$ .

$$\Gamma(\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\Lambda e^+ \nu_e) \qquad \Gamma_{109}/\Gamma_{103}$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.96 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.04$     <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM    17D BES3     $e^+ e^-$  at 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> This is the ratio of the ABLIKIM 17D  $\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_e$  branching fraction and the ABLIKIM 15Y  $\Lambda e^+ \nu_e$  branching fraction (see above), and so is not an independent measurement.

————— Inclusive modes —————

$\Gamma(e^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{110}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.06±0.10±0.09</b>	4692	ABLIKIM	23AK BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6–4.698 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3.95±0.34±0.09	214	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	18AF BES3	$e^+ e^-$ 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> Superseded by ABLIKIM 23AK.

$\Gamma(p \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{111}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.50±0.08±0.14</b>	<sup>1</sup> CRAWFORD 92	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV

<sup>1</sup> This CRAWFORD 92 value includes protons from  $\Lambda$  decay. The value is model dependent, but account is taken of this in the systematic error.

$\Gamma(n \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{112}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>32.6±1.6 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
32.4±0.7± 1.5	3105	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	23AS BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6–4.698 GeV
50 ±8 ±14		<sup>2</sup> CRAWFORD 92	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 23AS measures the antiparticle decay  $\bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{n} X$ .

<sup>2</sup> This CRAWFORD 92 value includes neutrons from  $\Lambda$  decay. The value is model dependent, but account is taken of this in the systematic error.

$\Gamma(\Lambda \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{113}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>38.2<sup>+2.8</sup><sub>-2.2</sub>±0.9</b>	700	ABLIKIM	18E BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{114}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>9.9±0.6±0.4</b>	478	ABLIKIM	20AJ BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

$\Gamma(3\text{prongs})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{115}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.24±0.07±0.04</b>	KAYIS-TOPAK.03	CHRS	$\nu_\mu$ emulsion, $\bar{E}=27$ GeV

————— Rare or forbidden modes —————

$\Gamma(p e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{116}/\Gamma$

A test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;5.5 × 10<sup>-6</sup></b>	90	4.0 ± 7.1	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(p \mu^+ \mu^- \text{ non-resonant})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{117}/\Gamma$

A test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;2.9 × 10<sup>-8</sup></b>	90	<sup>1</sup> AAJ	24AI LHCB	$p p$ at 13 TeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<7.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	<sup>2</sup> AAIJ	18N	LHCB	$p\bar{p}$ at 7,8 TeV
$<4.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<3.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653	$\pi^-$ emulsion 600 GeV

<sup>1</sup>AAIJ 24AI measures  $B(\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow p\mu^+\mu^- \text{ non-res})/B(\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow p\phi, \phi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 0.09$  (0.10) at 90% (95%) CL corresponding to a limit of 2.9 (3.2)  $10^{-8}$ .

<sup>2</sup>AAIJ 18N measures ratio to  $\Lambda_C^+ \rightarrow p\phi, \phi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ .

### $\Gamma(p e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{118}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	$-0.7 \pm 3.0$	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

### $\Gamma(p e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{119}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<19 \times 10^{-6}$	90	$6.2 \pm 4.9$	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

### $\Gamma(\bar{p} 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{120}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton- and baryon-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	$-1.5 \pm 4.5$	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

### $\Gamma(\bar{p} 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{121}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton- and baryon-number conservation and of lepton family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	$0.0 \pm 2.2$	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

### $\Gamma(\bar{p} e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{122}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton- and baryon-number conservation and of lepton family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<16 \times 10^{-6}$	90	$10.1 \pm 6.8$	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

### $\Gamma(\Sigma^- \mu^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{123}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	0	KODAMA	95 E653	$\pi^-$ emulsion 600 GeV

### $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{124}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<4.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	ABLIKIM 23Z	BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.600–4.699 GeV

## Radiative modes

### $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \gamma)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{124}/\Gamma_3$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<4.0 \times 10^{-3}$	90	LI	23	BELL $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(nS)$

————— Exotic modes —————

 $\Gamma(p\gamma_D)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ 
Here  $\gamma_D$  stands for a dark photon.
 $\Gamma_{125}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;8.0 × 10<sup>-5</sup></b>	90	ABLIKIM	22AR BES	4.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> at 4.600–4.699 GeV

### $\Lambda_c^+$ DECAY PARAMETERS

See the review on “Baryon Decay Parameters.”

#### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>−0.768 ± 0.015 OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 3.4.		
−0.785 ± 0.006 ± 0.003	26k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	24AH LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV
−0.755 ± 0.005 ± 0.003	264k	<sup>2</sup> LI	23C BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1,\dots,5$
−0.80 ± 0.11 ± 0.02		ABLIKIM	19AX BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV
−0.78 ± 0.16 ± 0.19		LINK	06A FOCS	$\gamma A$ , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
−0.94 ± 0.21 ± 0.12	414	<sup>3</sup> BISHAI	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
−0.96 ± 0.42		ALBRECHT	92 ARG	$e^+e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV
−1.1 ± 0.4	86	AVERY	90B CLEO	$e^+e^- \approx 10.6$ GeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 24AH also reports the measurements of the decay parameters  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ , the phase difference  $\Delta$ , the  $CP$  asymmetry  $R_\beta$  and the  $CP$  average  $R'_\beta$  for  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda\pi$  and its charge-conjugated decay.

<sup>2</sup> LI 23C obtained the value by a fit for the product  $\alpha \times \alpha_\Lambda^{avg}$ , and dividing by the value  $\alpha_\Lambda^{avg} = 0.7542 \pm 0.0026$  reported in ABLIKIM 22AG.

<sup>3</sup> BISHAI 95 actually gives  $\alpha = -0.94^{+0.21+0.12}_{-0.06-0.06}$ , chopping the errors at the physical limit  $-1.0$ . However, for  $\alpha \approx -1.0$ , some experiments should get unphysical values ( $\alpha < -1.0$ ), and for averaging with other measurements such values (or errors that extend below  $-1.0$ ) should *not* be chopped.

#### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\rho^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>−0.763 ± 0.053 ± 0.045</b>	8.9k	ABLIKIM	22BA BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6–4.7 GeV

#### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\pi^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>−0.484 ± 0.027 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
−0.48 ± 0.02 ± 0.02	7k	LI	23A BELL	$e^+e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1,\dots,5$
−0.57 ± 0.10 ± 0.07		ABLIKIM	19AX BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV
−0.45 ± 0.31 ± 0.06	89	BISHAI	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

#### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\eta$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>−0.99 ± 0.03 ± 0.05</b>	700	LI	23A BELL	$e^+e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1,\dots,5$

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta'$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.46 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.03</math></b>	300	LI	23A BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.466 \pm 0.018</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$-0.463 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$	105k	<sup>1</sup> LI	23C BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$
$-0.73 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.07$		ABLIKIM	19AX BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

<sup>1</sup> LI 23C obtained the value by a fit for the product  $\alpha \times \alpha_\Lambda^{avg}$ , and dividing by the value  $\alpha_\Lambda^{avg} = 0.7542 \pm 0.0026$  reported in ABLIKIM 22AG.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^+ \pi^0$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.917 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.056</math></b>	8.9k	ABLIKIM	22BA BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6–4.7 GeV

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^0 \pi^+$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.789 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.056</math></b>	8.9k	ABLIKIM	22BA BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6–4.7 GeV

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

The experiments don't cover the complete (or same incomplete)  $M(\Lambda \ell^+)$  range, but we average them together anyway.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.875 \pm 0.033</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$-0.94 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.03$	752	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	23AT BES3	$e^+ e^-$ , 4.600–4.699 GeV
$-0.86 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.02$	3201	<sup>2</sup> HINSON	05 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$-0.91 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.25$		<sup>3</sup> ALBRECHT	94B ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$-0.82 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.09 \\ -0.06 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} +0.06 \\ -0.03 \end{smallmatrix}$	700	<sup>4</sup> CRAWFORD	95 CLE2	See HINSON 05
$-0.89 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.17 \\ -0.11 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} +0.09 \\ -0.05 \end{smallmatrix}$	350	<sup>5</sup> BERGFELD	94 CLE2	See CRAWFORD 95

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 23AT measures  $\alpha$  of  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  decay over eight  $q^2$  bins from zero to the kinematic endpoint. The value provided here is  $\langle \alpha \rangle$ , averaged over  $q^2$ . The analysis uses form factors extracted from a simultaneous fit to electron and muon mode data.

<sup>2</sup> HINSON 05 measures the form-factor ratio  $R \equiv f_2/f_1$  for  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e$  events to be  $-0.31 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.04$  and the pole mass to be  $2.21 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.14$  GeV/ $c^2$ , and from these calculates  $\alpha$ , averaged over  $q^2$ , where  $\langle q^2 \rangle = 0.67$  (GeV/ $c$ )<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>3</sup> ALBRECHT 94B uses  $\Lambda e^+$  and  $\Lambda \mu^+$  events in the mass range  $1.85 < M(\Lambda \ell^+) < 2.20$  GeV.

<sup>4</sup> CRAWFORD 95 measures the form-factor ratio  $R \equiv f_2/f_1$  for  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e$  events to be  $-0.25 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.08$  and from this calculates  $\alpha$ , averaged over  $q^2$ , to be the above.

<sup>5</sup> BERGFELD 94 uses  $\Lambda e^+$  events.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-0.754 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.006</math></b>	90k	AAIJ	24AH LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV
$0.18 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.14$		ABLIKIM	19AX BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-0.546 \pm 0.035</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$-0.516 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.021$	1k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	24AH LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV
$-0.585 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.018$	11k	<sup>2</sup> LI	23C BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 24AH also reports the measurements of the decay parameters  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ , the phase difference  $\Delta$ , the  $CP$  asymmetry  $R_\beta$  and the  $CP$  average  $R'_\beta$  for  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda K$  and its charge-conjugated decay.

<sup>2</sup> LI 23C obtained the value by a fit for the product  $\alpha \times \alpha_\Lambda^{avg}$ , and dividing by the value  $\alpha_\Lambda^{avg} = 0.7542 \pm 0.0026$  reported in ABLIKIM 22AG.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-0.54 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.09</math></b>	2.4k	<sup>1</sup> LI	23C BELL	$e^+e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

<sup>1</sup> LI 23C obtained the value by a fit for the product  $\alpha \times \alpha_\Lambda^{avg}$ , and dividing by the value  $\alpha_\Lambda^{avg} = 0.7542 \pm 0.0026$  reported in ABLIKIM 22AG.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1405)\pi^+$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.58 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.28</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\pi^+$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.925 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.084</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1600)\pi^+$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.20 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.50</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1670)\pi^+$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.817 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.073</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1690)\pi^+$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.958 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.027</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(2000)\pi^+$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.57 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.19</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1232)^{++}K^-$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.548 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.036</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1600)^{++}K^-$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>-0.50 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.17</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1700)^{++}K^-$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.216 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.075</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z LHCb	$1.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ , $pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_0^*(700)^0 p$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.06 \pm 0.66 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.24$	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB 1.7fb <sup>-1</sup> , $p p$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 p$

The polarization is defined with respect to the daughter baryon momentum in the parent rest frame. See "Baryon Decay Parameters" review.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.34 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.14$	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23Z	LHCB 1.7fb <sup>-1</sup> , $p p$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 23Z uses an amplitude analysis of 400k  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$  decays, the last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model. Sign determined per authors; see also AAIJ 23AJ.

### $\alpha$ FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.01 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.03$	378	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	24AP	BES3 4.4 fb <sup>-1</sup> , $e^+ e^-$ at 4.60–4.70 GeV

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 24AP report the phase shift between  $P$ - and  $S$ -wave amplitudes has two solutions, which are  $\delta_P - \delta_S = -1.55 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.05$  rad and  $1.59 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.05$  rad.

## $\Lambda_c^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$ CP-VIOLATING DECAY ASYMMETRIES

### $(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} \pi^-$

This is zero if  $CP$  is conserved.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.020 \pm 0.016</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$0.020 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.014$	264k	LI	23C	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$
$-0.07 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.24$		LINK	06A	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

### $(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 \pi^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.023 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.030$	105k	LI	23C	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

### $(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} e^- \bar{\nu}_e$

This is zero if  $CP$  is conserved.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.00 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.02$	HINSON	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

### $(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} K^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.023 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.071$	11k	LI	23C	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

### $(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 K^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.08 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.14$	2.4k	LI	23C	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

### $A_{CP}(\Lambda X)$ in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda X, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} X$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.1^{+7.0}_{-6.6} \pm 1.6$	700	ABLIKIM	18E BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.6 GeV

### $A_{CP}(\Lambda K^+)$ in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} K^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.021 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.001$	11k	LI	23C BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

### $A_{CP}(\Sigma^0 K^+)$ in $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 K^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.025 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.004$	2.4k	LI	23C BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$ , $n=1, \dots, 5$

### $\Delta A_{CP} = A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^+ K^-) - A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-)$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.30 \pm 0.91 \pm 0.61$	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	18R LHCB	$pp$ 7, 8 TeV

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 18R applies phase-space-dependent weights to the  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-$  sample to align its kinematics with the  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^+ K^-$  sample.

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