

$\Upsilon(2S)$

$$J^{PC} = 0^{-}(1^{-}-)$$

$\Upsilon(2S)$ MASS

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
10023.4 ± 0.5	¹ SHAMOV 23	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
10022.7 ± 0.4	² SHAMOV 23	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10023.5 ± 0.5	^{3,4} ARTAMONOV 00	MD1	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10023.6 ± 0.5	^{5,6} BARU 86B	MD1	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10023.1 ± 0.4	⁷ BARBER 84	ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons

¹ Reanalysis of MD1 data using the electron mass from COHEN 87, the radiative corrections from KURAEV 85 and interference effects.

² Obtained by reanalysing ARGUS and Crystal Ball data (BARBER 84), but not authored by the ARGUS and Crystal Ball collaboration.

³ Reanalysis of BARU 86B using new electron mass (COHEN 87).

⁴ Superseded by SHAMOV 23.

⁵ Reanalysis of ARTAMONOV 84.

⁶ Superseded by ARTAMONOV 00.

⁷ Reanalysed by SHAMOV 23.

$m\Upsilon(3S) - m\Upsilon(2S)$

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
331.50 ± 0.02 ± 0.13	LEES 11C	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$

$\Upsilon(2S)$ WIDTH

<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
31.98 ± 2.63 OUR EVALUATION	See the Note on "Width Determinations of the Υ States"

$\Upsilon(2S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	(17.85 ± 0.26) %	
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0$	(8.6 ± 0.4) %	
$\Gamma_3 \quad \tau^+\tau^-$	(2.00 ± 0.21) %	
$\Gamma_4 \quad \mu^+\mu^-$	(1.93 ± 0.17) %	S=2.2
$\Gamma_5 \quad e^+e^-$	(1.91 ± 0.16) %	
$\Gamma_6 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$	< 4	× 10 ⁻⁵ CL=90%
$\Gamma_7 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\eta$	(2.9 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻⁴	S=2.0
$\Gamma_8 \quad J/\psi(1S)$ anything	< 6	× 10 ⁻³ CL=90%
$\Gamma_9 \quad J/\psi(1S)\eta_c$	< 5.4	× 10 ⁻⁶ CL=90%
$\Gamma_{10} \quad J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c0}$	< 3.4	× 10 ⁻⁶ CL=90%

Γ_{11}	$J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c1}$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{12}	$J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c2}$	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{13}	$J/\psi(1S)\eta_c(2S)$	< 2.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{14}	$J/\psi(1S)X(3940)$	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{15}	$J/\psi(1S)X(4160)$	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{16}	χ_{c1} anything	(2.2 ± 0.5)	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{17}	$\chi_{c1}(1P)^0 X_{tetra}$	< 3.67	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{18}	χ_{c2} anything	(2.3 ± 0.8)	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{19}	$\psi(2S)\eta_c$	< 5.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{20}	$\psi(2S)\chi_{c0}$	< 4.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{21}	$\psi(2S)\chi_{c1}$	< 2.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{22}	$\psi(2S)\chi_{c2}$	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{23}	$\psi(2S)\eta_c(2S)$	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{24}	$\psi(2S)X(3940)$	< 3.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{25}	$\psi(2S)X(4160)$	< 3.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{26}	$Z_c(3900)^+ Z_c(3900)^-$	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{27}	$Z_c(4200)^+ Z_c(4200)^-$	< 1.67	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{28}	$Z_c(3900)^\pm Z_c(4200)^\mp$	< 7.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{29}	$X(4050)^+ X(4050)^-$	< 1.35	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{30}	$X(4250)^+ X(4250)^-$	< 2.67	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{31}	$X(4050)^\pm X(4250)^\mp$	< 2.72	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{32}	$Z_c(4430)^+ Z_c(4430)^-$	< 2.03	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{33}	$X(4055)^\pm X(4055)^\mp$	< 1.11	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{34}	$X(4055)^\pm Z_c(4430)^\mp$	< 2.11	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{35}	$\overline{2H}$ anything	$(2.78_{-0.26}^{+0.30})$	$\times 10^{-5}$	S=1.2
Γ_{36}	hadrons	(94 ± 11)	%	
Γ_{37}	ggg	(58.8 ± 1.2)	%	
Γ_{38}	γgg	(1.87 ± 0.28)	%	
Γ_{39}	$\phi K^+ K^-$	(1.6 ± 0.4)	$\times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{40}	$\omega \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 2.58	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{41}	$K^*(892)^0 K^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.}$	(2.3 ± 0.7)	$\times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{42}	$\phi f_2'(1525)$	< 1.33	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{43}	$\omega f_2(1270)$	< 5.7	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{44}	$\rho(770) a_2(1320)$	< 8.8	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{45}	$K^*(892)^0 \overline{K}_2^*(1430)^0 + \text{c.c.}$	(1.5 ± 0.6)	$\times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{46}	$K_1(1270)^\pm K^\mp$	< 3.22	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{47}	$K_1(1400)^\pm K^\mp$	< 8.3	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{48}	$b_1(1235)^\pm \pi^\mp$	< 4.0	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{49}	$\rho \pi$	< 1.16	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{50}	$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	< 8.0	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{51}	$\omega \pi^0$	< 1.63	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{52}	$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	(1.30 ± 0.28)	$\times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{53}	$K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$	(1.14 ± 0.33)	$\times 10^{-6}$	

Γ_{54}	$K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^0 + \text{c.c.}$	< 4.22	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{55}	$K^*(892)^- K^+ + \text{c.c.}$	< 1.45	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{56}	$f_1(1285)$ anything	(2.2 ± 1.6)	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{57}	$f_1(1285) X_{tetra}$	< 6.47	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{58}	Sum of 100 exclusive modes	(2.90 ± 0.30)	$\times 10^{-3}$	

Radiative decays

Γ_{59}	$\gamma \chi_{b1}(1P)$	(6.9 ± 0.4)	%	
Γ_{60}	$\gamma \chi_{b2}(1P)$	(7.15 ± 0.35)	%	
Γ_{61}	$\gamma \chi_{b0}(1P)$	(3.8 ± 0.4)	%	
Γ_{62}	$\gamma f_0(1710)$	< 5.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{63}	$\gamma f_2'(1525)$	< 5.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{64}	$\gamma f_2(1270)$	< 2.41	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{65}	$\gamma f_J(2220)$			
Γ_{66}	$\gamma \eta_c(1S)$	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{67}	$\gamma \chi_{c0}$	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{68}	$\gamma \chi_{c1}$	< 3.6	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{69}	$\gamma \chi_{c2}$	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{70}	$\gamma \chi_{c1}(3872)$	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{71}	$\gamma \chi_{c1}(3872), \chi_{c1} \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 J/\psi$	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{72}	$\gamma \chi_{c0}(3915) \rightarrow \omega J/\psi$	< 2.8	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{73}	$\gamma \chi_{c1}(4140) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{74}	$\gamma X(4350) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{75}	$\gamma \eta_b(1S)$	$(5.5 \pm_{-0.9}^{+1.1})$	$\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2
Γ_{76}	$\gamma \eta_b(1S) \rightarrow \gamma$ Sum of 26 exclusive modes	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{77}	$\gamma X_{b\bar{b}} \rightarrow \gamma$ Sum of 26 exclusive modes	< 4.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{78}	$\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4$ prongs	[a] < 1.95	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{79}	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons	< 8	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{80}	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$	< 8.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

Lepton Family number (LF) violating modes

Γ_{81}	$e^\pm \tau^\mp$	LF	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{82}	$\mu^\pm \tau^\mp$	LF	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

[a] $1.5 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 3 branching ratios uses 13 measurements and one constraint to determine 3 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 11.8$ for 11 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$x_7 \quad \begin{array}{|c} \hline 2 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ x_1$$

$\Upsilon(2S) \Gamma(i) \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^-) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_4 \Gamma_5 / \Gamma$
<u>VALUE (eV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
6.5 ± 1.5 ± 1.0	KOBEL	92	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_1 \Gamma_5 / \Gamma$
<u>VALUE (eV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
105.4 ± 1.0 ± 4.2	11.8k	¹ AUBERT	08BP BABR	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_{36} \Gamma_5 / \Gamma$
<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.577 ± 0.009 OUR AVERAGE				
0.581 ± 0.004 ± 0.009	¹ ROSNER	06	CLEO	10.0 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.552 ± 0.031 ± 0.017	¹ BARU	96	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.54 ± 0.04 ± 0.02	¹ JAKUBOWSKI	88	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.58 ± 0.03 ± 0.04	² GILES	84B	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.60 ± 0.12 ± 0.07	² ALBRECHT	82	DASP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.54 ± 0.07 ^{+0.09} / _{-0.05}	² NICZYPORUK	81C	LENA	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.41 ± 0.18	² BOCK	80	CNTR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

¹ Radiative corrections evaluated following KURAEV 85.

² Radiative corrections reevaluated by BUCHMUELLER 88 following KURAEV 85.

$\Upsilon(2S)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(e^+ e^-)$				Γ_5
<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>			
0.612 ± 0.011 OUR EVALUATION				

$\Upsilon(2S)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_1/Γ

Abbreviation MM in the COMMENT field below stands for missing mass.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
17.85 ± 0.26 OUR FIT				
17.92 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE				
16.8 ± 1.1 ± 1.3	906k	¹ LEES	11C BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$
17.80 ± 0.05 ± 0.37	170k	² LEES	11L BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\mu^-$
18.02 ± 0.02 ± 0.61	851k	³ BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- \text{MM}$
17.22 ± 0.17 ± 0.75	11.8k	⁴ AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$
19.2 ± 0.2 ± 1.0	52.6k	⁵ ALEXANDER	98 CLE2	$\pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-, \pi^+\pi^- \text{MM}$
18.1 ± 0.5 ± 1.0	11.6k	ALBRECHT	87 ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- \text{MM}$
16.9 ± 4.0		GELPHMAN	85 CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$
19.1 ± 1.2 ± 0.6		BESSON	84 CLEO	$\pi^+\pi^- \text{MM}$
18.9 ± 2.6		FONSECA	84 CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\pi^+\pi^-$
21 ± 7	7	NICZYPORUK	81B LENA	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\pi^+\pi^-$

¹ LEES 11C reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)\text{anything})] = (1.78 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-2}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)\text{anything}) = (10.6 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

² Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

³ A weighted average of the inclusive and exclusive results.

⁴ Using $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$, $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ and, $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(2S)) = 0.612 \pm 0.011$ keV.

⁵ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.52 \pm 0.17)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.07)\%$.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_2/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
8.6 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
8.43 ± 0.16 ± 0.42	38k	¹ BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
9.2 ± 0.6 ± 0.8	275	² ALEXANDER	98 CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
9.5 ± 1.9 ± 1.9	25	ALBRECHT	87 ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
8.0 ± 1.5		GELPHMAN	85 CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
10.3 ± 2.3		FONSECA	84 CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$

¹ Authors assume $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.96\%$.

² Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.52 \pm 0.17)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.07)\%$.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_2/Γ_1

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.462 ± 0.037 ¹ BHARI 09 CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)$

¹ Not independent of other values reported by BHARI 09.

$\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_3/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.00±0.21 OUR AVERAGE				
2.00±0.12±0.18	22k	¹ BESSON	07 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
1.7 ±1.5 ±0.6		HAAS	84B CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

¹ BESSON 07 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = 1.04 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.05$ which we multiply by our best value $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_4/Γ

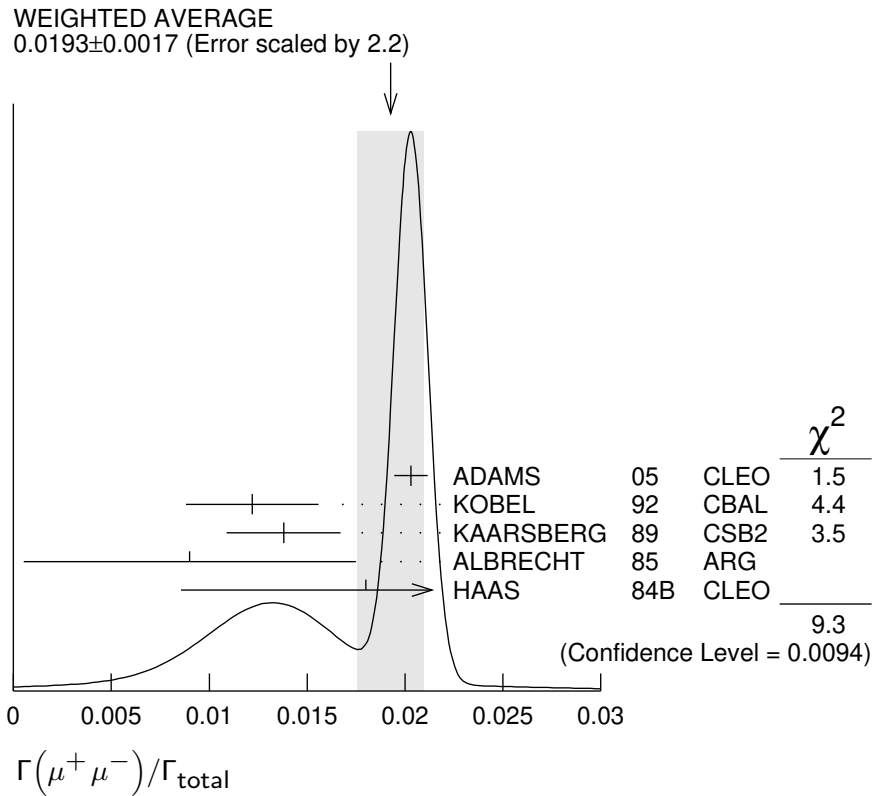
VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0193±0.0017 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.2. See the ideogram below.					
0.0203±0.0003±0.0008		120k	ADAMS	05 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0122±0.0028±0.0019			¹ KOBEL	92 CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0138±0.0025±0.0015			KAARSBERG	89 CSB2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.009 ±0.006 ±0.006			² ALBRECHT	85 ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.018 ±0.008 ±0.005			HAAS	84B CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.038	90	NICZYPORUK	81c	LENA	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
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¹ Taking into account interference between the resonance and continuum.

² Re-evaluated using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 0.026$.



$\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)$					Γ_3/Γ_4
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.04±0.04±0.05	22k	BESSION	07	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)$

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}$					Γ_6/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁵)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 4	90	¹ TAMPONI	13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$
< 18	90	² HE	08A	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$
<110	90	ALEXANDER	98	CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$
<800	90	LURZ	87	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$

¹ TAMPONI 13 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)] < 2.3 \times 10^{-4}$ which we multiply by our best value $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) = 17.85 \times 10^{-2}$.

² Authors assume $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.96\%$.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$					Γ_6/Γ_1
<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁴)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<2.3	90	TAMPONI	13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{total}$					Γ_7/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁴)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>

2.9 ±0.4 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.0.

2.9 ±0.4 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.9. See the ideogram below.

2.39±0.31±0.14	112	¹ LEES	11L	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$
2.1 ^{+0.7} / _{-0.6} ±0.3	14	² HE	08A	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

3.55±0.32±0.05	241	³ TAMPONI	13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\eta$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

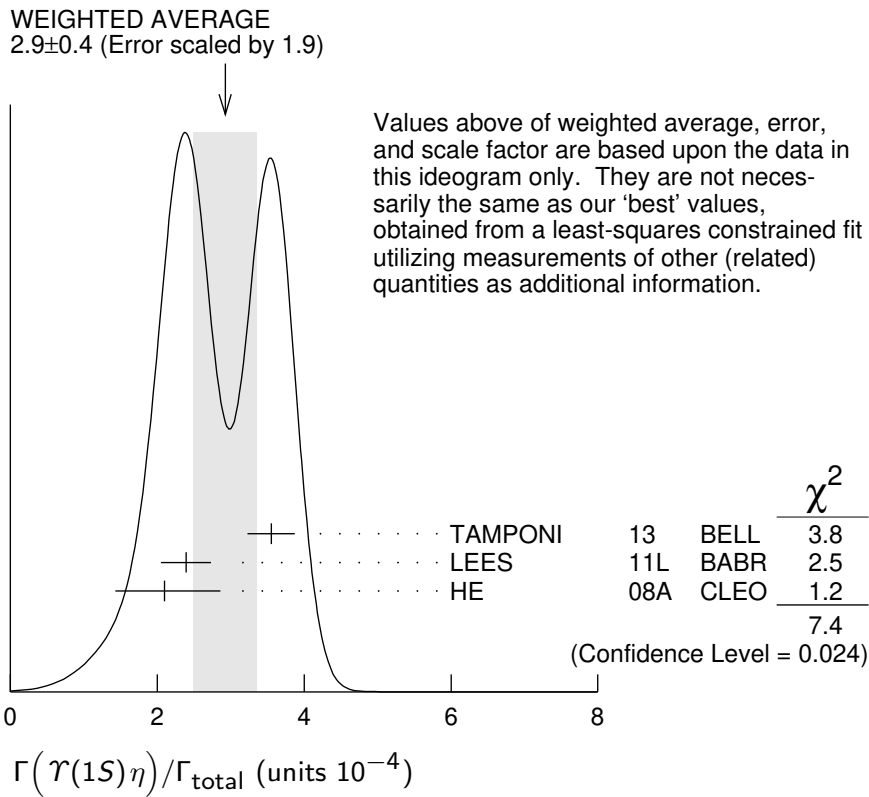
< 9	90	^{1,4} AUBERT	08BP	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
< 28	90	ALEXANDER	98	CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$
< 50	90	ALBRECHT	87	ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$ MM
< 70	90	LURZ	87	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-(\gamma\gamma, 3\pi^0)$
< 100	90	BESSION	84	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$ MM
< 20	90	FONSECA	84	CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-(\gamma\gamma, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

² Authors assume $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.96\%$.

³ TAMPONI 13 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{total}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)] = (1.99 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$ which we multiply by our best value $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) = (17.85 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

⁴ Using $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(2S)) = 0.612 \pm 0.011$ keV.



$\Gamma(\tau(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\tau(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_7/Γ_1

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.64 ± 0.25					OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.0.
$1.99 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.11$		241	TAMPONI 13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau(1S)\eta$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
$1.35 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.08$			¹ LEES 11L	BABR	$\tau(2S) \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\gamma\gamma)\mu^+\mu^-$
< 5.2	90		² AUBERT 08BP	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-(\pi^0)\ell^+\ell^-$
¹ Not independent of other values reported by LEES 11L.					
² Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.					

$\Gamma(\tau(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma(\tau(1S)\eta)$ Γ_6/Γ_7

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
< 0.13	90	TAMPONI 13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau(1S)\pi^0$

$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S) \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 0.006	90	MASCHMANN 90	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\eta_c)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 5.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{10}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<3.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$	
$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c1})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{11}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<1.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$	
$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c2})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{12}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$	
$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{13}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$	
$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)X(3940))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{14}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$	
$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)X(4160))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{15}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$	
$\Gamma(\chi_{c1} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{16}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$2.24 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.20$	376	JIA	17	BELL $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi(1S)$	
$\Gamma(\chi_{c1}(1P)^0 X_{\text{tetra}})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{17}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<36.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA 17A	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
¹ For a tetraquark state X_{tetra} , with mass in the range 1.16–2.46 GeV and width in the range 0–0.3 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of X_{tetra} mass and width range from 4.4×10^{-6} to 36.7×10^{-6} .					
$\Gamma(\chi_{c2} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{18}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$2.28 \pm 0.73 \pm 0.34$		JIA	17	BELL $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi(1S)$	
$\Gamma(\psi(2S)\eta_c)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{19}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<5.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	
$\Gamma(\psi(2S)\chi_{c0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{20}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<4.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	

$\Gamma(\psi(2S)\chi_{c1})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{21}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<2.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	

$\Gamma(\psi(2S)\chi_{c2})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{22}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	

$\Gamma(\psi(2S)\eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{23}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<3.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	

$\Gamma(\psi(2S)X(3940))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{24}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	

$\Gamma(\psi(2S)X(4160))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{25}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$	

$\Gamma(Z_c(3900)^+ Z_c(3900)^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{26}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<1.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA 18	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm X$	
¹ Assuming $B(Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm) = 1$.					

$\Gamma(Z_c(4200)^+ Z_c(4200)^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{27}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<16.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA 18	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm X$	
¹ Assuming $B(Z_c(4200)^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm) = 1$					

$\Gamma(Z_c(3900)^\pm Z_c(4200)^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{28}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<7.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA 18	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm X$	
¹ Assuming $B(Z_c(4200)^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm) = 1 = B(Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm)$.					

$\Gamma(X(4050)^+ X(4050)^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{29}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<13.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA 18	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm X$	
¹ Assuming $B(X(4050)^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm)$					

$\Gamma(X(4250)^+ X(4250)^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{30}/Γ
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<26.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA 18	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm X$	
¹ Assuming $B(X(4250)^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm) = 1$					

$\Gamma(X(4050)^\pm X(4250)^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{31}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<27.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA	18	BELL $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm X$
¹ Assuming $B(X(4050)^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm) = 1 = B(X(4250)^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)\pi^\pm)$				

$\Gamma(Z_c(4430)^+ Z_c(4430)^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<20.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA	18	BELL $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^\pm X$
¹ Assuming $B(Z_c(4430)^\pm \rightarrow \psi(2P)\pi^\pm) = 1$				

$\Gamma(X(4055)^\pm X(4055)^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<11.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA	18	BELL $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^\pm X$
¹ Assuming $B(X(4055)^\pm \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^\pm) = 1$				

$\Gamma(X(4055)^\pm Z_c(4430)^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{34}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<21.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA	18	BELL $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^\pm X$
¹ Assuming $B(X(4055)^\pm \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^\pm) = 1 = B(Z_c(4430)^\pm \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^\pm)$				

$\Gamma(\overline{2H} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{35}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.78^{+0.30}_{-0.26}$				OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$2.64 \pm 0.11^{+0.26}_{-0.21}$		LEES	14G	BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{2H} X$
$3.37 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.25$	58	ASNER	07	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{2H} X$

$\Gamma(g g g)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
58.8 ± 1.2	6M	¹ BESSON	06A	CLEO $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

¹ Calculated using the value $\Gamma(\gamma g g)/\Gamma(g g g) = (3.18 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.41)\%$ from BESSON 06A and PDG 08 values of $B(\pi^+ \pi^- \Upsilon(1S)) = (18.1 \pm 0.4)\%$, $B(\pi^0 \pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)) = (8.6 \pm 0.4)\%$, $B(\mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$, and $R_{\text{hadrons}} = 3.51$. The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with that of $\Gamma(\gamma g g)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement of BESSON 06A.

$\Gamma(\gamma g g)/\Gamma(g g g)$ Γ_{38}/Γ_{37}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.18 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.47$	6M	BESSON	06A	CLEO $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow (\gamma +) \text{hadrons}$

$\Gamma(\phi K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{39}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.58 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.18$	58	SHEN	12A	BELL $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$

$\Gamma(\omega\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{40}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<2.58	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$
$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 K^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{41}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$2.32 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.54$	135	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$\Gamma(\phi f'_2(1525))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{42}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<1.33	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$
$\Gamma(\omega f_2(1270))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{43}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<0.57	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$
$\Gamma(\rho(770) a_2(1320))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{44}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<0.88	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$
$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{45}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$1.53 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.19$	32	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$\Gamma(K_1(1270)^\pm K^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{46}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<3.22	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$\Gamma(K_1(1400)^\pm K^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{47}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<0.83	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$\Gamma(b_1(1235)^\pm \pi^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{48}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<0.40	90	SHEN	12A	BELL	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$
$\Gamma(\rho\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{49}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<1.16	90	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{50}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<0.80	90	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

$\Gamma(\omega\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{51}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<1.63	90	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{52}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$13.0 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.1$	261 ± 37	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$

$\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{53}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.14 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.13$	40 ± 10	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<3.2	90	¹ DOBBS	12A		$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$
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¹ Obtained by analyzing CLEO III data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^0 + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{54}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<4.22	90	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- K^+ + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{55}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<1.45	90	SHEN	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

$\Gamma(f_1(1285) \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{56}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$2.20 \pm 1.50 \pm 0.63$	2.9k	JIA	17A	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

$\Gamma(f_1(1285) X_{tetra})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{57}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<64.7×10^{-6}	90	¹ JIA	17A	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

¹ For a tetraquark state X_{tetra} , with mass in the range 1.16–2.46 GeV and width in the range 0–0.3 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of X_{tetra} mass and width range from 7.8×10^{-6} to 64.7×10^{-6} .

$\Gamma(\text{Sum of 100 exclusive modes})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{58}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>		<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.29 ± 0.03		1,2 DOBBS	12A	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	

¹ DOBBS 12A presents individual exclusive branching fractions or upper limits for 100 modes of four to ten pions, kaons, or protons.

² Obtained by analyzing CLEO III data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration.

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{59}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.069 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE				
0.0693 ± 0.0012 ± 0.0041	407k	ARTUSO	05 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.069 ± 0.005 ± 0.009		EDWARDS	99 CLE2	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi(1P)$
0.091 ± 0.018 ± 0.022		ALBRECHT	85E ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\text{conv. } X$
0.065 ± 0.007 ± 0.012		NERNST	85 CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.080 ± 0.017 ± 0.016		HAAS	84 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\text{conv. } X$
0.059 ± 0.014		KLOPFEN...	83 CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{60}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0715 ± 0.0035 OUR AVERAGE				
0.0724 ± 0.0011 ± 0.0040	410k	ARTUSO	05 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.074 ± 0.005 ± 0.008		EDWARDS	99 CLE2	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi(1P)$
0.098 ± 0.021 ± 0.024		ALBRECHT	85E ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\text{conv. } X$
0.058 ± 0.007 ± 0.010		NERNST	85 CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.102 ± 0.018 ± 0.021		HAAS	84 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\text{conv. } X$
0.061 ± 0.014		KLOPFEN...	83 CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{61}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.038 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE				
0.0375 ± 0.0012 ± 0.0047	198k	ARTUSO	05 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.034 ± 0.005 ± 0.006		EDWARDS	99 CLE2	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi(1P)$
0.064 ± 0.014 ± 0.016		ALBRECHT	85E ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\text{conv. } X$
0.036 ± 0.008 ± 0.009		NERNST	85 CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.044 ± 0.023 ± 0.009		HAAS	84 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\text{conv. } X$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.035 ± 0.014		KLOPFEN...	83 CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma f_0(1710))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{62}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<59	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89 ARG	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
< 5.9	90	² ALBRECHT	89 ARG	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-$
¹ Re-evaluated assuming $B(f_0(1710) \rightarrow K^+ K^-) = 0.19$.				
² Includes unknown branching ratio of $f_0(1710) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$.				

$\Gamma(\gamma f'_2(1525))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{63}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<53	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89 ARG	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$
¹ Re-evaluated assuming $B(f'_2(1525) \rightarrow K\bar{K}) = 0.71$.				

$\Gamma(\gamma f_2(1270))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{64}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<24.1	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89 ARG	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-$
¹ Using $B(f_2(1270) \rightarrow \pi\pi) = 0.84$.				

$\Gamma(\gamma f_J(2220))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{65}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<6.8	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89	ARG	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$
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¹ Includes unknown branching ratio of $f_J(2220) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$.

$\Gamma(\gamma \eta_c(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{66}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{67}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c1})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{68}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<3.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c2})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{69}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c1}(3872))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{70}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<2.1 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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¹ WANG 11B reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c1}(3872))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi(1S))] < 0.8 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi(1S)) = 3.8 \times 10^{-2}$.

$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c1}(3872), \chi_{c1} \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{71}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<2.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c0}(3915) \rightarrow \omega J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{72}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<2.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c1}(4140) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{73}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<1.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma X(4350) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{74}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<1.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{75}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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5.5^{+1.1}_{-0.9} OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

6.1 ^{+0.6+0.9} _{-0.7-0.6}	29k	FULSOM	18	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
3.9 \pm 1.1 ^{+1.1} _{-0.9}	13 \pm 5k	¹ AUBERT	09AQ	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<21	90	LEES	11J	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
< 8.4	90	¹ BONVICINI	10	CLEO	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
< 5.1	90	² ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

¹ Assuming $\Gamma_{\eta_b(1S)} = 10$ MeV.

² Superseded by BONVICINI 10.

$\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{Sum of 26 exclusive modes})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{76}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	SANDILYA	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$
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$\Gamma(\gamma X_{b\bar{b}} \rightarrow \gamma \text{Sum of 26 exclusive modes})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{77}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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< 4.9	90	SANDILYA	13	BELL	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

46.2 ^{+29.7} _{-14.2} \pm 10.6	10	¹ DOBBS	12		$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$
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¹ Obtained by analyzing CLEO III data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration.

$\Gamma(\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4 \text{ prongs})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{78}/Γ**
 (1.5 GeV $< m_X < 5.0$ GeV)

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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<1.95	95	ROSNER	07A	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
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$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{79}/Γ**
 (0.3 GeV $< m_{A^0} < 7$ GeV)

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$<8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ LEES	11H	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$
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¹ For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar, A^0 , excluding known resonances, with mass in the range 0.3–7 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of m_{A^0} range from 1×10^{-6} to 8×10^{-5} .

$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{80}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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<8.3	90	¹ AUBERT	09Z	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$
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¹ For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar, A^0 , with mass in the range 212–9300 MeV, excluding J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of m_{A^0} range from 0.26–8.3 $\times 10^{-6}$.

LEPTON FAMILY NUMBER (*LF*) VIOLATING MODES

$\Gamma(e^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{81}/Γ
VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<3.2	90	LEES	10B	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^\pm \tau^\mp$

$\Gamma(\mu^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{82}/Γ
VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
< 3.3	90	LEES	10B	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<14.4	95	LOVE	08A	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$

$\Upsilon(2S)$ Cross-Particle Branching Ratios

$B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S) X)$

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.78±0.02±0.11	906k	LEES	11C	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$

$\Upsilon(2S)$ REFERENCES

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JIA	18	PR D97 112004	S. Jia <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
JIA	17	PR D95 012001	S. Jia <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
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YANG	14	PR D90 112008	S.D. Yang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
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SHEN	13	PR D88 011102	C.P. Shen <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
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LEES	11H	PRL 107 221803	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
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ROSNER	07A	PR D76 117102	J.L. Rosner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
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