

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\mathsf{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} \ e \qquad \mathsf{Top} = +1$$

See the related review(s):

Top Quark

t-QUARK MASS

We first list the direct measurements of the top quark mass which employ the event kinematics and then list the measurements which extract a top quark mass from the measured $t\bar{t}$ cross-section using theory calculations. A discussion of the definition of the top quark mass in these measurements can be found in the review "The Top Quark."

For earlier search limits see PDG 96, Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996). We no longer include a compilation of indirect top mass determinations from Standard Model Electroweak fits in the Listings (our last compilation can be found in the Listings of the 2007 partial update). For a discussion of current results see the reviews "The Top Quark" and "Electroweak Model and Constraints on New Physics."

t-Quark Mass (Direct Measurements)

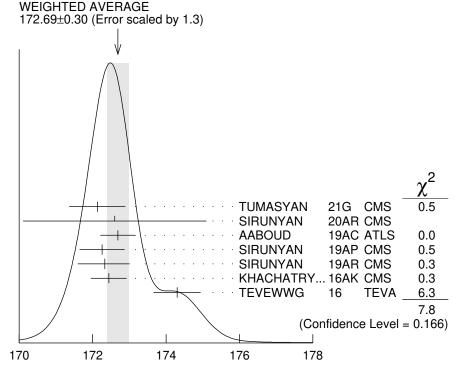
The following measurements extract a t-quark mass from the kinematics of $t\overline{t}$ events. They are sensitive to the top quark mass used in the MC generator that is usually interpreted as the pole mass, but the theoretical uncertainty in this interpretation is hard to quantify. See the review "The Top Quark" and references therein for more information.

OUR AVERAGE of 172.69 \pm 0.30 GeV is an average of top mass measurements from LHC and Tevatron Runs. The latest Tevatron average, 174.30 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.54 GeV, was provided by the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group (TEVEWWG).

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
172.69 ± 0.30 OUR AVE below.	RAGE Error inclu	des scale facto	or of 1.3. See the ideogram
$172.13^{+}_{-} \begin{array}{l} 0.76 \\ 0.77 \end{array}$	$^{ m 1}$ TUMASYAN	21G CMS	t-channel single top production
$172.6 ~\pm~ 2.5$	² SIRUNYAN	20AR CMS	jet mass from boosted top
$172.69 \pm \ 0.25 \pm \ 0.41$	³ AABOUD	19AC ATLS	7, 8 TeV ATLAS combination
$172.26 \pm \ 0.07 \pm \ 0.61$	⁴ SIRUNYAN	19AP CMS	lepton+jets, all-jets channels
$172.33\pm \ 0.14 ^{+}_{-} \ 0.66 \ 0.72$	⁵ SIRUNYAN	19AR CMS	dilepton channel ($e\mu$, $2e$, 2μ)
$172.44 \pm \ 0.13 \pm \ 0.47$	⁶ KHACHATRY.	16AK CMS	7, 8 TeV CMS combination
$174.30 \pm\ 0.35 \pm\ 0.54$	⁷ TEVEWWG	16 TEVA	Tevatron combination
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the	following data for	averages, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
$172.08 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.82$	⁸ AABOUD	19AC ATLS	$\ell + \geq 4j \; (2b)$
$172.34 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.70$	⁹ SIRUNYAN	19AP CMS	\geq 6 jets (\geq 2b)
$172.25 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.62$	¹⁰ SIRUNYAN	18DE CMS	$\ell + \geq 4j$ (2b)
$173.72 \pm 0.55 \pm 1.01$	¹¹ AABOUD	17AH ATLS	≥ 5 jets $(2b)$
$174.95 \pm \ 0.40 \pm \ 0.64$	¹² ABAZOV	17B D0	ℓ + jets and dilepton channels
$172.95 \pm 0.77 ^{+}_{-} \stackrel{0.97}{0.93}$	¹³ SIRUNYAN	17L CMS	t-channel single top production
170.8 ± 9.0	¹⁴ SIRUNYAN	17N CMS	jet mass in highly-boosted $t\overline{t}$ events
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172.22 \pm \phantom{0}0.18 ^{+\phantom{0}0.89}_{-\phantom{0}0.93}
                                   <sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN
                                                           170 CMS
                                                                              Dilepton channel
                                                           16⊤ ATLS
                                   <sup>16</sup> AABOUD
172.99 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.74
                                                                              dilepton channel
                                   <sup>17</sup> AABOUD
172.84 + 0.34 + 0.61
                                                            16T ATLS
                                                                              combination of ATLAS
                                   <sup>18</sup> ABAZOV
                                                            16
                                                                   D0
                                                                             \ell\ell+\not\!\!E_T + \geq 2\mathsf{j} ( \geq 2b)
173.32 \pm 1.36 \pm 0.85
173.93 \pm \ 1.61 \pm \ 0.88
                                   <sup>19</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                              \ell\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2j \ (\geq 2b)
                                                           16D D0
                              20,21 KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
172.35 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.48
                                                                             \ell + \geq 4j (2b)
                              20,21 KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
172.32 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.59
                                                                              > 6 jets (2b)
                              <sup>20,22</sup> KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
172.82 \pm 0.19 \pm 1.22
                                                                              (ee/\mu\mu)+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2b, e\mu+\geq 2b
173.68 \!\pm\!\phantom{0}0.20 \!+\!\phantom{0}1.58 \atop -\!\phantom{0}0.97
                                   <sup>23</sup> KHACHATRY...16AL CMS
                                                                              semi- + di-leptonic channels
                                   <sup>24</sup> KHACHATRY...16CB CMS
173.5 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.9
                                                                              t \rightarrow (W \rightarrow \ell \nu)(b \rightarrow
                                                                                  J/\psi X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X)
175.1 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.2
                                   <sup>25</sup> AAD
                                                           15AW ATLS
                                                                             small \not\!\!E_T, \geq 6 jets (2b-tag)
                                  <sup>26</sup> AAD
172.99 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.78
                                                            15BF ATLS
                                                                             \ell + jets and dilepton
171.5 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.5
                                   <sup>27</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            15D CDF
                                                                              \ell\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2j
175.07 \pm \ 1.19 {}^{+}_{-} \ 1.55 \\ 1.58
                                   <sup>28</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            14N CDF
                                                                              small \not\!\!E_T, 6–8 jets ( \geq 1b-tag)
                                   <sup>29</sup> ABAZOV
                                                           14C D0
174.98 \pm 0.58 \pm 0.49
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets } (\geq 1 \text{ } b\text{-tag})
                                   <sup>30</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14C CMS
173.49 \pm 0.69 \pm 1.21
                                                                              \geq 6 jets ( \geq 2 b-tag)
                                   <sup>31</sup> AALTONEN
                                                           13H CDF
173.93 \pm 1.64 \pm 0.87
                                                                              \not\!\!E_T + \geq 4 jets ( \geq 1 b)
173.9 \ \pm \ 0.9 \ {}^{+}_{-} \ {}^{1.7}_{2.1}
                                   <sup>32</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13s CMS
                                                                             \ell\ell + E_T + \geq 2b-tag (MT2_{(T)})
                                   33 <sub>AAD</sub>
                                                           12I ATLS
174.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 2.3
                                                                             \ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4 jets ( \ge 1 b), MT
                                   <sup>34</sup> AALTONEN
                                                           12AI CDF
172.85 \pm 0.71 \pm 0.85
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\! E_T + \geq 4j (0,1,2b) template
                                   <sup>35</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            12AL CDF
172.7 \pm 9.3 \pm 3.7
                                                                              	au_h + \not\!\!E_T + 4\mathsf{j} \ (\geq 1b)
                                   <sup>36</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            12AP TEVA
173.18 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.75
                                                                             CDF, D0 combination
                                   <sup>37</sup> AALTONEN
172.5 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.5
                                                            12G CDF
                                                                              6–8 jets with \geq 1 b
                                   <sup>38</sup> ABAZOV
173.7 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.5
                                                            12AB D0
                                                                              \ell\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2 j (\nu WT)
                                   <sup>39</sup> ABAZOV
173.9 \pm 1.9 \pm 1.6
                                                           12AB D0
                                                                              \ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\nu \mathsf{WT} + \mathsf{MWT})
                                   <sup>40</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BA CMS
172.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.5
                                                                             \ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2j\ (\geq 1b), AMWT
                                   <sup>41</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BP CMS
173.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.98
                                                                              \ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j \ (\ge 2b)
                                   <sup>42</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            11AC CDF
172.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.3
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets } (\geq 1 \text{ } b\text{-tag})
                                   <sup>43</sup> AALTONEN
172.3 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.0
                                                            11AK CDF
                                                                              Repl. by AALTONEN 13H
                                   <sup>44</sup> AALTONEN
172.1 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.9
                                                            11E CDF
                                                                              \ell + jets and dilepton
                                   <sup>45</sup> AALTONEN
176.9 \pm 8.0 \pm 2.7
                                                            11T CDF
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets ( \geq 1 b-tag),
                                                                                 p_T(\ell) shape
                                   <sup>46</sup> ABAZOV
174.94 \pm 0.83 \pm 1.24
                                                           11P D0
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets } (\geq 1 \text{ } b\text{-tag})
                                   <sup>47</sup> ABAZOV
174.0 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.4
                                                           11R D0
                                                                              dilepton + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2 jets
175.5 \pm 4.6 \pm 4.6
                                   <sup>48</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11F CMS
                                                                              \mathsf{dilepton} + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}
                                   <sup>49</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            10AE CDF
                                                                              173.0 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.9
                                                                                  ME method
                                   <sup>50</sup> AALTONEN
169.3 \pm 2.7 \pm 3.2
                                                            10c CDF
                                                                              \mathsf{dilepton} + b\mathsf{-tag} \; (\mathsf{MT2} \mathsf{+} \mathsf{NWA})
                                   <sup>51</sup> AALTONEN
170.7 \pm 6.3 \pm 2.6
                                                            10D CDF
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets (b-tag)}
174.8 \pm 2.4 + 1.2
                                   <sup>52</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            10E CDF
                                                                              \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                   <sup>53</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            09AK CDF
180.5 \pm 12.0 \pm 3.6
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets} (soft \mu b-tag)
                                   <sup>54</sup> AALTONEN
                                                           09J CDF
                                                                              \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets (b-tag)
172.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.2
                                   <sup>55</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            09k CDF
171.1 \pm 3.7 \pm 2.1
                                                                              6 jets, vtx b-tag
171.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.1
                                   <sup>56</sup> AALTONEN
                                                           09L CDF
                                                                              \ell + jets, \ell\ell + jets
                                   <sup>57</sup> AALTONEN
171.2 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.9
                                                            090 CDF
                                                                              dilepton
165.5 \begin{array}{c} + & 3.4 \\ - & 3.3 \end{array} \pm \ 3.1
                                   <sup>58</sup> AALTONEN
                                                            09X CDF
                                                                             \ell\ell + E_T (\nu\phi \text{ weighting})
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$174.7 \pm 4.4 \pm 2.0$	⁵⁹ ABAZOV	09AH	D0	$dilepton + \mathit{b}\text{-}tag\;(\nuWT\text{+}MWT)$
$170.7 \ \ ^{+} \ \ ^{4.2} \ \pm \ \ 3.9$	60,61 AALTONEN	08C	CDF	dilepton, $\sigma_{t\overline{t}}$ constrained
$171.5 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.1$		08AH	D0	$\ell + ot\!$
$177.1 \pm 4.9 \pm 4.7$	63,64 AALTONEN	07	CDF	6 jets with $\geq 1 \ b \ \text{vtx}$
$172.3 \ \begin{array}{c} +10.8 \\ -9.6 \end{array} \pm 10.8$	65 AALTONEN	07 B	CDF	\geq 4 jets (b -tag)
$174.0 \pm 2.2 \pm 4.8$			CDF	\geq 6 jets, vtx <i>b</i> -tag
$170.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.4$		071	CDF	lepton + jets (b-tag)
$173.7 \pm 4.4 + 2.1$		07F	D0	lepton + jets
$176.2 \pm 9.2 \pm 3.9$		07W		dilepton (MWT)
$179.5 \pm 7.4 \pm 5.6$		07W		dilepton ($ u$ WT)
$164.5 \pm 3.9 \pm 3.9$		07 D	CDF	dilepton
$180.7 \ ^{+15.5}_{-13.4} \pm 8.6$	⁷² ABULENCIA	07 J	CDF	lepton + jets
$170.3 \begin{array}{c} + & 4.1 & + & 1.2 \\ - & 4.5 & - & 1.8 \end{array}$	68,73 ABAZOV	06 ∪	D0	$lepton + jets \; (\mathit{b}\text{-}tag)$
$173.2 \ ^{+}_{-}\ ^{2.6}_{2.4} \ \pm \ 3.2$	^{74,75} ABULENCIA	06 D	CDF	lepton + jets
$173.5 \ ^{+}_{-} \ ^{3.7}_{3.6} \ \pm \ 1.3$	61,74 ABULENCIA	06 D	CDF	lepton + jets
$165.2 \pm 6.1 \pm 3.4$		06 G	CDF	dilepton
$170.1 \pm 6.0 \pm 4.1$	61,77 ABULENCIA	06V	CDF	dilepton
$178.5 \pm 13.7 \pm 7.7$	78,79 ABAZOV	05	D0	6 or more jets
$180.1 \pm 3.6 \pm 3.9$		04G	D0	lepton + jets
$176.1 \pm 5.1 \pm 5.3$		01	CDF	lepton + jets
$176.1~\pm~6.6$	⁸³ AFFOLDER	01	CDF	dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets
$172.1 \pm 5.2 \pm 4.9$		99 G	D0	di-lepton, lepton+jets
$176.0~\pm~6.5$	85,86 ABE	99 B	CDF	dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets
$167.4 \pm 10.3 \pm 4.8$		99 B	CDF	dilepton
$168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$	0.1.00	98 D	D0	dilepton
$173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$		98F	D0	lepton + jets
$175.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 5.3$		98E	CDF	lepton + jets
$161 \pm 17 \pm 10$	87 ABE	98F	CDF	dilepton
$172.1 \pm 5.2 \pm 4.9$		98 B	RVUE	dilepton and lepton+jets
173.8 ± 5.0	91 BHAT	98 B	RVUE	dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets
$173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 6.2$	81 ABACHI	97E	D0	lepton + jets
$186 \pm 10 \pm 5.7$	87,92 ABE	97 R	CDF	6 or more jets
$199 {}^{+ 19}_{- 21} \pm 22$	ABACHI	95	D0	lepton + jets
$176 \pm \ 8 \pm 10$	ABE	95F	CDF	$lepton + \mathit{b}\text{-}jet$
174 ± 10 $+13$ -12	ABE	94E	CDF	lepton + <i>b</i> -jet



t-Quark Mass (Direct Measurements) (GeV)

- ¹ TUMASYAN 21G based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Events are selected by requiring $1\ell+2$ jets(1b jet) final state.
- 2 SIRUNYAN 20AR based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The products of the hadronic decay of a top quark with $p_T>400$ GeV, in the ℓ + jets channel of $t\overline{t}$ are reconstructed as a single jet. The top quark mass is determined from the normalized differential cross section measurement in the $m_{\rm iet}$ distribution.
- 3 AABOUD 19AC is an ATLAS combination of 7 and 8 TeV top-quark mass determination in the dilepton, lepton + jets, and all jets channels.
- ⁴ SIRUNYAN 19AP based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. A combined measurement using the lepton+jets and all-jets channels through a single likelihood function. See SIRUNYAN 18DE and SIRUNYAN 19AP below
- See SIRUNYAN 18DE and SIRUNYAN 19AP below. 5 SIRUNYAN 19AR based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Obtained from a simultaneous fit of the cross section and the top quark mass in the POWHEG simulation. The cross section is used also to extract the $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass and the strong coupling constant for different PDF sets.
- ⁶ KHACHATRYAN 16AK based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Combination of the three top mass measurements in KHACHATRYAN 16AK and with the CMS results at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV.
- 7 TEVEWWG 16 is the latest Tevatron average (July 2016) provided by the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group. It takes correlated uncertainties into account and has a χ^2 of 10.8 for 11 degrees of freedom.
- ⁸ AABOUD 19AC based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Uses optimized event selection to suppress less-well-reconstructed events and template fits to determine m_t together with a global jet energy scale factor and a relative b-to-light-jet energy scale factor.
- 9 SIRUNYAN 19AP based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. A kinematical fit is applied to each event assuming the signal event topology. m_t is determined simultaneously with a jet energy scale factor (JSF). The second error represents stat.+JSF. Modeling uncertainties are larger than in the measurements at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV because of the use of new alternative color reconnection models.

- 10 SIRUNYAN 18DE based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. m_t is determined simultaneously with an overall jet energy scale factor constrained by the mass of the hadronically decayed W. Compared to the Run 1 analysis a more advanced treatment of modeling uncertainties are employed, in particular concerning color-reconnection models.
- ¹¹ AABOUD 17AH based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Uses template fits to the ratio of the masses of three-jets (from t candidate) and dijets (from t candidate), to suppress jet energy scale uncertainty. Large QCD background is modelled using a data-driven method.
- ¹² ABAZOV 17B is a combination of measurements of the top quark mass by D0 in the lepton+jets and dilepton channels, using all data collected in Run I (1992–1996) at \sqrt{s} = 1.8 TeV and Run II (2001–2011) at \sqrt{s} = 1.96 TeV of the Tevatron, corresponding to integrated luminosities of 0.1 fb⁻¹ and 9.7 fb⁻¹, respectively.
- 13 SIRUNYAN 17L based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. m_t is reconstructed from a fit to the invariant mass distribution of $\mu\nu\,b$, where p_T^{miss} and W mass constraint are used to reconstruct ν momentum. The number of events for various contributions, except for the t-channel single top one, are fixed to the values extracted from simulation. Superseded by TUMASYAN 21G.
- 14 SIRUNYAN 17N based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The fully hadronic decay of a highly-boosted t is reconstructed in the $\ell+{\rm jets}$ channel and unfolded at the particle level. The sensitivity of the peak position of the m_{jet} distribution is used to test quality of the modelling by the simulation.
- ¹⁵ SIRUNYAN 170 based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Analysis is based on the kinematical observables $M(b\ell)$, M_{T2} and $M(b\ell\nu)$. A fit is performed to determine m_t and an overall jet energy scale factor simultaneously.
- 16 AABOUD 16T based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The analysis is refined using the p_T and invariant mass distributions of $\ell+b$ -jet system. A combination with measurements from $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV data in the dilepton and lepton+jets channels gives $172.84\pm0.34\pm0.61$ GeV.
- ¹⁷ AABOUD 16T is an ATLAS combination of 8 TeV top-quark mass in the dilepton channel with previous measurements from $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV data in the dilepton and lepton + jets channels.
- ABAZOV 16 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Employs improved fit to minimize statistical errors and improved jet energy calibration, using lepton + jets mode, which reduces error of jet energy scale. Based on previous determination in ABAZOV 12AB with increased integrated luminosity and improved fit and calibrations.
- ¹⁹ABAZOV 16D based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV, using the matrix element technique. Based on previous determination in ABAZOV 11R with increased integrated luminosity. There is a strong correlation with the determination in ABAZOV 16. (See ABAZOV 17B.)
- 20 KHACHATRYAN 16AK based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Combination of the three top mass measurements in KHACHATRYAN 16AK and with the CMS results at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV gives 172.44 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.47 GeV.
- $^{21}\,\mathrm{The}$ top mass and jet energy scale factor are determined by a fit.
- ²²Uses the analytical matrix weighting technique method.
- ²³ KHACHATRYAN 16AL based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Determined from the invariant mass distribution of leptons and reconstructed secondary vertices from b decays using only charged particles. The uncertainty is dominated by modeling of b fragmentation and top p_T distribution.
- 24 KHACHATRYAN 16CB based on 666 candidate reconstructed events corresponding to 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The measurement exploits correlation of m_t with M(J/ $\psi\ell$) in the same top quark decay, using a high-purity event sample. A study on modeling of b-quark fragmentation is given in Sec.3.3.
- ²⁵ AAD 15AW based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses template fits to the ratio of the masses of three-jets (from t candidate) and dijets (from t candidate). Large background from multijet production is modeled with data-driven methods.

- 26 AAD 15BF based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\,p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Using a three-dimensional template likelihood technique the lepton plus jets ($\geq 1b$ -tagged) channel gives 172.33 \pm 0.75 \pm 1.02 GeV, while exploiting a one dimensional template method using $m_{\ell\,b}$ the dilepton channel (1 or 2b-tags) gives 173.79 \pm 0.54 \pm 1.30 GeV. The results are combined.
- ²⁷ AALTONEN 15D based on 9.1 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Uses a template technique to fit a distribution of a variable defined by a linear combination of variables sensitive and insensitive to jet energy scale to optimize reduction of systematic errors. b-tagged and non-b-tagged events are separately analyzed and combined.
- $^{28}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on $9.3~\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Multivariate algorithm is used to discriminate signal from backgrounds, and templates are used to measure m_t .
- ²⁹ Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. A matrix element method is used to calculate the probability of an event to be signal or background, and the overall jet energy scale is constrained *in situ* by m_W . See ABAZOV 15G for further details.
- $^{30}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 3.54 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The mass is reconstructed for each event employing a kinematic fit of the jets to a ttbar hypothesis. The combination with the pervious CMS measurements in the dilepton and the lepton+jets channels gives $173.54\pm0.33\pm0.96$ GeV.
- 31 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with an identified charged lepton or small $\not\!\!E_T$ are rejected from the event sample, so that the measurement is statistically independent from those in the $\ell+$ jets and all hadronic channels while being sensitive to those events with a τ lepton in the final state.
- $^{32}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13S studied events with di-lepton $+\not\!\!E_T \ + \ \geq 2$ b-jets, and looked for kinematical endpoints of MT2, MT2 $_T$, and subsystem variables.
- 33 AAD 121 based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. Uses 2d-template analysis (MT) with m_t and jet energy scale factor (JSF) from m_W mass fit.
- ³⁴ Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The JES is calibrated by using the dijet mass from the W boson decay.
- ³⁵ Use the ME method based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV.
- 36 Combination based on up to 5.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV.
- ³⁷ Based on 5.8 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV the quoted value is $m_t=172.5\pm1.4({\rm stat})\pm1.0({\rm JES})\pm1.1({\rm syst})$ GeV. The measurement is performed with a liklihood fit technique which simultaneously determines m_t and JES (Jet Energy Scale).
- $^{38}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 4.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data in p-pbar collisions at 1.96 TeV. The measurement reduces the JES uncertainty by using the single lepton channel study of ABAZOV 11P.
- 39 Combination with the result in 1 fb $^{-1}$ of preceding data reported in ABAZOV 09AH as well as the MWT result of ABAZOV 11R with a statistical correlation of 60%.
- 40 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses an analytical matrix weighting technique (AMWT) and full kinematic analysis (KIN).
- ⁴¹ Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The first error is statistical and JES combined, and the second is systematic. Ideogram method is used to obtain 2D liklihood for the kinematical fit with two parameters mtop and JES.
- 42 Based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and JES combined, and the latter is from the other systematic uncertainties. The result is obtained using an unbinned maximum likelihood method where the top quark mass and the JES are measured simultaneously, with $\Delta_{JES}=0.3\pm0.3({\rm stat}).$
- 43 Based on 5.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with an identified charged lepton or small E_T are rejected from the event sample, so that the measurement is statistically independent from those in the ℓ + jets and all hadronic channels while being sensitive to those events with a τ lepton in the final state. Supersedes AALTONEN 07B.
- 44 AALTONEN 11E based on 5.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Employs a multi-dimensional template likelihood technique where the lepton plus jets (one or two b-tags) channel gives $172.2\pm1.2\pm0.9$ GeV while the dilepton channel yields $170.3\pm2.0\pm3.1$ GeV. The results are combined. OUR EVALUATION includes the measurement in the dilepton channel only.

- ⁴⁵ Uses a likelihood fit of the lepton p_T distribution based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ in $p_{\overline{p}}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 46 Based on 3.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11P reports 174.94 \pm 0.83 \pm 0.78 \pm 0.96 GeV, where the first uncertainty is from statistics, the second from JES, and the last from other systematic uncertainties. We combine the JES and systematic uncertainties. A matrix-element method is used where the JES uncertainty is constrained by the W mass. ABAZOV 11P describes a measurement based on 2.6 fb $^{-1}$ that is combined with ABAZOV 08AH, which employs an independent 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data.
- ⁴⁷ Based on a matrix-element method which employs 5.4 fb⁻¹ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 12AB.
- ⁴⁸ Based on 36 pb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. A Kinematic Method using b-tagging and an analytical Matrix Weighting Technique give consistent results and are combined. Superseded by CHATRCHYAN 12BA.
- ⁴⁹ Based on 5.6 fb⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The likelihood calculated using a matrix element method gives $m_t=173.0\pm0.7(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.6(\mathrm{JES})\pm0.9(\mathrm{syst})$ GeV, for a total uncertainty of 1.2 GeV.
- 50 Based on 3.4 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The result is obtained by combining the MT2 variable method and the NWA (Neutrino Weighting Algorithm). The MT2 method alone gives $m_t=168.0^{+4.8}_{-4.0}(\mathrm{stat})\pm2.9(\mathrm{syst})$ GeV with smaller systematic error due to small JES uncertainty.
- 51 Based on $1.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. The result is from the measurement using the transverse decay length of b-hadrons and that using the transverse momentum of the W decay muons, which are both insensitive to the JES (jet energy scale) uncertainty. OUR EVALUATION uses only the measurement exploiting the decay length significance which yields $166.9^{+9.5}_{-8.5}({\rm stat})\pm 2.9~({\rm syst})$ GeV. The measurement that uses the lepton transverse momentum is excluded from the average because of a statistical correlation with other samples.
- 52 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and JES uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics. Neural-network-based kinematical selection of 6 highest E_T jets with a vtx b-tag is used to distinguish signal from background. Superseded by AALTONEN 12G.
- 53 Based on 2 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The top mass is obtained from the measurement of the invariant mass of the lepton (e or μ) from W decays and the soft μ in b-jet. The result is insensitive to jet energy scaling.
- 54 Based on $1.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. The first error is from statistics and jet energy scale uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics. Matrix element method with effective propagators.
- 55 Based on 943 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistical and jet-energy-scale uncertainties, and the latter is from other systematics. AALTONEN 09K selected 6 jet events with one or more vertex b-tags and used the tree-level matrix element to construct template models of signal and background.
- 56 Based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistical and jet-energy-scale (JES) uncertainties, and the second is from other systematics. Events with lepton + jets and those with dilepton + jets were simultaneously fit to constrain m_t and JES. Lepton + jets data only give $m_t=171.8\pm2.2$ GeV, and dilepton data only give $m_t=171.2^{+5.3}_{-5.1}$ GeV.
- 57 Based on 2 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Matrix Element method. Optimal selection criteria for candidate events with two high p_T leptons, high E_T , and two or more jets with and without b-tag are obtained by neural network with neuroevolution technique to minimize the statistical error of m_t .
- 58 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Mass m_t is estimated from the likelihood for the eight-fold kinematical solutions in the plane of the azimuthal angles of the two neutrino momenta.
- Based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with two identified leptons, and those with one lepton plus one isolated track and a b-tag were used to constrain m_t . The

- result is a combination of the uWT (u Weighting Technique) result of $176.2 \pm 4.8 \pm 2.1$ GeV and the MWT (Matrix-element Weighting Technique) result of $173.2 \pm 4.9 \pm 2.0$
- 60 Reports measurement of $170.7^{+4.2}_{-3.9}\pm2.6\pm2.4$ GeV based on $1.2~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 1.96 TeV. The last error is due to the theoretical uncertainty on $\sigma_{t\,\overline{t}}$. Without the cross-section constraint a top mass of $169.7^{+5.2}_{-4.9}\pm3.1$ GeV is obtained.
- ⁶¹ Template method.
- 62 Result is based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. The first error is from statistics and jet energy scale uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics.
- 63 Based on 310 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 64 Ideogram method.
- Based on 311 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with 4 or more jets with $E_T>15$ GeV, significant missing E_T , and secondary vertex b-tag are used in the fit. About 44% of the signal acceptance is from au
 u+4 jets. Events with identified e or μ are vetoed to provide a statistically independent measurement.
- 66 Based on $1.02~{
 m fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Superseded by AALTONEN 12G.
- $^{67}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 955 pb^{-1} of data $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. m_t and JES (Jet Energy Scale) are fitted simultaneously, and the first error contains the JES contribution of 1.5 GeV.
- 68 Matrix element method.
- 69 Based on 425 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 1.96 TeV. The first error is a combination of statistics and JES (Jet Energy Scale) uncertainty, which has been measured simultaneously to give $JES = 0.989 \pm 0.029(stat)$.
- $^{70}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of MWT (Matrix-element Weighting Technique) and $\nu\mathrm{WT}$ (ν Weighting Technique) analyses is 178.1 \pm 6.7 ± 4.8 GeV.
- $^{71}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on $1.0~\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~\mathrm{TeV}.$ ABULENCIA 07D improves the matrix element description by including the effects of initial-state radiation.
- 72 Based on 695 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The transverse decay length of the b hadron is used to determine m_t , and the result is free from the JES (jet energy scale)
- 73 Based on \sim 400 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. The first error includes statistical and systematic jet energy scale uncertainties, the second error is from the other systematics. The result is obtained with the b-tagging information. The result without b-tagging is $169.2 ^{+5.0}_{-7.4} ^{+1.5}_{-1.4}$ GeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 08AH.
- ⁷⁴ Based on 318 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ⁷⁵ Dynamical likelihood method.
- $^{76}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 340 pb^{-1} of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $^{77}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 360 pb^{-1} of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 78 Based on $110.2 \pm 5.8~ ext{pb}^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8~ ext{TeV}.$
- 79 Based on the all hadronic decays of $t\bar{t}$ pairs. Single b-quark tagging via the decay chain $b
 ightarrow \ c
 ightarrow \ \mu$ was used to select signal enriched multijet events. The result was obtained by the maximum likelihood method after bias correction.
- 80 Obtained by re-analysis of the lepton + jets candidate events that led to ABBOTT 98F. It is based upon the maximum likelihood method which makes use of the leading order matrix elements.
- 81 Based on 125 \pm 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.
- 82 Based on ~ 106 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 1.8 TeV.
- 83 Obtained by combining the measurements in the lepton + jets [AFFOLDER 01], all-jets [ABE 97R, ABE 99B], and dilepton [ABE 99B] decay topologies.
- Obtained by combining the D0 result m_t (GeV) = $168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$ from 6 di-lepton events (see also ABBOTT 98D) and m_t (GeV) = $173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$ from lepton+jet events (ABBOTT 98F).
- 85 Obtained by combining the CDF results of m_t (GeV)= $167.4\pm10.3\pm4.8$ from 8 dilepton events, m_t (GeV)=175.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 5.3 from lepton+jet events (ABE 98E), and m_t

(GeV)=186.0 \pm 10.0 \pm 5.7 from all-jet events (ABE 97R). The systematic errors in the latter two measurements are changed in this paper.

- $^{86}\,\mathrm{See}$ AFFOLDER 01 for details of systematic error re-evaluation.
- ⁸⁷ Based on 109 \pm 7 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- 88 See ABAZOV 04G.
- ⁸⁹ The updated systematic error is listed. See AFFOLDER 01, appendix C.
- ⁹⁰ Obtained by combining the DØ results of $m_t(\text{GeV}) = 168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$ from 6 dilepton events and $m_t(\text{GeV}) = 173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$ from 77 lepton+jet events.
- 91 Obtained by combining the DØ results from dilepton and lepton+jet events, and the CDF results (ABE 99B) from dilepton, lepton+jet events, and all-jet events.
- 92 Based on the first observation of all hadronic decays of $t\bar{t}$ pairs. Single b-quark tagging with jet-shape variable constraints was used to select signal enriched multi-jet events. The updated systematic error is listed. See AFFOLDER 01, appendix C.

t-Quark Mass from Cross-Section Measurements

The top quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ or pole mass can be extracted from a measurement of $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})$ by using theory calculations. We quote below the $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass. See the review "The Top Quark" and references therein for more information.

VALUE (GeV) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$162.5^{+2.1}_{-1.5}$ OUR AVERAGE

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

- 1 AAD 19G based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Normalized $t\overline{t}+1$ -jet differential cross section as a function of $t\overline{t}j$ invariant mass is measured in the ℓ + jets mode. The unfolded parton-level distribution is compared with the NLO QCD prediction. The three errors are from statitics, systematics, and theory.
- ²Based on 5.3 fb⁻¹ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11S uses the measured $t\bar{t}$ production cross section of $8.13^{+1.02}_{-0.90}$ pb [ABAZOV 11E] in the lepton plus jets channel to obtain the top quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass by using an approximate NNLO computation (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09). The corresponding top quark pole mass is $167.5^{+5.4}_{-4.9}$ GeV. A different theory calculation (AHRENS 10, AHRENS 10A) is also used and yields $m_t^{\overline{\rm MS}}=154.5^{+5.0}_{-4.3}$ GeV.
- 3 Based on $1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}.$ Uses the $\ell+{\rm jets},~\ell\ell,$ and $\ell\tau+{\rm jets}$ channels. ABAZOV 09AG extract the pole mass of the top quark using two different calculations that yield $169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2}$ GeV (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09) and $168.2^{+5.9}_{-5.4}$ GeV (KIDONAKIS 08).
- 4 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Uses the $\ell\ell$ and $\ell\tau$ + jets channels. ABAZOV 09R extract the pole mass of the top quark using two different calculations that yield 173.3 $^{+9.8}_{-8.6}$ GeV (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09) and 171.5 $^{+9.9}_{-8.8}$ GeV (CACCIARI 08).

t-Quark Pole Mass from Cross-Section Measurements

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
172.5±0.7 OUR AVERAGE					
$173.1^{+2.0}_{-2.1}$	¹ AAD	20Q ATLS	$e + \mu + 1$ or 2 \emph{b} -jets		
$171.1 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.9 ^{+0.7}_{-0.3}$	² AAD	19G ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ \geq 5 \ j \ (2b ext{-}j)$		
$173.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.2$ 170.6 ± 2.7	³ AABOUD ⁴ SIRUNYAN	17BC ATLS 17W CMS	$e + \mu + \geq 1b$ jets $\ell + \geq 1$ j		
$172.8 \pm 1.1 {+3.3 \atop -3.1}$	⁵ ABAZOV	16F D0	$\ell\ell$, $\ell+$ jets channels		
$173.8^{+1.7}_{-1.8}$	⁶ KHACHATRY	′16AW CMS	$e + \mu + ot\!\!E_T + \geq 0$ j		
$173.7^{+2.3}_{-2.1}$	⁷ AAD	15BWATLS	$\ell + ot\!$		
$172.9^{+2.5}_{-2.6}$	⁸ AAD	14AY ATLS	pp at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7, 8 TeV		
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •					
170.5 ± 0.8	⁹ SIRUNYAN	20BV CMS	t t normalized multi-		

 9 SIRUNYAN 20BV CMS $t\overline{t}$ normalized multi-differential cross sections 10 CHATRCHYAN 14 CMS pp at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 1 AAD 20Q based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV. The result is obtained from the inclusive cross section measurement and the NNLO+NNLL prediction.

 2 AAD 19G based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Normalized $t\overline{t}+1$ -jet differential cross section as a function of $t\overline{t}j$ invariant mass is measured in the ℓ + jets mode. The unfolded parton-level distribution is compared with the NLO QCD prediction. The three errors are from statitics, systematics, and theory.

 3 AABOUD 17BC based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The pole mass is extracted from a fit of NLO predictions to eight single lepton and dilepton differential distributions, while simultaneously constraining uncertainties due to PDFs and QCD scales. The three reported uncertainties come from statistics, experimental systematics, and theoretical sources.

 4 SIRUNYAN 17W based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Events are categorized according to the jet multiplicity and the number of b-tagged jets. The pole mass is obtained from the inclusive cross section measurement and the NNLO prediction.

 5 ABAZOV 16F based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The result is obtained from the inclusive cross section measurement and the NNLO+NNLL prediction.

 6 KHACHATRYAN 16AW based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp collisions at 7 TeV and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The 7 TeV data include those used in CHATRCHYAN 14. The result is obtained from the inclusive cross sections.

from the inclusive cross sections. 7 AAD 15BW based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses normalized differential cross section for $t\,\overline{t}+1$ jet as a function of the inverse of the invariant mass of the $t\,\overline{t}+1$ jet system. The measured cross section is corrected to the parton level. Then a fit to the data using NLO + parton shower prediction is performed.

⁸ AAD 14AY used $\sigma(t\overline{t})$ for $e\mu$ events. The result is a combination of the measurements $m_t=171.4\pm2.6$ GeV based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of data at 7 TeV and $m_t=174.1\pm2.6$ GeV based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of data at 8 TeV.

9 SIRUNYAN 20BV based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The error accounts for both experimental and theoretical uncertainties. Events containing two oppositely charged leptons are used. The pole mass is particularly sensitive to the $t\bar{t}$ invariant mass distribution close to the threshold. However, the Coulomb and soft gluon resummation effects are not taken into account, hence, an additional theoretical uncertainty of order +1 GeV is assumed.

 10 CHATRCHYAN 14 used $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})$ from $p\,p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV measured in CHATRCHYAN 12AX to obtain $m_t({\rm pole})$ for $\alpha_s(m_Z)=0.1184\pm0.0007.$ The errors have been corrected in KHACHATRYAN 14K.

$m_t - m_{\overline{t}}$

Test of $\ensuremath{\textit{CPT}}$ conservation. OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
-0.15±0.20 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes	scale	factor o	f 1.1.
$0.83^{igoplus 1.79}_{-1.35}$	¹ TUMASYAN	21 G	CMS	t-channel single top production
	² CHATRCHYAN		CMS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j \; (\ge 1b \; j)$
	³ AAD		ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j \; (\ge 2 \; b ext{-tags})$
	⁴ AALTONEN			$\ell + \cancel{E}_T^- + \ge 4j \; (0,1,2\ b-tags)$
	⁵ CHATRCHYAN			$\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T + \ge 4j$
$0.8 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.5$	⁶ ABAZOV	11T	D0	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + ext{4 jets (} \geq 1 ext{ } b ext{-tag)}$
• • • We do not use the following	owing data for av	erage	s, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
$-3.3 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0$	⁷ AALTONEN	11K	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 13E
$3.8 \pm 3.4 \pm 1.2$			D0	
$^{ m 1}$ TUMASYAN 21G based o	n 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of μ	p dat	a at \sqrt{s}	= 13 TeV. Events are selected
by requiring $1\ell+2{\sf jets}(1b$				o mass of $172.13^{+0.76}_{-0.77}~\text{GeV/c}^2$
is obtained. 2 CHATRCHYAN 17 based mass of 172.84 \pm 0.10 (st	on 19.6 fb $^{-1}$ of at) GeV is obtain	<i>pp</i> dned.	ata at $_{ m V}$	$\sqrt{s}=$ 8 TeV and an average top
			d an ave	rage top mass of 172.5 GeV/c^2 .
				nd an average top mass of 172.5
,	σ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$	TeV.	Based	on the fitted m_t for ℓ^+ and ℓ^-
⁶ Based on a matrix-elemer 1.96 TeV.	nt method which	empl	oys 3.6	${\sf fb}^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$
	hood technique v	vhich	employs	5.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at \sqrt{s}
$^{-1.90}$ TeV. 8 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data	in $p\overline{p}$ collisions a	at \sqrt{s}	= 1.96	TeV.

t-quark DECAY WIDTH

VALUE (GeV) CL	<u>// D</u>	OCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
1.42 ^{+0.19} _{-0.15} OUR AVE	RAGE I	Error includes	scale	factor of	f 1.4.
$1.76 \pm 0.33 {+ 0.79 \atop - 0.68}$	1 _A	ABOUD	18AZ	ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$
$1.36\!\pm\!0.02\!+\!0.14\\-0.11$	² K	(HACHATRY.	14E	CMS	$\ell\ell + E_T + 2$ -4jets (0-2 b -tag)
$2.00^{+0.47}_{-0.43}$	3 _A	ABAZOV	12T	D0	$\Gamma(t \rightarrow bW)/B(t \rightarrow bW)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 6.38	95	⁴ AALTONEN	13z CDF	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 4 \mathrm{j} \ (\geq 0 \ b),$ direct
$1.99 \! \begin{array}{l} +0.69 \\ -0.55 \end{array}$		⁵ ABAZOV	11B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 12T
> 1.21	95	⁵ ABAZOV	11B D0	$\Gamma(t ightarrow W b)$
< 7.6	95	⁶ AALTONEN	10AC CDF	ℓ $+$ jets, direct
<13.1	95	⁷ AALTONEN	09м CDF	$m_{+}(\text{rec})$ distribution

- 1 Based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Γ_t is measured using a template fit to the reconstructed invariant mass of the b-jet of the semileptonically decaying top quark and the corresponding lepton, and the angular distance between j_b and j_l in hadronic top decay. Signal templates are generated by reweighting events at parton-level to Breit-Wigner distribution with different Γ_t hypotheses for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 1.322 GeV.
- ² Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The result is obtained by combining the measurement of $R=\Gamma(t\to Wb)/\Gamma(t\to Wq~(q=b,s,d))$ and a previous CMS measurement of the t-channel single top production cross section of CHATRCHYAN 12BQ, by using the theoretical calculation of $\Gamma(t\to Wb)$ for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- 3 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. $\Gamma(t\to bW)=1.87^{+0.44}_{-0.40}$ GeV is obtained from the observed t-channel single top quark production cross section, whereas $\mathsf{B}(t\to bW)=0.90\pm0.04$ is used assuming $\sum_q \mathsf{B}(t\to qW)=1$. The result is valid for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. See the paper for the values for $m_t=170$ or 175 GeV.
- 4 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The two sided 68% CL interval is 1.10 GeV < Γ_t < 4.05 GeV for $m_t=$ 172.5 GeV.
- ⁵ Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11B extracted Γ_t from the partial width $\Gamma(t\to Wb)=1.92^{+0.58}_{-0.51}$ GeV measured using the t-channel single top production cross section, and the branching fraction br $t\to Wb=0.962^{+0.068}_{-0.066}(\text{stat})^{+0.064}_{-0.052}(\text{syst})$. The $\Gamma(t\to Wb)$ measurement gives the 95% CL lowerbound of $\Gamma(t\to Wb)$ and hence that of Γ_t .
- 6 Results are based on 4.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The top quark mass and the hadronically decaying W boson mass are reconstructed for each candidate events and compared with templates of different top quark width. The two sided 68% CL interval is 0.3 GeV< $\Gamma_t <$ 4.4 GeV for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- 7 Based on 955 pb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collision data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. AALTONEN 09M selected $t\overline{t}$ candidate events for the $\ell+\cancel{E}_T$ + jets channel with one or two b-tags, and examine the decay width dependence of the reconstructed m_t distribution. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV, whereas the upper limit is lower for smaller m_t .

t DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	Wq(q = b, s, d)		
Γ_2	W b		
Γ3	$e u_e b$	$(11.10\pm0.30)~\%$	
Γ_4	μu_{μ} b	$(11.40\pm0.20)~\%$	
Γ_5	$ au u_{ au}$ b	(10.7 \pm 0.5) %	
Γ_6	q q b	(66.5 ± 1.4) %	
Γ_7	$\gamma q(q=u,c)$	$[a] < 1.8 \times 10^{-6}$	-4 95%
Γ ₈	H^+ b, $H^+ ightarrow ~ au u_ au$		

$\Delta T = 1$ weak neutral current (T1) modes

Γ_9	Zq(q=u,c)	T1	[b] < 5	\times 10 ⁻⁴	95%
Γ_{10}	H u	T1	< 1.9	\times 10 ⁻⁴	95%
Γ_{11}	Нс	T1	< 7.3	\times 10 ⁻⁴	95%
Γ_{12}	$\ell^+ \overline{q} \overline{q}' (q=d,s,b; q'=u,c)$	T1	< 1.6	$\times10^{-3}$	95%

Lepton Family number (LF) violating modes

$$\Gamma_{13} = e^{\pm} \mu^{\mp} c$$
 LF < 8.9 $\times 10^{-7}$ $\Gamma_{14} = e^{\pm} \mu^{\mp} u$ LF < 7 $\times 10^{-8}$

- [a] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to \gamma q)/\Gamma(t \to W b)$.
- [b] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to Zq)/\Gamma(t \to Wb)$.

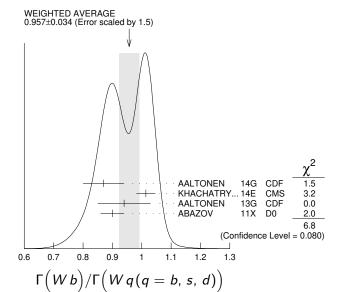
t BRANCHING RATIOS

 Γ_2/Γ_1

 $\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q=b,s,d))$ OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

<u>VALUE</u>	DOCUMENT ID			
0.957±0.034 OUR AVERAGE				
				$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2j$ (0,1,2 <i>b</i> -tag)
$1.014 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.032$	² KHACHATRY	14E	CMS	$\ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 2,3,4$ j (0–2 <i>b</i> -tag)
0.94 ± 0.09	³ AALTONEN	13 G	CDF	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 3$ jets ($\geq 1b$ -tag)
0.90 ± 0.04	⁴ ABAZOV	11x	D0	_

• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •



 1 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This measurement gives $|V_{tb}|=$ 0.93 \pm 0.04 and $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.85 (95% CL) in the SM.

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- 2 Based on $19.7~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8~{\rm TeV}.$ The result is obtained by counting the number of b jets per $t\,\overline{t}$ signal events in the dilepton channel. The $t\,\overline{t}$ production cross section is measured to be $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})=238\pm1\pm15$ pb, in good agreement with the SM prediction and the latest CMS measurement of CHATRCHYAN 14F. The measurement gives R>0.995 (95% CL), or $|V_{tb}|>0.975$ (95% CL) in the SM, requiring $R\leq1$.
- 3 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Measure the fraction of $t\to W\,b$ decays simultaneously with the $t\,\overline{t}$ cross section. The correlation coefficient between those two measurements is -0.434. Assume unitarity of the 3×3 CKM matrix and set $|V_{tb}|>0.89$ at 95% CL.
- Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The result is a combination of 0.95 \pm 0.07 from ℓ + jets channel and 0.86 \pm 0.05 from $\ell\ell$ channel. $|V^{tb}| = 0.95 \pm 0.02$ follows from the result by assuming unitarity of the 3x3 CKM matrix.
- 5 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 95% CL lower bound R > 0.79 gives $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.89 (95% CL).
- ⁶ ABAZOV 06K result is from the analysis of $t\overline{t} \to \ell\nu + \geq 3$ jets with 230 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. It gives R > 0.61 and $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.78 at 95% CL. Superseded by ABAZOV 08M.
- ⁷ ACOSTA 05A result is from the analysis of lepton + jets and di-lepton + jets final states of $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is statistical and the second systematic. It gives R > 0.61, or $|V_{tb}| > 0.78$ at 95% CL.
- ⁸ AFFOLDER 01C measures the top-quark decay width ratio $R = \Gamma(W\,b)/\Gamma(W\,q)$, where q is a d, s, or b quark, by using the number of events with multiple b tags. The first error is statistical and the second systematic. A numerical integration of the likelihood function gives R > 0.61 (0.56) at 90% (95%) CL. By assuming three generation unitarity, $|V_{t\,b}| = 0.97^{+0.16}_{-0.12}$ or $|V_{t\,b}| > 0.78$ (0.75) at 90% (95%) CL is obtained. The result is based on 109 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.

 $\Gamma(e\nu_e b)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_3/Γ

VALUEDOCUMENT IDTECNCOMMENT0.111 \pm 0.0031 AAD15CC ATLS ℓ +jets, $\ell\ell$ +jets, $\ell\tau_h$ +jets

 1 AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The original value is given by $13.3\pm0.4\pm0.5\%$, which includes electrons from the decay of τ leptons. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel. We have converted the original value to eliminate contributions of electrons from τ 's, by using the AAD 15CC measurements of the branching ratios to μ and τ channels, as well as the PDG values of τ branching ratios into e and μ channels.

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The original value is given by $13.4\pm0.3\pm0.5\%$, which includes muons from the decay of τ leptons. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h+$ jets channel. We have converted the original value to eliminate contributions of muons from τ 's, by using the AAD 15CC measurements of the branching ratios to μ and τ channels, as well as the PDG values of τ branching ratios into e and τ channels.

 $\Gamma(\tau \nu_{\tau} b)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{5}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	<u> IECN</u>	COMMENT
0.107 ±0.005 OUR AVERA	(GE		
$0.1050 \pm 0.0009 \pm 0.0071$	¹ SIRUNYAN	20V CMS	$\ell au_h + \geq 3$ jets ($\geq 1b$ -tag)
0.112 ± 0.009	² AAD	15cc ATLS	ℓ +jets, $\ell\ell$ +jets, $\ell\tau_{h}$ +jets
0.096 ± 0.028	³ AALTONEN	14A CDF	$\ell + \tau_{\boldsymbol{h}} + \geq 2 \mathrm{jets} \; (\geq 1 b \mathrm{-tag})$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 4 ABULENCIA 06R CDF $\ell \tau + \text{jets}$ 5 ABE 97V CDF $\ell \tau + \text{jets}$

- 1 SIRUNYAN 20V based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. $t\,\overline{t}$ events are selected in the $t\,\overline{t}\to (\ell\nu_\ell)(\tau_h\nu_\tau)\,b\,\overline{b}$ mode, where τ_h refers to the hadronic decays of τ . The branching ratio is determined with respect to the $t\,\overline{t}$ inclusive cross section extrapolated from the light dilepton mode. The ratio of the $t\,\overline{t}$ production cross sections in the $\ell\tau_h$ and $\ell\ell$ channels yields 0.973 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.066, consistent with lepton universality.
- 2 AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The original value is given by $7.0\pm0.3\pm0.5\%$, which includes only the hadronic decay of τ leptons. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h+$ jets channel. We have converted the original value to include leptonic decays of τ 's, by using the AAD 15CC measurements of the branching ratios to e and μ channels, as well as the PDG values of τ branching ratios into e and μ channels.
- ³ Based on 9 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) , and ℓ (e or μ) include ℓ from τ decays (τ_ℓ) . The result is consistent with lepton universality.
- 4 ABULENCIA 06R looked for $t\overline{t} \to (\ell\nu_\ell)\,(\tau\nu_\tau)\,b\,\overline{b}$ events in 194 pb $^{-1}$ of $p\,\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. 2 events are found where 1.00 ± 0.17 signal and 1.29 ± 0.25 background events are expected, giving a 95% CL upper bound for the partial width ratio $\Gamma(t\to\tau\nu\,q)\,/\,\Gamma_{SM}(t\to\tau\nu\,q)<5.2.$
- ⁵ ABE 97V searched for $t\overline{t} \to (\ell \nu_\ell) (\tau \nu_\tau) b\overline{b}$ events in 109 pb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. They observed 4 candidate events where one expects ~ 1 signal and ~ 2 background events. Three of the four observed events have jets identified as b candidates.

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Branching ratio of top quark into b and jets. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel.

$\Gamma(\gamma q)$	q=u,c))/Γ	total				Γ ₇ /Γ
VALUE		CL%	DOCUMENT ID		ECN	COMMENT
<2.8	× 10 ⁻⁵	95	¹ AAD	20B A	TLS	$B(t o \gamma u)$, left-handed $tu\gamma$ coupling
<6.1	× 10 ⁻⁵	95	¹ AAD	20B A	TLS	$B(t o \gamma u)$, right-handed $tu\gamma$ coupling
<2.2	× 10 ⁻⁴	95	¹ AAD	20B A	TLS	$B(t o \gamma c)$, left-handed $t c \gamma$ coupling
<1.8	× 10 ⁻⁴	95	¹ AAD	20B A	TLS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma c)$, right-handed $t c \gamma$ coupling
< 1.3	\times 10 ⁻⁴	95	² KHACHATRY.	16AS C	CMS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$
< 1.7	$\times 10^{-3}$	95	² KHACHATRY.	16AS C	CMS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma c)$
< 5.9	× 10 ⁻³	95	³ CHEKANOV	03 Z	EUS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$

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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.0064	95	⁴ AARON	09A H1	$t ightarrow \gamma u$
< 0.0465	95	⁵ ABDALLAH	04c DLPH	$B(\gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$
< 0.0132	95	⁶ AKTAS	04 H1	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$
< 0.041	95	⁷ ACHARD	02J L3	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$
< 0.032	95	⁸ ABF	98G CDF	$t \overline{t} \rightarrow (W h) (\gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$

- 1 AAD 20B based on 81 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. FCNC through single top production in association with a photon is searched for in the mode $\ell\gamma+\not\!\!E_T+1j$ (b-tag). Anomalous FCNC left-handed and right-handed couplings are searched for, which result in different kinematical properties of top decay such as the lepton distribution. Limits are set on the $t\,q\gamma$ couplings in an effective field theory.
- 2 KHACHATRYAN 16AS based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. FCNC through single top production in association with a photon is searched for in the mode $\mu+\gamma+\not\!\!E_T+\geq$ 1j (0,1b). Bounds on the anomalous FCNC couplings are given by $\kappa_{t\,u\,\gamma}<0.025$ and $\kappa_{t\,c\,\gamma}<0.091$.
- ³ CHEKANOV 03 looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^{\pm} p \rightarrow e^{\pm}$ (t or \overline{t}) X in 130.1 pb⁻¹ of data at \sqrt{s} =300–318 GeV. No evidence for top production and its decay into bW was found. The result is obtained for m_t =175 GeV when B(γc)=B(Zq)=0, where q is a u or c quark. Bounds on the effective t-u- γ and t-u-Z couplings are found in their Fig. 4. The conversion to the constraint listed is from private communication, E. Gallo, January 2004.
- ⁴ AARON 09A looked for single top production via FCNC in $e^{\pm}p$ collisions at HERA with 474 pb⁻¹. The upper bound of the cross section gives the bound on the FCNC coupling $\kappa_{t\,u\,\gamma}/\Lambda < 1.03~{\rm TeV}^{-1}$, which corresponds to the result for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.
- 5 ABDALLAH 04C looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 541 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}{=}189{-}208$ GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to the bound on B($t\to\gamma q$), where q is a u or a c quark, for $m_t=175$ GeV when B($t\to Zq){=}0$ is assumed. The conversion to the listed bound is from private communication, O. Yushchenko, April 2005. The bounds on the effective $t{-}q{-}\gamma$ and $t{-}q{-}Z$ couplings are given in their Fig. 7 and Table 4, for $m_t=170{-}180$ GeV, where most conservative bounds are found by choosing the chiral couplings to maximize the negative interference between the virtual γ and Z exchange amplitudes.
- ⁶ AKTAS 04 looked for single top production via FCNC in e^{\pm} collisions at HERA with 118.3 pb⁻¹, and found 5 events in the e or μ channels. By assuming that they are due to statistical fluctuation, the upper bound on the $tu\gamma$ coupling $\kappa_{tu\gamma} < 0.27$ (95% CL) is obtained. The conversion to the partial width limit, when B(γc) = B(Zu) = B(Zc) = 0, is from private communication, E. Perez, May 2005.
- ⁷ ACHARD 02J looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 634 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the top-quark decay branching fraction B(γq), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B(Z q)=0 and is for m_t =175 GeV; bounds for m_t =170 GeV and 180 GeV and B(Z q) \neq 0 are given in Fig. 5 and Table 7.
- ⁸ ABE 98G looked for $t\overline{t}$ events where one t decays into $q\gamma$ while the other decays into bW. The quoted bound is for $\Gamma(\gamma q)/\Gamma(Wb)$.

$$\Gamma(H^+b, H^+ \to \tau \nu_{\tau})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$
 $VALUE (\%)$
 < 0.25
 $CL\%$
 1
AABOUD 18BWATLS

 $^{^1}$ AABOUD 18BW based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. In the mass range of $m_{H^+}=90\text{--}160$ GeV, assuming the SM cross section for the $t\overline{t}$ production, the upper limit for the branching fraction B($t\to bH^+$) \times B($H^+\to \tau\nu_{\tau}$) ranges between 0.25% and 0.031%.

$VALUE$ (units 10^{-3})	CL%		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
< 0.17	95	1	AABOUD	18AT	ATLS	$t \rightarrow Zu$
< 0.24	95			18AT	ATLS	$t \rightarrow Zc$
< 0.22	95			17E	CMS	$t \rightarrow Zu$
< 0.49	95			17E	CMS	$t \rightarrow Zc$
< 0.7	95					$t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 0.5	95	4	CHATRCHYAN	14 S	CMS	$t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
• • • We do not i	use the fo	ollo	wing data for av	erage	s, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
< 0.6	95	5	CHATRCHYAN	14 S	CMS	$t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 2.1	95	6	CHATRCHYAN	13F	CMS	$t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 7.3	95			12 BT	ATLS	$t\overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^{\pm} + \cancel{E}_T + \text{jets}$
<32	95					$t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
<83	95			09AL	CDF	$t \rightarrow Zq (q=c)$
<37	95	10	AALTONEN	08 AD	CDF	$t \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
$< 1.59 \times 10^{2}$	95			04 C	DLPH	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t} c { m or} \overline{t} u$
$< 1.37 \times 10^{2}$	95		ACHARD	02J	L3	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$
$< 1.4 \times 10^{2}$	95		HEISTER	02Q	ALEP	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$
$< 1.37 \times 10^{2}$	95	14	ABBIENDI	01T	OPAL	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t} c { m or} \overline{t} u$
$< 1.7 \times 10^{2}$	95		BARATE	00s	ALEP	$e^+e^- ightarrow \ \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$
$< 3.3 \times 10^2$	95	16	ABE	98G	CDF	$t\overline{t} ightarrow (Wb) (Zc { m or} Zu)$
1 Based on 36.1	$_{\rm fb}$ -1 of	F n	n data at \sqrt{s} =	13 T	a\/ The	final states $t = 0$ $\theta + \theta - \theta' \pm \eta$

- ¹Based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The final states $t\overline{t} o \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^\pm \nu$ + jets $(\ell, \ell' = e, \mu)$ are investigated and no significant excess over the SM background
- contributions is observed. 2 SIRUNYAN 17E based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 8 TeV. The final states $t\overline{t}\to$ $\ell^+\ell^-\ell'^{\pm}\nu$ + jets $(\ell,\ell'=e,\mu)$ are investigated and the cross section $\sigma(pp \to tZq \to tZq)$ $\ell \nu b \ell^+ \ell^- q) = 10^{+8}_{-7}$ fb is measured, giving no sign of FCNC decays of the top quark.
- 3 AAD 16D based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The FCNC decay is searched for in $t\bar{t}$ events in the final state (bW)(qZ) when both W and Z decay leptonically, giving 3 charged leptons.
- GIVING 3 Charged reptons.

 4 CHATRCHYAN 14S combined search limit from this and CHATRCHYAN 13F data.

 5 Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The flavor changing decay is searched for in $t\bar{t}$ events in the final state (bW)(qZ) when both W and Z decay leptoically, giving 3 charged leptons.
- 6 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Search for FCNC decays of the top quark in $t\overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^{\pm}\nu$ + jets $(\ell, \ell' = e, \mu)$ final states found no excess of signal events.
- ⁷ Based on 2.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- 8 Based on 4.1 fb $^{-1}$ of data. ABAZOV 11M searched for FCNC decays of the top quark in $t\overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^{\pm}\nu$ + jets $(\ell, \ell' = e, \mu)$ final states, and absence of the signal gives the bound.
- ⁹ Based on $p\overline{p}$ data of 1.52 fb $^{-1}$. AALTONEN 09AL compared $t\overline{t} \to WbWb \to \ell \nu bjjb$ and $t\bar{t} \to ZcWb \to \ell\ell cjjb$ decay chains, and absence of the latter signal gives the bound. The result is for 100% longitudinally polarized Z boson and the theoretical $t\bar{t}$ production cross section The results for different Z polarizations and those without the cross section assumption are given in their Table XII.
- 10 Result is based on $1.9~{
 m fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{
 m TeV}.~t\overline{t}
 ightarrow~W\,bZ\,q$ or $Z\,qZ\,q$ processes have been looked for in $Z + \geq 4$ jet events with and without b-tag. No signal leads to the bound B($t \to Zq$) < 0.037 (0.041) for $m_t = 175$ (170) GeV.
- 11 ABDALLAH 04C looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^-
 ightarrow$ $\overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 541 pb⁻¹ of data at \sqrt{s} =189–208 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found,

which leads to the bound on B($t \to Zq$), where q is a u or a c quark, for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$ when B($t \to \gamma q$)=0 is assumed. The conversion to the listed bound is from private communication, O. Yushchenko, April 2005. The bounds on the effective t-q- γ and t-q-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 7 and Table 4, for $m_t=170$ –180 GeV, where most conservative bounds are found by choosing the chiral couplings to maximize the negative interference between the virtual γ and Z exchange amplitudes.

 12 ACHARD 02J looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction ${\rm e^+\,e^-}\to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 634 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the top-quark decay branching fraction B(Zq), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B($\gamma\,q$)=0 and is for m_t = 175 GeV; bounds for m_t =170 GeV and 180 GeV and B($\gamma\,q$) \neq 0 are given in Fig. 5 and Table 7. Table 6 gives constraints on t-c-e-e four-fermi contact interactions.

¹³ HEISTER 02Q looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 214 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 204–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the branching fraction B($Z\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B($\gamma\,q$)=0 and is for m_t = 174 GeV. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)- Z couplings are given in their Fig. 2.

 14 ABBIENDI 01T looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+\,e^-\to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 600 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to bounds on the branching fractions B(Zq) and B($\gamma\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The result is obtained for $m_t=$ 174 GeV. The upper bound becomes 9.7% (20.6%) for $m_t=$ 169 (179) GeV. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 4.

¹⁵ BARATE 00S looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 411 pb $^{-1}$ of data at c.m. energies between 189 and 202 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the branching fraction. The bound assumes B(γq)=0. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 4.

¹⁶ ABE 98G looked for $t\overline{t}$ events where one t decays into three jets and the other decays into qZ with $Z \to \ell\ell$. The quoted bound is for $\Gamma(Zq)/\Gamma(Wb)$.

 $\Gamma(Hu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

Т
$I(H o \gamma \gamma)$
• • •
I(H o bb)
$I(H \rightarrow bb)$
I(H o au au)
tion of $t o Hu$
$WW, ZZ, \tau\tau,$
b b)
$u(H \rightarrow WW, ZZ,$
I(H o bb)
$\mu(H o \gamma \gamma)$
$u(H \rightarrow WW, ZZ,$
$(\gamma \gamma, b \overline{b})$
$I(H \rightarrow bb)$
$q (q=u,c; H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$

¹ TUMASYAN 22A based on 137 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. The processes considered include both the associated production of a single top quark with a Higgs boson and the decay $t\to Hu$ in $t\overline{t}$ production using $H\to \gamma\gamma$.

- 2 TUMASYAN 22K based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of $p\,p$ data. Uses events with one isolated lepton and multiple jets (including $~\geq~$ 2*b*-jets). Deep neural networks are used
- for kinematical event reconstruction. 3 AABOUD 19S based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV of pp data. Uses events with one isolated lepton and multiple jets (several of them b-tagged with high purity). A multivariate analysis is performed to distinguish the signal from backgrounds.
- 4 AABOUD 19S based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV of $p\,p$ data. Uses events with one or two hadronically decaying τ and multiple jets. A multivariate analysis is performed to distinguish the signal from backgrounds.
- 5 AABOUD 19S based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV of pp data. The searches using $H
 ightarrow \ b \, b$ and $H
 ightarrow \ au_h au_h$ are combined with searches in diphoton and multilepton final states. The upper limit on the Yukawa coupling $|Y_{tuH}|~<$ 0.066 (95% CL) is obtained.
- 6 AABOUD 18X based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV of pp data. $\ell\ell$ (same sign) $+\geq$ 4j mode and $\ell\ell\ell + \geq 2j$ mode are targeted and specialized boosted decision trees are used to distinguish signals from backgrounds.
- 7 SIRUNYAN 18BC based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV of $p\,p$ data. Two channels $p\,p o$ tH and $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ in final states with one isolated lepton and >=3 jets with >=2 b jets are considered assuming a single tHu FCNC coupling. Reconstructed kinematical variables are fed into a multivariate analysis and no significant deviation is observed from the predicted background.
- ⁸ AABOUD 17AV based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV of pp data. Search for $t\bar{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays hadronically or semi-leptonically.
- 9 KHACHATRYAN 171 based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using the topologies $t \overline{t} \rightarrow Hq + Wb$, where q=u, c.
- 10 AAD 1500 based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of pp data. Searches for $t\bar{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays semi-leptonically. Exploits high multiplicity of b-jets and uses a likelihood discriminant. Combining with other ATLAS searches for different Higgs decay modes, B($t \rightarrow Hc$) < 0.46% and B($t \rightarrow Hu$) < 0.45% are obtained.
- 11 AAD 14AA based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV and 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of pp data. The upper-bound is for the sum of Br $(t \to Hc)$ and Br $(t \to Hu)$. Search for $t\bar{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays hadronically or semi-leptonically. The upper bound constrains the *H-t-c* Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{|Y_{tc_L}^H|^2 + |Y_{tc_R}^H|^2} < 0.17$ (95% CL).

 $\Gamma(Hc)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

$VALUE$ (units 10^{-3})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
< 0.73	95	$^{ m 1}$ TUMASYAN	22A	CMS	$ au ightarrow au$ Hc (H $ ightarrow au \gamma \gamma$)
• • • We do not ι	ise the fo	llowing data for av	erages	s, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
< 0.94	95	² TUMASYAN	22K	CMS	$t ightarrow \; Hc \; (H ightarrow \; bb)$
< 1.1	95	³ AABOUD			combination of $t o Hc$
					$(H \rightarrow WW, ZZ, \tau\tau,$
	0.5	4 4 4 D O U D	100	ATL C	$\gamma \gamma, b \overline{b})$
< 4.2	95	⁴ AABOUD	19 S	AILS	$t ightarrow \; Hc \; (H ightarrow \; bb)$
< 1.9	95	⁵ AABOUD	19 S	ATLS	$t ightarrow \; Hc \; (H ightarrow \; au au)$
< 1.6	95	⁶ AABOUD	18X	ATLS	$t \rightarrow Hc (H \rightarrow WW, ZZ,$
					$\tau \tau$)
< 4.7	95	⁷ SIRUNYAN	18BC	CMS	$t \rightarrow Hc (H \rightarrow bb)$
< 2.2	95	⁸ AABOUD	17AV	ATLS	$t \rightarrow Hc(H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
< 4	95	⁹ KHACHATRY.	171	CMS	$t \rightarrow Hc (H \rightarrow WW, ZZ,$
					$\tau \tau$, $\gamma \gamma$, $b \overline{b}$)
< 5.6	95	¹⁰ AAD	15 CO	ATLS	
< 7.9	95	¹¹ AAD	14 AA	ATLS	$t \rightarrow Hq (q=u,c; H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$

<13 95
12
 CHATRCHYAN 14R CMS $t \rightarrow Hc$ $(H \rightarrow \geq 2 \ \ell)$ < 5.6 95 13 KHACHATRY...14Q CMS $t \rightarrow Hc$ $(H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$ or leptons)

- 1 TUMASYAN 22A based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. The processes considered include both the associated production of a single top quark with a Higgs boson and the decay $t\to Hc$ in $t\overline{t}$ production using $H\to \gamma\gamma$.
- 2 TUMASYAN 22K based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. Uses events with one isolated lepton and multiple jets (including $\geq 2b$ -jets). Deep neural networks are used for kinematical event reconstruction.
- ³ AABOUD 19S based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. The searches using $H\to bb$ and $H\to \tau_h\tau_h$ are combined with searches in diphoton and multilepton final states. The upper limit on the Yukawa coupling $|Y_{tcH}|<0.064$ (95% CL) is obtained.
- ⁴AABOUD 19S based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. Uses events with one isolated lepton and multiple jets (several of them b-tagged with high purity). A multivariate analysis is performed to distinguish the signal from backgrounds.
- ⁵ AABOUD 19S based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. Uses events with one or two hadronically decaying τ and multiple jets. A multivariate analysis is performed to distinguish the signal from backgrounds.
- ⁶ AABOUD 18X based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. $\ell\ell$ (same sign) $+\geq 4j$ mode and $\ell\ell\ell+\geq 2j$ mode are targeted and specialized boosted decision trees are used to distinguish signals from backgrounds.
- ⁷ SIRUNYAN 18BC based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. Two channels $pp \to tH$ and $pp \to t\bar{t}$ in final states with one isolated lepton and >=3 jets with >=2 b jets are considered assuming a single tHc FCNC coupling. Reconstructed kinematical variables are fed into a multivariate analysis and no significant deviation is observed from the predicted background.
- ⁸ AABOUD 17AV based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV of pp data. Search for $t\overline{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays hadronically or semi-leptonically. The upper bound on the H-t-c Yukawa couplings is 0.090 (95% CL).
- ⁹ KHACHATRYAN 17I based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using the topologies $t\overline{t}\to Hq+Wb$, where q=u,c.
- 10 AAD 15CO based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of $p\,p$ data. Searches for $t\,\overline{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays semi-leptonically. Exploits high multiplicity of b-jets and uses a likelihood discriminant. Combining with other ATLAS searches for different Higgs decay modes, B($t\to Hc$) < 0.46% and B($t\to Hu$) < 0.45% are obtained.
- 11 AAD 14AA based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV and 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of pp data. The upper-bound is for the sum of Br($t\to Hc$) and Br($t\to Hu$). Search for $t\overline{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays hadronically or semi-leptonically. The upper bound constrains the H-t-c Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{|Y^H_{t\,c_L}|^2+|Y^H_{t\,c_R}|^2}<0.17$ (95% CL).
- 12 Based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Search for final states with 3 or more isolated high E_T charged leptons ($\ell=e,\,\mu$) bounds the $t\to\,H\,c$ decay in $t\,\overline{t}$ events when H decays contain a pair of leptons. The upper bound constrains the H-t-c Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{|Y_{t\,c_L}^H|^2+|Y_{t\,c_R}^H|^2}\,<$ 0.21 (95% CL).
- ¹³ KHACHATRYAN 14Q based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of pp data. Search for final states with ≥ 3 isolated charged leptons or with a photon pair accompanied by ≥ 1 lepton(s).

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

$$<1.7 \times 10^{-3}$$
 95 ¹ CHATRCHYAN 140 CMS e + dijets

$$\Gamma(e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}c)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$
 $VALUE$
 \sim
 1 TUMASYAN 22Z CMS p_P at 13 TeV

¹ TUMASYAN 22Z analysis includes both the production $(c \to e \mu t)$ and decay $(t \to e \mu c)$ modes of the top quark through CFLV interactions. With no significant excess over the standard model expectation, the limits are set at 95% CL on the B $(t \to e \mu c)$ of 1.31×10^{-6} , 0.89×10^{-6} , 2.59×10^{-6} for vector-, scalar-, and tensor-like CLFV four-fermion effective interactions, respectively.

$\Gamma(e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}u)/\Gamma_{total}$				Γ_{14}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<7 × 10 ⁻⁸	TUMASYAN 22Z	CMS	pp at 13 TeV	

¹ TUMASYAN 22Z analysis includes both the production $(u \to e \mu t)$ and decay $(t \to e \mu u)$ modes of the top quark through CFLV interactions. With no significant excess over the standard model expectation, the limits are set at 95% CL on the B $(t \to e \mu u)$ of 0.13×10^{-6} , 0.07×10^{-6} , 0.25×10^{-6} for vector-, scalar-, and tensor-like CLFV four-fermion effective interactions, respectively.

t-quark EW Couplings

W helicity fractions in top decays. F_0 is the fraction of longitudinal and F_+ the fraction of right-handed W bosons. F_{V+A} is the fraction of $V\!+\!A$ current in top decays. The effective Lagrangian (cited by ABAZOV 08AI) has terms \mathbf{f}_1^L and \mathbf{f}_1^R for $V\!-\!A$ and $V\!+\!A$ couplings, \mathbf{f}_2^L and \mathbf{f}_2^R for tensor couplings with \mathbf{b}_R and \mathbf{b}_L respectively.

<i>F</i> ₀			
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.693 ± 0.013 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.693 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.011$	$\frac{1}{2}$ AAD 20Y	LHC	ATLAS+CMS combined
$0.726 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.067$	² AALTONEN 13D		$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.682 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.033$	³ CHATRCHYAN 13BH	CMS	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
0.67 ± 0.07	⁴ AAD 12BG	ATLS	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.722 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.052$		TEVA	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.669 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.065$	_	D0	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.91 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.13$	⁷ AFFOLDER 00B	CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
• • • We do not use the following the follow	owing data for averages, f	its, limi	ts, etc. ● ●
0.70 ± 0.05	⁸ AABOUD 17BB		$F_0 = 1 - f_1$, Repl by AAD 20Y
$0.681 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.023$	⁹ KHACHATRY16BU	CMS	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$, Repl
$0.70 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.04$	10 AALTONEN 10Q	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 12Z
$0.62 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.05$	¹¹ AALTONEN 09Q	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 10Q

¹ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Baryon number violating decays of the top quark are searched for in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one of the pair decays into hadronic three jets.

$0.425 \pm 0.166 \pm 0.102$	¹² ABAZOV	08B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 110
$0.85 \ {+0.15\atop -0.22} \ \pm 0.06$	¹³ ABULENCIA	07ı CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.74 \begin{array}{l} +0.22 \\ -0.34 \end{array}$	¹⁴ ABULENCIA	06∪ CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
0.56 ± 0.31	¹⁵ ABAZOV	05G D0	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$

- 1 AAD 20Y based on about 20 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV for each experiment. The first error stands for the sum of the statistical and background uncertainties, and the second error for the remaining systematic uncertainties. The measurements used events with one lepton and different jet multiplicities in the final state. The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.687 \pm 0.005 for $m_t=172.8\pm1.3$ GeV.
- 2 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 4$ jets(≥ 1 b), and under the constraint $\mathsf{F}_0+\mathsf{F}_++\mathsf{F}_-=1$. The statistical errors of F_0 and F_+ are correlated with correlation coefficient $\rho(\mathsf{F}_0,\mathsf{F}_+)=-0.69$.
- ³ Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ⁴ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j. The uncertainties are not independent, $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.96$.
- 5 Based on 2.7 and 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of CDF data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels, and 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of D0 data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels. $F_0=0.682\pm0.035\pm0.046$ if $F_+=0.0017(1)$, while $F_+=-0.015\pm0.018\pm0.030$ if $F_0=0.688(4)$, where the assumed fixed values are the SM prediction for $m_t=173.3\pm1.1$ GeV and $m_W=80.399\pm0.023$ GeV.
- ⁶ Results are based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV, including those of ABAZOV 08B. Under the SM constraint of $f_0=0.698$ (for $m_t=173.3$ GeV, $m_W=80.399$ GeV), $f_+=0.010\pm0.022\pm0.030$ is obtained.
- ⁷ AFFOLDER 00B studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t \to Wb$ events. The ratio F_0 is the fraction of the helicity zero (longitudinal) W bosons in the decaying top quark rest frame. B($t \to W_+b$) is the fraction of positive helicity (right-handed) positive charge W bosons in the top quark decays. It is obtained by assuming the Standard Model value of F_0 .
- ⁸ AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark in the t-channel single-top production is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as well as the top polarization. No assumption is made for the other couplings. See this paper for constraints on other couplings not included here. The paper reported f_1 , and we converted it to F_0 .
- 9 KHACHATRYAN 16BU based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+E_T+2$ 4 jets(≥ 2 b). The errors of F_0 and F_- are correlated with a correlation coefficient $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.87$. The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.687 \pm 0.005 for $m_t=172.8\pm1.3$ GeV.
- 10 Results are based on 2.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained by assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM value. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.88\pm0.11\pm0.06$ and $F_+=-0.15\pm0.07\pm0.06$ with correlation coefficient of -0.59. The results are for $m_t=175$ GeV.
- 11 Results are based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM values. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.66\pm0.16\pm0.05$ and $F_+=-0.03\pm0.06\pm0.03$.
- $^{12}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 13 Based on 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ¹⁴ Based on 200 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\to Wb\to \ell\nu b$ ($\ell=e$ or μ). The errors are stat + syst.

 15 ABAZOV 05G studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with lepton + jets final states, and obtained the fraction of longitudinally polarized W under the constraint of no right-handed current, $F_{+}=0$. Based on 125 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.

F_

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.315±0.010 OUR AVE	RAGE			
$0.315 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.009$				ATLAS+CMS com- bined
$0.310 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.022$		² CHATRCHYAN 1	13вн CMS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$
0.32 ± 0.04		³ AAD 1	12BG ATLS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$
\bullet \bullet We do not use th	e following	g data for averages,	fits, limits, e	etc. • • •
$>~0.264\pm0.044$	95	⁴ AABOUD 1	17BB ATLS	$F_{-} = f_{1}(1 - f_{1}^{+}),$
$0.323 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.014$		⁵ KHACHATRY1	16BU CMS	Repl. by AAD 20Y $F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b),$ Repl. by AAD 20Y

- 1 AAD 20Y based on about 20 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV for each experiment. The first error stands for the sum of the statistical and background uncertainties, and the second error for the remaining systematic uncertainties. The measurements used events with one lepton and different jet multiplicities in the final state. The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.311 \pm 0.005 for $m_t=172.8\pm1.3$ GeV.
- 2 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large E_T and $\ell+\geq$ 4 jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ³ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq 4j$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2j$. The uncertainties are not independent, $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.96$
- ⁴ AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark in the t-channel single-top production is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as well as the top polarization. No assumption is made for the other couplings. The authors reported $f_1=0.30\pm0.05$ and $f_1^+<0.120$ which we converted to $F_-=f_1(1-f_1^+)$. See this paper for constraints on other couplings not included here.
- 5 KHACHATRYAN 16BU based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\ge 4$ jets(≥ 2 b). The errors of F_0 and F_- are correlated with a correlation coefficient $\rho(F_0,\,F_-)=-0.87.$ The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.311 \pm 0.005 for $m_t=172.8\pm1.3$ GeV.

 F_{+}

<u>VALUE</u>	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.005±0.007 OUR A	VERAGE			
$-0.008\pm0.005\pm0.006$		¹ AAD	20Y LHC	ATLAS+CMS com- bined
$-0.045\!\pm\!0.044\!\pm\!0.058$		² AALTONEN	13D CDF	$F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)$
$0.008\!\pm\!0.012\!\pm\!0.014$		³ CHATRCHYAI	N 13BH CMS	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
0.01 ± 0.05		⁴ AAD	12BG ATLS	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
$0.023\!\pm\!0.041\!\pm\!0.034$		⁵ ABAZOV	11c D0	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
0.11 ± 0.15		⁶ AFFOLDER	00B CDF	$F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)$
ullet $ullet$ $ullet$ We do not use the	following	data for averages	, fits, limits, e	tc. • • •
$<\ 0.036\pm 0.006$	95	⁷ AABOUD	17BB ATLS	$F_{+} = f_{1} f_{1}^{+}$, Repl. by
$-0.004\pm0.005\pm0.014$		⁸ KHACHATRY	16BU CMS	AAD $20\overline{Y}$ $F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b),$ Repl. by AAD $20\overline{Y}$
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<sup>9</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                  12Z TEVA F_+ = B(t \rightarrow W_+ b)
 -0.033\pm0.034\pm0.031
                                           <sup>10</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                                    Repl. by AALTO-
                                                                   10Q CDF
 -0.01 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.05
                                                                                       NEN 13D
                                           <sup>11</sup> AALTONEN
 -0.04 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.03
                                                                   09Q CDF
                                                                                    Repl. by AALTO-
                                                                                       NEN 10Q
                                           <sup>12</sup> ABAZOV
    0.119 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.053
                                                                   08B
                                                                        D0
                                                                                    Repl. by ABAZOV 11C
                                           <sup>13</sup> ABAZOV
    0.056 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.057
                                                                   07D
                                                                        D0
                                                                                    F_{\perp} = B(t \rightarrow W_{\perp} b)
    0.05 \ ^{+0.11}_{-0.05} \ \pm 0.03
                                           <sup>14</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                                        CDF 	 F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)
                                                                  07ı
                                           <sup>14</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                                  07I CDF F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)
  0.26
                                 95
                                                                  06U CDF F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)
                                           <sup>15</sup> ABULENCIA
< 0.27
                                 95
                                                                                   F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+} b)
                                           <sup>16</sup> ABAZOV
    0.00 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.07
                                                                  05L D0 F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+}b)
05D CDF F_{+} = B(t \rightarrow W_{+}b)
                                           <sup>16</sup> ABAZOV
<
  0.25
                                 95
                                           <sup>17</sup> ACOSTA
< 0.24
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- 1 AAD 20Y based on about 20 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV for each experiment. The first error stands for the sum of the statistical and background uncertainties, and the second error for the remaining systematic uncertainties. The measurements used events with one lepton and different jet multiplicities in the final state. The result is estimated from the measurements of F_0 and F_- assuming unitarity. The value is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.0017 \pm 0.0001 for $m_f=172.8\pm1.3$ GeV.
- ² Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+E_T+2$ jets(≥ 1 b), and under the constraint $F_0+F_++F_-=1$. The statstical errors of F_0 and F_+ are correlated with correlation coefficient $\rho(F_0,F_+)=-0.69$.
- 3 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ⁴ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq 4{\rm j}$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2{\rm j}$.
- 5 Results are based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV, including those of ABAZOV 08B. Under the SM constraint of $f_0=$ 0.698 (for $m_t=$ 173.3 GeV, $m_W=$ 80.399 GeV), $f_+=0.010\pm0.022\pm0.030$ is obtained.
- ⁶ AFFOLDER 00B studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t \to Wb$ events. The ratio F_0 is the fraction of the helicity zero (longitudinal) W bosons in the decaying top quark rest frame. B($t \to W_+b$) is the fraction of positive helicity (right-handed) positive charge W bosons in the top quark decays. It is obtained by assuming the Standard Model value of F_0 .
- ⁷ AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark in the t-channel single-top production is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as well as the top polarization. No assumption is made for the other couplings. The authors reported $f_1=0.30\pm0.05$ and $f_1^+<0.120$ which we converted to $F_+=f_1$ f_1^+ . See this paper for constraints on other couplings
 - which we converted to $F_{+} = f_{1} f_{1}^{-}$. See this paper for constraints on other couplings not included here.
- 8 KHACHATRYAN 16BU based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV using $t\,\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\,\geq 4$ jets($\geq 2\,$ b). The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.0017 \pm 0.0001 for $m_{\slashed t}=172.8\,\pm\,1.3$ GeV.
- 9 Based on 2.7 and 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of CDF data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels, and 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of D0 data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels. $F_0=0.682\pm0.035\pm0.046$ if $F_+=0.0017(1)$, while $F_+=-0.015\pm0.018\pm0.030$ if $F_0=0.688(4)$, where the assumed fixed values are the SM prediction for $m_t=173.3\pm1.1$ GeV and $m_W=80.399\pm0.023$ GeV.
- Results are based on 2.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained by assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM value. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.88\pm0.11\pm0.06$ and $F_+=0.00$

- $-0.15\pm0.07\pm0.06$ with correlation coefficient of -0.59. The results are for $m_t=175$ GeV.
- Results are based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM values. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.66\pm0.16\pm0.05$ and $F_+=-0.03\pm0.06\pm0.03$.
- $^{12}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- $^{13}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV, using the ℓ + jets and dilepton decay channels. The result assumes $F_0=0.70,$ and it gives $F_+<0.23$ at 95% CL.
- 14 Based on 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ¹⁵ Based on 200 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\to Wb\to \ell\nu b$ ($\ell=e$ or μ). The errors are stat + syst.
- 16 ABAZOV 05L studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t\overline{t}$ events, where one of the W's from t or \overline{t} decays into e or μ and the other decays hadronically. The fraction of the "+" helicity W boson is obtained by assuming $F_0=0.7$, which is the generic prediction for any linear combination of V and A currents. Based on 230 \pm 15 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 17 ACOSTA 05D measures the m_ℓ^2 $_{+b}$ distribution in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one or both W's decay leptonically to $\ell=e$ or μ , and finds a bound on the V+A coupling of the $t\,b\,W$ vertex. By assuming the SM value of the longitudinal W fraction $F_0=\mathrm{B}(t\to W_0\,b)=0.70$, the bound on F_+ is obtained. If the results are combined with those of AFFOLDER 00B, the bounds become $F_{V+A}<0.61$ (95% CL) and $F_+<0.18$ (95% CL), respectively. Based on $109\pm7~\mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8~\mathrm{TeV}$ (run I).

F_{V+A}

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
< 0.29	95	$^{ m 1}$ ABULENCIA	07G	CDF	$F_{V+A} = B(t \rightarrow$	Wb_R)

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$-0.06\pm0.22\pm0.12$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ ABULENCIA 07G CDF $F_{V+A}=$ B $(t o W\,b_R)$ < 0.80 95 $\frac{1}{2}$ ACOSTA 05D CDF $F_{V+A}=$ B $(t o W\,b_R)$

- 1 Based on 700 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 2 ACOSTA 05D measures the $m_{\ell_-+b}^2$ distribution in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one or both W's decay leptonically to $\ell=e$ or μ_+ and finds a bound on the V+A coupling of the $t\,b\,W$ vertex. By assuming the SM value of the longitudinal W fraction $F_0={\rm B}(t\to W_0\,b)=0.70$, the bound on F_+ is obtained. If the results are combined with those of AFFOLDER 00B, the bounds become $F_{V+A}<0.61$ (95% CL) and $F_+<0.18$ (95% CL), respectively. Based on 109 \pm 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV (run I).

f_1^R

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fo	ollowing	data for averages,	fits,	limits, et	cc. • • •
$-0.11 < f \frac{R}{1} < 0.16$	95	¹ AAD	20Y	LHC	ATLAS+CMS com-
$ f_1^R/f_2^L < 0.37$ $ f_1^R < 0.16$	95	² AABOUD	17 BB	ATLS	t-channel single top
$ f_1^{\widehat{R}} < 0.16$	95	³ KHACHATRY.	17 G	CMS	t-channel single-t prod.
$-0.20 < \text{Re}(V_{tb} \text{ f}_1^R) < 0.23$	95	⁴ AAD	12 BG	ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{tb} f_1^R)^2 < 0.93$ $ f_1^R ^2 < 0.30$	95	⁵ ABAZOV	12E	D0	Single-top
$ f_1^R ^2 < 0.30$	95	⁶ ABAZOV	121	D0	single-t + W helicity

$ f_1^R ^2 < 1.01$	95	⁷ ABAZOV	09J D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} =1$, $ \mathbf{f}_{2}^{L} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{R} =0$
$ f_1^{R} ^2 < 2.5$	95	⁸ ABAZOV	08AI D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} = 1, \mathbf{f}_{2}^{L} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{R} = 0$ $ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} ^{2} = 1.8 ^{+1.0}_{-1.3}$

- ¹ AAD 20Y based on about 20 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV for each experiment. The measurements used events with one lepton and different jet multiplicities in the final state. The measurements of F_0 and F_- are used to set the limit. The limit is obtained by assuming the other couplings to have their SM values.
- ² AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as well as the top polarization. No assumption is made for the other couplings. See this paper for constraints on other couplings not included here.
- ³ KHACHATRYAN 17G based on 5.0 and 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. A Bayesian neural network technique is used to discriminate between signal and backgrounds. This is a 95% CL exclusion limit obtained by a three-dimensional fit with simultaneous variation of (f^L₁, f^R₁, f^R₂).
- 4 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq 4{\rm j}$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2{\rm j}.$ 5 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two
- 5 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ⁶ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.
- Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous tbW couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when f_1^L and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1
- ⁸ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\sf f}_1^L={\sf V}_{t\,b}^*$.

f_2^L

V ALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following	data for averages	, fits,	limits, e	tc. • • •
$-0.08 < f_2^L < 0.05$	95	¹ AAD	20Y	LHC	ATLAS+CMS com- bined
$\left f_2^L/f_1^L\right ~<0.29$	95	² AABOUD	17 BB	ATLS	t-channel single top
$ f_2^{L} < 0.057$	95	³ KHACHATRY.	17 G	CMS	t-channel single-t prod.
$-0.14 < Re(f_2^L) < 0.11$	95	⁴ AAD	12 BG	ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{tb} f_2^L)^2 < 0.13$	95	⁵ ABAZOV	12E	D0	Single-top
$ f_2^L ^2 < 0.05$	95	⁶ ABAZOV	121	D0	single-t + W helicity
$ f_2^{L} ^2 < 0.28$	95	⁷ ABAZOV	09J	D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} = 1$, $ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{R} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{R} = 0$
$ f_2^{L} ^2 < 0.5$	95	⁸ ABAZOV	08AI	D0	$ \mathbf{f}_1^L ^2 = 1.4 {+0.6 \atop -0.5}$

- ¹ AAD 20Y based on about 20 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV for each experiment. The measurements used events with one lepton and different jet multiplicities in the final state. The measurements of F_0 and F_- are used to set the limit. The limit is obtained by assuming the other couplings to have their SM values.
- ² AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as

well as the top polarization. No assumption is made for the other couplings. See this paper for constraints on other couplings not included here.

- 3 KHACHATRYAN 17G based on 5.0 and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. A Bayesian neural network technique is used to discriminate between signal and backgrounds. This is a 95% CL exclusion limit obtained by a three-dimensional fit with simultaneous variation of (f L_1 , f L_2 , f R_2).
- 4 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j.
- 5 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ⁶ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.
- 7 Based on $1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous $t\,b\,W$ couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when ${\rm f}_1^L$ and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1
- ⁸ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\bf f}_1^L={\bf V}_{t\,b}^*$.

f_2^R

'2				
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the f	following o	data for averages,	fits, limits, et	c. • • •
$-0.04 < f_2^R < 0.02$	95	¹ AAD	20Y LHC	ATLAS+CMS com- bined
$-0.12 < {\sf Re}({\sf f}_2^R/{\sf f}_1^L) < 0.17$	95	² AABOUD	17BB ATLS	t-channel single top
$-0.07 < \text{Im}(f_2^{R}/f_1^{L}) < 0.06$	95	² AABOUD	17BB ATLS	t-channel single top
$-0.18 < \text{Im}(f_2^{\overline{R}}) < 0.06$	95	³ AABOUD	17I ATLS	t-channel single top
$-0.049 < f_2^{R} < 0.048$	95	⁴ KHACHATRY.	17G CMS	t-channel single top
$-0.36 < \text{Re}(f_2^R/f_1^L) < 0.10$	95	⁵ AAD	16AK ATLS	Single-top
$-0.17 < \text{Im}(f_2^{\overline{R}}/f_1^{\overline{L}}) < 0.23$	95	⁵ AAD	16AK ATLS	Single-top
$-0.08 < \text{Re}(f_2^R) < 0.04$	95	⁶ AAD	12BG ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{tb} f_2^R)^2 < 0.06$	95	⁷ ABAZOV	12E D0	Single-top
$ f_2^R ^2 < 0.12$	95	⁸ ABAZOV	12ı D0	single-t + W helicity
$ f_2^{R} ^2 < 0.23$	95	⁹ ABAZOV	09J D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} =1$, $ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{R} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{L} =0$
$ f_2^{\bar{R}} ^2 < 0.3$	95	¹⁰ ABAZOV	08AI D0	$ \mathbf{f}_1^L ^2 = 1.4^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$

¹ AAD 20Y based on about 20 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV for each experiment. The measurements used events with one lepton and different jet multiplicities in the final state. The measurements of F_0 and F_- are used to set the limit. The limit is obtained by assuming the other couplings to have their SM values.

²AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as well as the top polarization. No assumption is made for the other couplings. See this paper for constraints on other couplings not included here.

- 3 AABOUD 171 based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 8 TeV. A cut-based analysis is used to discriminate between signal and backgrounds. All anomalous couplings other than $Im(f)_2^R$ are assumed to be zero. See this paper for a number of other asymmetries and measurements that are not included here.
- 4 KHACHATRYAN 17G based on 5.0 and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. A Bayesian neural network technique is used to discriminate between signal and backgrounds. This is a 95% CL exclusion limit obtained by a three-dimensional fit with simultaneous variation of (f_1^L, f_2^L, f_2^R) .
- 5 AAD 16AK based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. The results are obtained from an analysis of angular distributions of the decay products of single top quarks, assuming $f_1^R = f_2^L = 0$. The fraction of decays containing transversely polarized W is measured to be $F_{\perp} + F_{\perp} = 0.37 \pm 0.07$.
- 6 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j. 7 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two
- are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ⁸ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark
- $^9\mathrm{Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the Whelicity measurement in $t\bar{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous tbWcouplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when ${\bf f_1^L}$ and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.
- 10 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the tbW coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, $f_1^L = V_{th}^*$.

$|\mathsf{f}_{LV}\mathsf{V}_{tb}|$

Assumed that the top-quark-related CKM matrix elements obey the relation $|V_{td}|$, $|\mathsf{V}_{ts}| \ll |\mathsf{V}_{tb}|$ and a form factor f_{LV} is determined for each production mode and centre-of-mass energy.

0.995 ± 0.021 OUR AVERAGE $^{1}\,\mathrm{SIRUNYAN}$ $^{2}\,\mathrm{AABOUD}$ 20AZ CMS 13 TeV, t-channel single top 0.988 ± 0.024 19R LHC ATLAS + CMS at 7. 8 TeV $1.02 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$

- 1 SIRUNYAN 20AZ based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV. Final states enriched in single top quark t-channel events are used. Several theories beyond the standard model are considered, and by releasing all constraints among the involved parameters. Under the standard model assumption of CKM unitarity, the values are found to be $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|~>$ 0.970 and $|\mathsf{V}_{td}|^2 + |\mathsf{V}_{ts}|^2 \, <$ 0.057, both at 95% CL.
- 2 The combination of single-top production cross-section measurements in the t-channel, tW, and s-channel production modes from ATLAS and CMS at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV.

 $|\mathbf{f}_{LV}\sqrt{|V_{td}|^2+|V_{ts}|^2}|$ Assumed that the top-quark-related CKM matrix elements obey the relation $|{
m V}_{td}|, |{
m V}_{ts}| \ \ll \ |{
m V}_{tb}|$ and a form factor ${
m f}_{LV}$ is determined for each production mode andcentre-of-mass energy.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	data for average	s, fits, limits,	etc. • • •
0.24 ± 0.12	¹ SIRUNYAN	20AZ CMS	t-channel single top

https://pdg.lbl.gov Page 28 Created: 5/31/2023 09:12 1 We report the square root of SIRUNYAN 20AZ result based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV measured $|\mathsf{V}_{td}|^2+|\mathsf{V}_{ts}|^2=0.06\pm0.06$ using final states enriched in single top quark t-channel events by releasing all constraints from unitarity of the CKM matrix within the SM. Under the standard model assumption of CKM unitarity,the values are found to be $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| > 0.970$ and $|\mathsf{V}_{td}|^2+|\mathsf{V}_{ts}|^2<0.057$, both at 95% CL.

Chromo-magnetic dipole moment $\mu_t = g_s \hat{\mu}_t / m_t$

<u>VALUE</u>	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	<u>COMMENT</u>
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the	following	data for averages	s, fits, limits, o	etc. • • •
$-0.024 {}^{+ 0.013}_{- 0.009} {}^{+ 0.016}_{- 0.011}$		¹ SIRUNYAN	20AM CMS	$\ell+jets$
$-0.014 < \hat{\mu}_t < 0.004$	95			$\ell\ell + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1b)$
$-0.053 < \text{Re}(\hat{\mu}_t) < 0.026$	95	³ KHACHATRY.	16AI CMS	$\ell\ell + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1b)$

- 1 SIRUNYAN 20AM based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. $t\,\overline{t}$ with low and high boosts are reconstructed through a fit of the kinematic distributions. The $q\,\overline{q}$ initial subprocess is separated using different dependencies of the distributions on the initial states, and the linearized forward-backward asymmetry is measured to be $A_{FB}^{(1)}=0.048^{+0.095}_{-0.087}+0.020_{-0.029}$
- 2 SIRUNYAN 19BX based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. A set of parton-level normalized differential cross sections is measured to extract coefficients of the spin-dependent $t\,\overline{t}$ production density matrix. The coefficients are compared with the NLO MC simulations and with the NLO QCD calculation including EW corrections.
- 3 KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\bar{t}$ -system kinematical variables.

Chromo-electric dipole moment $d_t = g_s \hat{d}_t / m_t$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following	data for averages,	, fits, limits, o	etc. • • •
$\left \hat{d}_{t}\right < 0.03$	95	¹ SIRUNYAN		
	95			$\ell\ell + \geq 2j\; (\geq 1b)$
$-0.068 < \operatorname{Im}(\hat{d}_t) < 0.067$	95	³ KHACHATRY	.16AI CMS	$\ell\ell + \ge 2j \; (\ge 1b)$

- 1 SIRUNYAN 20AM based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. $t\overline{t}$ with low and high boosts are reconstructed through a fit of the kinematic distributions. The $q\overline{q}$ initial subprocess is separated using different dependences of the distributions on the initial states, and the linearized forward-backward asymmetry is measured to be $A_{FB}^{(1)}=0.048^{+0.095}_{-0.087}^{+0.020}$.
- ²SIRUNYAN 19BX based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. A set of parton-level normalized differential cross sections is measured to extract coefficients of the spin-dependent $t\bar{t}$ production density matrix and constrain the anomalous chromomagnetic and chromoelectric dipole moments of the top quark. The coefficients are compared with the NLO MC simulations and with the NLO QCD calculation including EW corrections.
- the NLO MC simulations and with the NLO QCD calculation including EW corrections. 3 KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\overline{t}$ -system kinematical variables.

Spin Correlation in $t\bar{t}$ Production in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions

C is the correlation strength parameter, f is the ratio of events with correlated t and \overline{t} spins (SM prediction: f = 1), and κ is the spin correlation coefficient. See "The Top Quark" review for more information.

VALUE	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the f	following data for a	verages, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
0.89 ± 0.22 0.85 ± 0.29	¹ ABAZOV ² ABAZOV	16A D0 12B D0	f ($\ell\ell$ + \geq 2 jets, ℓ + \geq 4 jets) f ($\ell\ell$ + \geq 2 jets, ℓ + \geq 4 jets)
https://pdg.lbl.gov	Page 2	9	Created: 5/31/2023 09:12

$1.15^{+0.42}_{-0.43}$	³ ABAZOV	12B D0	f ($\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T + \ge$ 4 jets)
$0.60^{+0.50}_{-0.16}$	⁴ AALTONEN	11AR CDF	$\kappa\;(\ell+ ot\!\!E_T\;+\;\geq$ 4 jets)
$0.74^{+0.40}_{-0.41}$	⁵ ABAZOV	11AE D0	f ($\ell\ell$ + $ ot\!$
0.10 ± 0.45	⁶ ABAZOV	11AF D0	C $(\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 2 \text{ jets})$

 $^{^1}$ ABAZOV 16A based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A matrix element method is used. It corresponds to evidence of spin correlation at 4.2 σ and is in agreement with the NLO SM prediction 0.80 $^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$.

 3 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. A matrix element method is used.

⁴ Based on 4.3 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is based on the angular study of the top quark decay products in the helicity basis. The theory prediction is $\kappa \approx 0.40$.

 5 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data using a matrix element method. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The no-correlation hypothesis is excluded at the 97.7% CL.

Spin Correlation in $t\bar{t}$ Production in pp Collisions

Spin correlation, f_{SM} , measures the strength of the correlation between the spins of the pair produced $t\bar{t}$. $f_{SM}=1$ for the SM, while $f_{SM}=0$ for no spin correlation.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	<u>COMMENT</u>				
• • • We do not use the fo	ullet $ullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $ullet$ $ullet$						
$0.90\!\pm\!0.07\!\pm\!0.09\!\pm\!0.01$	$^{ m 1}$ SIRUNYAN	19BX CMS	$ extstyle C_{kk}$ in $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j (\geq 1b)				
$1.13\!\pm\!0.32\!\pm\!0.32\!+\!0.10\atop-0.13$	¹ SIRUNYAN	19 _{BX} CMS	C_{rr} in $\ell\ell + \ \geq 2j$ ($\geq 1b$)				
$1.01\!\pm\!0.04\!\pm\!0.05\!\pm\!0.01$	¹ SIRUNYAN	19BX CMS	C_{nn} in $\ell\ell + \geq 2$ j ($\geq 1b$)				
$0.94\!\pm\!0.17\!\pm\!0.26\!\pm\!0.01$	¹ SIRUNYAN	19BX CMS	$C_{rk} + C_{kr}$ in $\ell\ell + \geq 2j$				
$0.98 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.01$	¹ SIRUNYAN	19BX CMS	$(\geq 1b) \ (extstyle (C_{kk} + extstyle C_{rr} + extstyle C_{nn})/3 ext{ in } \ell\ell \ + \geq 2 extstyle (\geq 1b)$				
$0.74\!\pm\!0.07\!\pm\!0.19 {}^{+0.06}_{-0.08}$	¹ SIRUNYAN	19BX CMS	$A^{lab}_{cos\phi}$ in $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j (\geq 1b)				
$1.05\!\pm\!0.03\!\pm\!0.08\!+\!0.09 \\ -0.12$	¹ SIRUNYAN	19BX CMS	$A_{ig \Delta\phi(\ell\ell)ig }$ in $\ell\ell+\ge 2\mathrm{j}$ $(\ge 1b)$				
$1.12^{igoplus 0.12}_{igoplus 0.15}$	² KHACHATRY	16AI CMS	$\ell\ell + \geq 2 \mathrm{j} \; (\geq 1 b)$				
$0.72 \pm 0.08 {+0.15 \atop -0.13}$	³ KHACHATRY	16X CMS	μ + 4,5j				
$1.20\!\pm\!0.05\!\pm\!0.13$	⁴ AAD	15」 ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell\ell)$ in $\ell\ell+\geq 2j(\geq 1b)$				
$1.19\!\pm\!0.09\!\pm\!0.18$	⁵ AAD	14BB ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell\ell)$ in $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j events				
$1.12 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.22$	⁵ AAD	14BB ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell j)$ in $\ell+\geq$ 4j events				
$0.87 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14$	^{5,6} AAD	14BB ATLS	S-ratio in $\ell\ell + \geq 2j$ events				
$0.75\pm0.19\pm0.23$	^{5,7} AAD	14BB ATLS	$\cos heta(\ell^+)\cos heta(\ell^-)$ in $\ell\ell$ + \geq 2j events				

 $^{^2}$ This is a combination of the lepton + jets analysis presented in ABAZOV 12B and the dilepton measurement of ABAZOV 11AE. It provides a 3.1 σ evidence for the $t\overline{t}$ spin correlation.

 $^{^6}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The NLO QCD prediction is C = 0.78 \pm 0.03. The neutrino weighting method is used for reconstruction of kinematics.

$$0.83\pm0.14\pm0.18$$
 5,8 AAD 14BB ATLS $\cos\theta(\ell^+)\cos\theta(\ell^-)$ in $\ell\ell+2$ 2j events

- 1 SIRUNYAN 19BX based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. A set of parton-level normalized differential cross sections sensitive to coefficients of the spin-dependent $t\overline{t}$ production density matrix is measured. The distributions and coefficients are compared with the NLO MC simulations and with the NLO QCD calculation including EW corrections. Three errors are from statistics, experimental systematics, and theory.
- 2 KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\,\overline{t}$ -system kinematical variables.
- 3 KHACHATRYAN 16x based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Uses a template fit method. Spin correlation strength in the helicity basis is given by $A_{\rm hel}=0.23\pm0.03^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$.
- ⁴ AAD 15J based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Uses a fit including a linear superposition of $\Delta\phi$ distribution from the SM NLO simulation with coefficient f_{SM} and from $t\bar{t}$ simulation without spin correlation with coefficient $(1-f_{SM})$.
- $^{5}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at \sqrt{s} =7 TeV. The results are for m_{t} = 172.5 GeV.
- ⁶ The S-ratio is defined as the SM spin correlation in the like-helicity gluon-gluon collisions normalized to the no spin correlation case; see eq.(6) for the LO expression.
- ⁷ The polar angle correlation along the helicity axis.
- 8 The polar angle correlation along the direction which maximizes the correlation.

t-quark FCNC Couplings κ^{utg}/Λ and κ^{ctg}/Λ

	P	/ / -	-		
$VALUE~({ m TeV}^{-1})$	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not us	se the following	data for average	s, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •
		¹ AAD	22T	ATLS	$ug ightarrow \ t$, $cg ightarrow \ t$
< 0.0041	95	² KHACHATRY	17 G	CMS	$ \kappa^{tug} /\Lambda$
< 0.018	95	² KHACHATRY	17 G	CMS	$ \kappa^{tcg} /\Lambda$
< 0.010	95	³ AAD	16 AS	ATLS	κ^{tug}/Λ
< 0.023	95	³ AAD	16 AS	ATLS	κ^{tcg}/Λ
< 0.0069	95	⁴ AAD	12 BP	ATLS	$t^{tug}/\Lambda \ (t^{tcg}=0)$
< 0.016	95	⁴ AAD	12 BP	ATLS	$t^{tcg}/\Lambda \ (t^{tug}=0)$
< 0.013	95	⁵ ABAZOV	10K	D0	κ^{tug}/Λ
< 0.057	95	⁵ ABAZOV	10K	D0	κ^{tcg}/Λ
< 0.018	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09N	CDF	$\kappa^{tug}/\Lambda~(\kappa^{tcg}=0)$
< 0.069	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09N	CDF	$\kappa^{tcg}/\Lambda \ (\kappa^{tug} = 0)$
< 0.037	95	⁷ ABAZOV	07∨	D0	κ^{utg}/Λ
< 0.15	95	⁷ ABAZOV	07∨	D0	κ^{ctg}/Λ

- 1 AAD 22T based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The results are obtained from the 95% CL upper limits on the single top-quark productions $\sigma(ug\to t)\cdot \mathrm{B}(t\to bW)\cdot \mathrm{B}(W\to \ell\nu)<3.0$ pb and $\sigma(cg\to t)\cdot \mathrm{B}(t\to bW)\cdot \mathrm{B}(W\to \ell\nu)<4.7$ pb. These are interpreted as limits on couplings in an EFT $|\mathrm{C}^{ut}_{uG}|/\Lambda^2<0.057$ TeV $^{-2}$ and $|\mathrm{C}^{ct}_{uG}|/\Lambda^2<0.14$ TeV $^{-2}$. The results also correspond to $\mathrm{B}(t\to ug)<6.1\times10^{-5}$ and $\mathrm{B}(t\to cg)<3.7\times10^{-4}$.
- 2 KHACHATRYAN 17G based on 5.0 and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. t-channel single top production is used. The result corresponds to B(t \rightarrow $ug)<2.0\times10^{-5}$ or B(t \rightarrow $cg)<4.1\times10^{-4}$.
- ³AAD 16AS based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The results are obtained from the 95% CL upper limit on the single top-quark production $\sigma(qg\to t)\cdot B(t\to bW)B(W\to I\nu)<2.9$ pb, $B(t\to ug)<4.0\times 10^{-5}$ and $B(t\to cg)<20\times 10^{-5}$.

- ⁴ Based on 2.05 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The results are obtained from the 95% CL upper limit on the single top-quark production $\sigma(qg\to t)\cdot B(t\to bW)<3.9$ pb, for q=u or q=c, $B(t\to ug)<5.7\times 10^{-5}$ and $B(t\to ug)<2.7\times 10^{-4}$.
- ⁵ Based on 2.3 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Upper limit of single top quark production cross section 0.20 pb and 0.27 pb via FCNC *t-u-g* and *t-c-g* couplings, respectively, lead to the bounds without assuming the absence of the other coupling. B($t \rightarrow u + g$) < 2.0×10^{-4} and B($t \rightarrow c + g$) < 3.9×10^{-3} follow.
- B(t oup = u + g) $< 2.0 imes 10^{-4}$ and B(t oup = c + g) $< 3.9 imes 10^{-3}$ follow. Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV. Upper limit of single top quark production cross section $\sigma(u(c) + g oup t) < 1.8$ pb (95% CL) via FCNC t-u-g and t-c-g couplings lead to the bounds. B(t oup = u + g) $< 3.9 imes 10^{-4}$ and B(t oup = c + g) $< 5.7 imes 10^{-3}$ follow.
- ⁷Result is based on 230 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Absence of single top quark production events via FCNC *t-u-g* and *t-c-g* couplings lead to the upper bounds on the dimensioned couplings, κ^{utg}/Λ and κ^{ctg}/Λ , respectively.

t-Quark Yukawa Coupling from tt Kinematic Distributions in pp Collisions

The ratio of t-quark Yukawa coupling to its standard model predicted value.

<u>VALUE</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

- $1.16^{+0.24}_{-0.35}$ 1 SIRUNYAN 20BH CMS $\ell\ell$ (ℓ =e, μ) + jets (\geq 2bj) + $\not\!\!E_T$
- $1.07 {}^{+0.34}_{-0.43} \hspace{1.5cm} {}^{2} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{SIRUNYAN} \hspace{0.5cm} 19 \\ \text{BY CMS} \hspace{0.5cm} \ell + \text{jets, } t \hspace{0.1cm} \overline{t} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{ threshold}$
 - 1 SIRUNYAN 20BH based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Kinematic distributions of $t\overline{t}$ are compared with predictions by different values of the top Yukawa coupling in loop corrections, where the scaling of the SM coupling is used within the κ -framework. The $\not\!\!E_T$ cut applies only to the same-flavor dilepton, not $e\mu$ events.
 - 2 SIRUNYAN 19BY based on 35.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Experimental sensitivity is enhanced in the low $M_{t\,\overline{t}}$ region. The distributions of $M_{t\,\overline{t}},\ |y_t-y_{\overline{t}}|,$ and the number of reconstructed jets are compared with predictions by different Yukawa couplings which include NNLO QCD and NLO EW corrections.

$\sigma(Ht\overline{t})/\sigma(Ht\overline{t})_{SM}$

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

$1.43 ^{m{+0.33}}_{-0.31} ^{m{+0.21}}_{-0.15}$		¹ AAD	20z ATLS	$Ht\overline{t}\left(H ightarrow\gamma\gamma ight)$
$1.38 {+0.29 +0.21\atop -0.27 -0.11}$		² SIRUNYAN	20AS CMS	$Ht\overline{t} \ (H o \ \gamma\gamma)$
$0.72 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.38$		³ SIRUNYAN	19R CMS	$Ht\overline{t}(H ob\overline{b},t\overline{t} o\ell + ext{jets or dilepton})$
$0.9 \pm 0.7 \pm 1.3$		⁴ SIRUNYAN	18BD CMS	$Ht\overline{t} (H \rightarrow b\overline{b}, t\overline{t} \rightarrow all jets)$
$1.26^{+0.31}_{-0.26}$		⁵ SIRUNYAN	18L CMS	combination of CMS
<6.7 2.8 ±1.0	95	⁶ AAD ⁷ KHACHATRY.	15 ATLS 14H CMS	$H t \overline{t}; H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ $H \rightarrow b \overline{b}, \tau_h \tau_h, \gamma \gamma,$ W W / Z Z (leptons)

 $^{^1}$ AAD 20Z based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at 13 TeV. Assuming a $\it CP$ -even coupling the $t\overline{t}H$ process is observed with a significance of 5.2 σ , and the measured $\sigma_{t\overline{t}H}\cdot B_{\gamma\gamma}=1.64^{+0.38}_{-0.36}^{+0.17}$ fb. A $\it CP$ -mixing angle $|\alpha|>43^\circ$ is excluded at 95% CL.

- 2 SIRUNYAN 20AS based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at 13 TeV. The $t\,\overline{t}\,H$ process is observed with a significance of 6.6 σ , and the measured $\sigma_{t\,\overline{t}\,H}\cdot B_{\gamma\,\gamma}=1.56^{+0.33}_{-0.30}^{+0.33}_{-0.08}$ fb. The fractional contribution of the CP-odd component is measured to be $f_{CP}^{t\,\overline{t}\,H}=0.00\pm0.33$.
- 3 SIRUNYAN 19R based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at 13 TeV. Multivariate techniques are employed to separate the signal from the dominant $t\overline{t}$ +jets background. The result is for $m_H=125$ GeV. The measured ratio corresponds to a signal significance of 1.6σ above the background-only hypothesis.
- 4 SIRUNYAN 18BD based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at 13 TeV. A combined fit of signal and background templates to data is performed in six event categories separated by jet and b-jet multiplicities. An upper limit of 3.8 is obtained for the cross section ratio.
- 5 SIRUNYAN 18L based on up to 5.1, 19.7, and 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at 7, 8, and 13 TeV, respectively. An excess of events is observed, with a significance of 5.2 standard deviations, over the expectation from the background-only hypothesis. The result is for the Higgs boson mass of 125.09 GeV.
- 6 Based on 4.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 7 TeV and 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The result is for $m_H=125.4$ GeV. The measurement constrains the top quark Yukawa coupling strength parameter $\kappa_t=Y_t/Y_t^{SM}$ to be $-1.3~<\kappa_t~<8.0$ (95% CL).
- ⁷ Based on 5.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at 7 TeV and 19.7 fb⁻¹ at 8 TeV. The results are obtained by assuming the SM decay branching fractions for the Higgs boson of mass 125.6 GeV. The signal strength for individual Higgs decay channels are given in Fig. 13, and the preferred region in the (κ_V, κ_f) space is given in Fig. 14.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV

Direct probe of the tbW coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.

VALUE (pb)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT IL)	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do	not use the follo	owing data for a	verages	, fits, lir	mits, etc. • • •
<24	95	$^{ m 1}$ ACOSTA	04н	CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X, tqb + X$
<18	95	² ACOSTA	02	CDF	$p\overline{p} ightarrow tb + X$
<13	95	³ ACOSTA	02	CDF	$p\overline{p} ightarrow tqb + X$

- ¹ ACOSTA 04H bounds single top-quark production from the s-channel W-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \to t\overline{b}$, and the t-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \to qt\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \ \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data.
- ² ACOSTA 02 bounds the cross section for single top-quark production via the s-channel W-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \, \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data.
- ³ ACOSTA 02 bounds the cross section for single top-quark production via the *t*-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \, \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

Direct probes of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use t	ne following data for aver	rages,	fits, lim	its, etc. • • •
$3.53 + 1.25 \\ -1.16$	¹ AALTONEN	16	CDF	s - $+$ t -channels (0 ℓ + $\not\!\!E_T$ + 2,3 j (\geq 1 b -tag))
$2.25 ^{igoplus 0.29}_{-0.31}$	² AALTONEN	15H	TEVA	t-channel
$3.30^{igoplus 0.52}_{igoplus 0.40}$	^{2,3} AALTONEN	15H	TEVA	s- + t-channels
$1.12 ^{igoplus 0.61}_{-0.57}$	⁴ AALTONEN	14 K	CDF	s-channel $(0\ell + ot \!$
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1.41^{+0}_{-0}	.44 .42		⁵ AALTONEN	14L	CDF	s-channel $(\ell+ ot\!$
1.29^{+0}_{-0}	.26 .24		⁶ AALTONEN	14M	TEVA	s-channel (CDF $+$ D0)
3.04^{+0}_{-0}	.57 .53		⁷ AALTONEN	140	CDF	$s+t+Wt\left(\ell+ ot\!$
1.10^{+0}_{-0}	.33 .31		⁸ ABAZOV	130	D0	s-channel
3.07^{+0}_{-0}	.54 .49		⁸ ABAZOV	130	D0	t-channel
4.11^{+0}_{-0}	.60 .55		⁸ ABAZOV	130	D0	s-+ t-channels
0.98 ± 0			9 ABAZOV	11 AA		s-channel
2.90 ± 0			⁹ ABAZOV	11AA	D0	t-channel
3.43^{+0}_{-0}	.73 .74		¹⁰ ABAZOV	11 AD	D0	s- $+$ t -channels
$1.8 \begin{array}{c} +0 \\ -0 \end{array}$.7 .5		¹¹ AALTONEN	10 AB	CDF	s-channel
0.8 ± 0	.4		¹¹ AALTONEN	10 AB	CDF	t-channel
$4.9 \begin{array}{c} +2 \\ -2 \end{array}$.5 .2		¹² AALTONEN	10 U	CDF	$ ot\!\!E_T + {\sf jets} \; {\sf decay}$
3.14^{+0}_{-0}	.94 .80		¹³ ABAZOV	10	D0	t-channel
1.05 ± 0	.81		¹³ ABAZOV	10	D0	<i>s</i> -channel
< 7.3		95	¹⁴ ABAZOV	10 J	D0	au+ jets decay
$2.3 \begin{array}{c} +0 \\ -0 \end{array}$.6 .5		¹⁵ AALTONEN	09AT	CDF	s- $+$ t -channel
3.94 ± 0	.88		¹⁶ ABAZOV	09Z	D0	s- $+$ t -channel
$2.2 \begin{array}{c} +0 \\ -0 \end{array}$.7 .6		¹⁷ AALTONEN	08ан	CDF	s- + t-channel
4.7 ± 1	.3		¹⁸ ABAZOV	180	D0	s- $+$ t -channel
4.9 ± 1	.4		¹⁹ ABAZOV	07H	D0	s- $+$ t -channel
< 6.4			²⁰ ABAZOV	05 P	D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X$
< 5.0			²⁰ ABAZOV		D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$
<10.1		95 05	²¹ ACOSTA ²¹ ACOSTA		CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$
<13.6 <17.8		95 95	²¹ ACOSTA		CDF CDF	$ p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X $ $ p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X, tqb + X $
\I1.0		93	ACOSTA	UJN	CDI	$pp \rightarrow lb + \Lambda, lqb + \Lambda$

 $^{^1}$ AALTONEN 16 based on 9.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This includes, as a part, the result of AALTONEN 14K. Combination of this result with that of AALTONEN 14O gives a s+t cross section of 3.02 $^{+0.49}_{-0.48}$ pb and $\left|V_{tb}\right| >$ 0.84 (95% CL).

 $^{^2}$ AALTONEN 15H based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data per experiment. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and is a combination of the CDF measurements (AALTONEN 16) and the D0 measurements (ABAZOV 130) on the t-channel single t-quark production cross section. The result is consistent with the NLO+NNLL SM prediction and gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=1.02^{+0.06}_{-0.05}$ and $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.92$ (95% CL).

 $^{^3}$ AALTONEN 15H is a combined measurement of s-channel single top cross section by CDF + D0. AALTONEN 14M is not included.

 $^{^4}$ Based on 9.45 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks to separate signal from backgrounds. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. Combination of this result with the CDF measurement in the 1 lepton channel AALTONEN 14L gives $1.36 {+0.37 \atop -0.32}$ pb, consistent with the SM prediction, and is 4.2 sigma away from the background only hypothesis.

 $^{^5}$ Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks to separate signal from backgrounds. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The result is 3.8 sigma away from the background only hypothesis.

- 6 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data per experiment. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and is a combination of the CDF measurements AALTONEN 14L, AALTONEN 14K and the D0 measurement ABAZOV 130 on the s-channel single t-quark production cross section. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 1.05 \pm 0.06 pb and the significance of the observation is of 6.3 standard deviations.
- ⁷ Based on 7.5 fb⁻¹ of data. Neural network is used to discriminate signals (s-, t- and Wt-channel single top production) from backgrounds. The result is consistent with the SM prediction, and gives $|V_{tb}|=0.95\pm0.09({\rm stat+syst})\pm0.05({\rm theory})$ and $|V_{tb}|>0.78$ (95% CL). The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- ⁸ Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+2$ or 3 jets (1 or 2 b-tag) are analysed, assuming $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The combined s- + t-channel cross section gives $\left|\mathsf{V}_{tb}\ f_1^L\right|=1.12^{+0.09}_{-0.08}, \text{ or }\left|\mathsf{V}_{tb}\right|\ >0.92$ at 95% CL for $f_1^L=1$ and a flat prior within $0\leq |\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^2<1.$
- 9 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical + systematic combined. The results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. Results for other m_t values are given in Table 2 of ABAZOV 11AA.
- Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data and for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The error is statistical + systematic combined. Results for other m_t values are given in Table III of ABAZOV 11AD. The result is obtained by assuming the SM ratio between $t\,b$ (s-channel) and $t\,q\,b$ (t-channel) productions, and gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| f_1^L | = 1.02^{+0.10}_{-0.11}$, or $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| > 0.79$ at 95% CL for a flat prior within $0 < |\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^2 < 1$.
- 11 Based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For combined s- t-channel result see AALTONEN 09AT.
- 12 Result is based on $2.1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data. Events with large missing E_T and jets with at least one b-jet without identified electron or muon are selected. Result is obtained when observed $2.1~\sigma$ excess over the background originates from the signal for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV},$ giving $\left|V_{tb}\right|=1.24^{+0.34}_{-0.29}\pm0.07({\rm theory}).$
- 13 Result is based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+E_T+2$,3, 4 jets with one or two b-tags are selected. The analysis assumes $m_t=170$ GeV.
- 14 Result is based on 4.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with an isolated reconstructed tau lepton, missing E_T + 2, 3 jets with one or two *b*-tags are selected. When combined with ABAZOV 09Z result for e + $\,\mu$ channels, the *s* and *t*-channels combined cross section is 3.84 $^{+0.89}_{-0.83}$ pb.
- ¹⁵ Based on 3.2 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with isolated $\ell + \not\!\! E_T + j$ ets with at least one b-tag are analyzed and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using the likelihood function, matrix element, neural-network, boosted decision tree, likelihood function optimized for s-channel process, and neural-networked based analysis of events with $\not\!\! E_T$ that has sensitivity for $W \to \tau \nu$ decays. The result is for $m_t = 175$ GeV, and the mean value decreases by 0.02 pb/GeV for smaller m_t . The signal has 5.0 sigma significance. The result gives $|V_{tb}| = 0.91 \pm 0.11$ (stat+syst) ± 0.07 (theory), or $|V_{tb}| > 0.71$ at 95% CL.
- 16 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\geq 2$ jets with 1 or 2 b-tags are analyzed and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using boosted decision tree, Bayesian neural networks and the matrix element method. The signal has 5.0 sigma significance. The result gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=1.07\pm0.12$, or $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.78$ at 95% CL. The analysis assumes $m_t=170~{\rm GeV}.$
- 17 Result is based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+2$, 3 jets with at least one b-tag are selected, and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using likelihood, matrix element, and neural network discriminants. The result can be interpreted as $\left|V_{tb}\right|=0.88^{+0.13}_{-0.12}(\mathrm{stat}+\mathrm{syst})\pm0.07(\mathrm{theory}),$ and $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.66$ (95% CL) under the $\left|V_{tb}\right|<1$ constraint.

- 18 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+2$, 3, 4 jets with one or two b-vertex-tag are selected, and contributions from W+ jets, $t\overline{t},$ s- and t-channel single top events are identified by using boosted decision trees, Bayesian neural networks, and matrix element analysis. The result can be interpreted as the measurement of the CKM matrix element $|V_{tb}|=1.31^{+0.25}_{-0.21},$ or $|V_{tb}|>0.68$ (95% CL) under the $|V_{tb}|<1$ constraint.
- 19 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This result constrains V_{tb} to 0.68 $<|V_{tb}|\leq 1$ at 95% CL.
- 20 ABAZOV 05P bounds single top-quark production from either the s-channel W-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b}$, or the t-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b}$, based on $\sim 230~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data.
- ²¹ ACOSTA 05N bounds single top-quark production from the *t*-channel *W*-exchange process $(q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b})$, the *s*-channel *W*-exchange process $(q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b})$, and from the combined cross section of *t* and *s*-channel. Based on $\sim 162 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of data.

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV Direct probe of the tbW coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •								
67.5± 5.7	¹ AABOUD		combination of ATLAS $+$ CMS					
$68 \pm 2 \pm 8$	² AAD	14BI ATLS	$\ell + ot \!$					
83 \pm 4 $^{+20}_{-19}$	³ AAD	12CH ATLS	t -channel $\ell+ ot\!$					
67.2 ± 6.1	⁴ CHATRCHYAI		t -channel $\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+\ \ge 2j$ (1 b)					
$83.6 \pm 29.8 \pm 3.3$	⁵ CHATRCHYAI	N11R CMS	<i>t</i> -channel					

- 1 AABOUD 19R based on 1.17 to $5.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data from ATLAS and CMS at 7 TeV. Based on 4.59 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks for signal and background separation. $\sigma(t\,q)=46\pm1\pm6$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=23\pm1\pm3$ pb are separately measured, as well as their ratio $R=\sigma(t\,q)/\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=2.04\pm0.13\pm0.12.$ The results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and those for other m_t values are given by eq.(4) and Table IV. The measurements give $|{\rm V}_{tb}|=1.02\pm0.07$ or $|{\rm V}_{tb}|>0.88$ (95% CL).
- 3 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1.13^{+0.14}_{-0.13}$ from the ratio $\sigma(\exp)/\sigma(\mathsf{th})$, where $\sigma(\mathsf{th})$ is the SM prediction for $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1$. The 95% CL lower bound of $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|>0.75$ is found if $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|<1$ is assumed. $\sigma(t)=59^{+18}_{-16}$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t})=33^{+13}_{-12}$ pb are found for the separate single t and \overline{t} production cross sections, respectively. The results assume $m_t=172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.
- ⁴ Based on 1.17 fb⁻¹ of data for $\ell=\mu$, 1.56 fb⁻¹ of data for $\ell=e$ at 7 TeV collected during 2011. The result gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|=1.020\pm0.046(\mathsf{meas})\pm0.017(\mathsf{th})$. The 95% CL lower bound of $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|>0.92$ is found if $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|<1$ is assumed. The results assume $m_t=172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.
- 5 Based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The first error is statistical + systematic combined, the second is luminosity. The result gives $\left| \mathsf{V}_{tb} \right| = 1.114 \pm 0.22 (\mathsf{exp}) \pm 0.02 (\mathsf{th})$ from the ratio $\sigma(\mathsf{exp})/\sigma(\mathsf{th})$, where $\sigma(\mathsf{th})$ is the SM prediction for $\left| \mathsf{V}_{tb} \right| = 1$. The 95% CL lower bound of $\left| \mathsf{V}_{tb} \right| > 0.62$ (0.68) is found from the 2D (BDT) analysis under the constraint $0 < \left| \mathsf{V}_{tb} \right|^2 < 1$.

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

_	VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •						
;	87.7 ± 5.8	$^{ m 1}$ AABOUD	19 R	LHC	combination of ATLAS+CMS	
;	$89.6^{+7.1}_{-6.3}$	² AABOUD	17 T	ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 2 j (1b j)$	
	https://pdg.lbl.gov	Page	36		Created: 5/31/2023 09:12	

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^3 KHACHATRY...14F CMS \ell+E_T+\geq 2 j (1,2 b, 1 forward j)
83.6 \pm 2.3 \pm 7.4
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- 1 AABOUD 19R based on 12.2 to 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data from ATLAS and CMS at 8 TeV. 2 AABOUD 17T based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A maximum-likelihood fit to neural-network discriminant distributions is used to separate signal and background events. Individual cross sections are measured as $\sigma(t\,q)=56.7^{+4.3}_{-3.8}$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=32.9^{+3.0}_{-2.7}$ pb, while their ratio is given by $\sigma(t\,q)/\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=1.72\pm0.09$. A lower limit $|V_{tb}|>0.92$ (95% CL) is obtained. Measured total and differential cross sections are described well by the
- ${}^3\mathrm{Based}$ on 19.7 fb ${}^{-1}$ of data. The t and \overline{t} production cross sections are measured separately as $\sigma_{t-ch.}(t)=$ 53.8 \pm 1.5 \pm 4.4 pb and $\sigma_{t-ch.}(\overline{t})=$ 27.6 \pm 1.3 \pm 3.7 pb, respectively, as well as their ratio $R_{t-ch}=\sigma_{t-ch.}(t)/\sigma_{t-ch.}(\overline{t})=1.95\pm0.10\pm0.19$, in agreement with the SM predictions. Combination with a previous CMS result at \sqrt{s} = 7 TeV [CHATRCHYAN 12BQ] gives $|V_{tb}|=0.998\pm0.038\pm0.016$. Also obtained is the ratio $R_{8/7}=\sigma_{t-ch.}(8{\rm TeV})/\sigma_{t-ch.}(7{\rm TeV})=1.24\pm0.08\pm0.12$.

s-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	ng data for averages,	, fits, limits,	etc. • • •
4.9 ± 1.4	$^{ m 1}$ AABOUD	19R LHC	ATLAS + CMS
$4.8 \pm 0.8 {+1.6 \atop -1.3}$	² AAD	16∪ ATLS	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + 2b$
13.4 ± 7.3	³ KHACHATRY		
5.0 ± 4.3	⁴ AAD	15A ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + 2b$

 1 AABOUD 19R based on 12.2 to 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data from ATLAS and CMS at 8 TeV. 2 AAD 16U based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a maximum-likelihood fit of a matrix element

method discriminant. The same data set as in AAD 15A is used. The result corresponds to an observed significance of 3.2σ .

- 3 KHACHATRYAN 16AZ based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal and backgrounds. The same method is applied to $5.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, giving 7.1 ± 8.1 pb. Combining both measurements, the observed significance is 2.5 σ . A best fit value of 2.0 \pm 0.9 is obtained for the combined ratio of the measured values and SM expectations.
- 4 AAD 15A based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal and backgrounds. The 95% CL upper bound of the cross section is 14.6 pb. The results are consistent with the SM prediction of 5.61 \pm 0.22 pb at approximate NNLO.

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\,\mathrm{TeV}$

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT IL) IECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use t	he following data	for averages,	fits, limits, etc. • • •
$130 \pm 1 \pm 19$			$\sigma(tq),\;\ell+ ot\!$
$77 \pm 1 \pm 12$		20D CMS	$\sigma(\overline{t}q),\ \ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ \geq 2\ j$
$156\pm\ 5\pm27\pm\ 3$	² AABOUD		$\sigma(tq)$, $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+2$ j (1 b , 1 forward j)
$91\pm~4\pm18\pm~2$	² AABOUD		$\sigma(\overline{t}q)$, $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+2$ j (1 b , 1 forward j)
$154\pm\ 8\pm\ 9\pm19\pm4$	³ SIRUNYAN		$\sigma(tq),\; \mu+\geq 2$ j $(1b)$
$85\pm10\pm\ 4\pm11\pm2$	³ SIRUNYAN	17AA CMS	$\sigma(\overline{t}q),\; \mu+\geq 2\; \mathrm{j}\; (1b)$

 $^{^{1}}$ SIRUNYAN 20D based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Different categories of jet and b jet multiplicity and multivariate discriminators are used to separate signal and background events. The cross section ratio is measured to be $\sigma(tq)/\sigma(\overline{t}q) = 1.68 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.05$. CKM matrix element is obtained as $|{\bf f}_{LV} {\it V}_{tb}| = 0.98 \pm 0.07 ({\rm exp}) \pm 0.02 ({\rm theo})$ where ${\bf f}_{LV}$ is an anomalous form factor. All results are in agreement with the SM.

 $^{^2}$ AABOUD 17H based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A maximum-likelihood fit to neural-network discriminant distributions is used to separate signal and background events. The third

error is for luminosity. The cross section ratio is measured to be $\sigma(t\,q)/\sigma(\overline{t}\,q)=1.72\pm$ 0.09 \pm 0.18. A lower limit $|V_{tb}|~>$ 0.84 (95% CL) is obtained. All results are in agreement with the SM.

 3 SIRUNYAN 17AA based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A multivariate discriminator is used to separate signal and background events. The four errors are from statitics, experimental systematics, theory, and luminosity. The cross section ratio is measured to be $\sigma(tq)/\sigma(\overline{t}q) = 1.81 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.15$. CKM matrix element is obtained as $|V_{tb}| =$ $1.05\pm0.07(\text{exp})\pm0.02(\text{theo})$. All results are in agreement with the SM.

$t\overline{t}H$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

VALUE (fb)	DOCUMENT ID	<u>TECN</u>	COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the	following data for	averages, fits	s, limits, etc. • • •
$33\pm31^{+}_{-}$ 22	¹ AAD	22Q ATLS	H ightarrow au au
$670 \pm 90 + 110$	² AABOUD	18BK ATLS	$H \rightarrow b \overline{b}$, $W W^* \tau \tau$, $\gamma \gamma$, $Z Z^*$

 1 AAD 22Q based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The measured value includes B(H o au au) and

corresponds to the rapidity range $|y_H| < 2.5$. The value is consistent with the SM prediction, where B($H \to \tau \tau$) = 6.3% for m_H = 125.09 GeV. ² AABOUD 18BK based on 79.8 fb⁻¹ of data. The observed significance is 5.8 σ relative to the background-only hypothesis. The measurement is consistent with the NLO SM prediction of 507 $^{+35}_{-50}$ fb. See Table 3 and Fig. 5 for measurements of individual modes. Combined with the measurements at 7 and 8 TeV, the observed significance is 6.3σ .

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the follo	wing data for avera	ges,	fits, limi	ts, etc. • • •
16.3 ± 4.1	$^{ m 1}$ AABOUD	19 R	LHC	$ATLAS + CMS \; combined$
$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & +5 \\ -4 & \end{array}$	² CHATRCHYAN	13 C	CMS	$t{+}W$ channel, $2\ell{+}E_T{+}1b$

 1_2 AABOUD 19R based on 1.17 to 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of data from ATLAS and CMS at 7 TeV. Based on 4.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives V $_{tb}=1.01^+_{-0.13}(\exp)^+_{-0.04}(\mathrm{th}).$ V $_{tb}>$ 0.79 (95% CL) if V $_{tb}$ $\,<$ 1 is assumed. The results assume $\it m_t = 172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT			
• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •						
26 ±7	¹ AAD	21AT ATLS	$\ell+\geq 3j$			
23.1 ± 3.6	² AABOUD	19R LHC	$ATLAS + CMS \; combined$			
$23.0 \pm 1.3 ^{+3.2}_{-3.5} \pm 1.1$	³ AAD	16B ATLS	$2\ell + E_T + 1b$			
23.4 ± 5.4	⁴ CHATRCHYAI	N 14AC CMS	$t\!+\!W$ channel, $2\ell\!+\!E_T\!+\!1b$			

 $^{^{1}}$ AAD 21AT based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. In this single lepton channel, only single neutrino is emitted, so that both W and t can be reconstructed. A neural network is trained to separate signal from background. The measured cross section agrees with the NLO+NNLL SM prediction of 22.4 \pm 0.6(scale) \pm 1.4(PDF) pb.

3 AABOUD 19R based on 12.2 to 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data from ATLAS and CMS at 8 TeV. 3 AAD 16B based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives $|V_{tb}| = 1.01 \pm 0.10$ and $|V_{tb}| > 0.80$ (95% CL) without assuming unitarity of the CKM matrix. The results assume m_t

= 172.5 GeV for the acceptance. 4 Based on 12.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with two oppositely charged leptons, large E_T and a b-tagged jet are selected, and a multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 22.2 \pm $0.6(\text{scale}) \pm 1.4(\text{PDF})$ pb at approximate NNLO.

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

 VALUE (pb)
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

 • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 89 ± 4 ±12
 1 TUMASYAN
 21E CMS
 1ℓ + jets

 94 ±10 $^{+28}_{-22}$ ±2
 2 AABOUD
 18H ATLS
 $\ell^+\ell^-$ + ≥ 1j

³ SIRUNYAN

 1 TUMASYAN 21E based on 36 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A boosted decision tree is used to separate the signal from the dominant $t\overline{t}$ backgrounds. The result corresponds to an observation with a significance exceeding 5 σ and is consistent with the NNLO QCD prediction of 71.7 \pm 1.8(scale) \pm 3.4(PDF) pb or with the approximate NNNLO SM prediction of $79.5^{+1.9}_{-1.8}(\text{scale})\,^{+2.0}_{-1.4}(\text{PDF})$ pb.

18DL CMS

 $e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp} + > 1i(b\text{-tag})$

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- 2 AABOUD 18H based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The last error is from luminosity. A multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is consistent with the NLO+NNLL SM prediction of 71.7 \pm 1.8(scale) \pm 3.4(PDF) pb.
- 3 SIRUNYAN 18DL based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The last error is from luminosity. A multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is consistent with the NLO+NNLL SM prediction of 71.7 \pm 1.8(scale) \pm 3.4(PDF) pb.

Zt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

VALUE (fb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

- 1 TUMASYAN 22L based on 138 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 13 TeV. The result is for a dilepton invariant masses above 30 GeV. It agrees with the NLO SM prediction of $94.2^{+1.9}_{-1.8}(\text{scale}) \pm 2.5(\text{PDF})$ fb. The ratio of t and \overline{t} production cross sections is measured as $2.37^{+0.56}_{-0.42} + 0.13$. The spin asymmetry is measured to be $0.54 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.06$. Both measurements are in agreement with the SM predictions.
- ² AAD 20AB based on 139 fb⁻¹ of data at 13 TeV. Neural networks are used to discriminate tZq signal from backgrounds. The result is for the cross section $\sigma(pp \to t\ell^+\ell^-q)$, including non-resonant dilepton pairs, for dilepton invariant masses above 30 GeV and is consistent with the NLO SM prediction of 102^{+5}_{-2} fb.
- 3 SIRUNYAN 19BF based on 77.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Two BDT's are used in the analysis: one to discriminate prompt leptons from non-prompt ones; and one to discriminate tZq signal from backgrounds. The result is for the cross section $\sigma(pp\to tZq\to t\ell^+\ell^-q)$ for dilepton invariant masses above 30 GeV and is consistent with the NLO SM prediction of 94.2 \pm 3.1 fb.
- ⁴ AABOUD 18AE based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ of data. A multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is consistent with the NLO SM prediction of 800 fb with a scale uncertainty of $^{+6.1}_{-7.4}\%$.
- 5 SIRUNYAN 18Z based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is for the cross section $\sigma(p\,p\to\,t\,Z\,q\to\,W\,b\,\ell^+\,\ell^-\,q)$ and is consistent with the NLO SM prediction of 94.2 $^{+\,1.9}_{-\,1.8}(\text{scale})\,\pm\,2.5(\text{PDF})$ fb. Superseded by SIRUNYAN 19BF.

 $63.1 \pm 1.8 \pm 6.4 \pm 2.1$

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in ep Collisions

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use t	ne following	g data for average	s, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •
< 0.25	95	$^{ m 1}$ AARON	09A	H1	$e^{\pm} p \rightarrow e^{\pm} t X$
< 0.55	95				$e^{\pm}p \rightarrow e^{\pm}tX$
< 0.225	95	³ CHEKANOV	03	ZEUS	$e^{\pm} ho ightarrow \ e^{\pm} t X$

- 1 AARON 09A looked for single top production via FCNC in $e^\pm p$ collisions at HERA with 474 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 301–319 GeV. The result supersedes that of AKTAS 04.
- 2 AKTAS 04 looked for single top production via FCNC in e^\pm collisions at HERA with 118.3 pb $^{-1}$, and found 5 events in the e or μ channels while 1.31 \pm 0.22 events are expected from the Standard Model background. No excess was found for the hadronic channel. The observed cross section of $\sigma(e\,p\to\,e\,t\,X)=0.29^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$ pb at $\sqrt{s}=319$ GeV gives the quoted upper bound if the observed events are due to statistical fluctuation. ³ CHEKANOV 03 looked in 130.1 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=301$ and 318 GeV. The limit is for $\sqrt{s}=318$ GeV and assumes $m_t=175$ GeV.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV

Only the final combined $t\bar{t}$ production cross sections obtained from Tevatron Run I by the CDF and D0 experiments are quoted below.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	g data for averages	, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •
$5.69 \pm 1.21 \pm 1.04$	¹ ABAZOV	03A	D0	Combined Run I data
$6.5 \begin{array}{c} +1.7 \\ -1.4 \end{array}$	² AFFOLDER	01A	CDF	Combined Run I data

- 1 Combined result from 110 pb $^{-1}$ of Tevatron Run I data. Assume $m_t=$ 172.1 GeV.
- 2 Combined result from 105 pb $^{-1}$ of Tevatron Run I data. Assume $m_t=$ 175 GeV.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the following	owing data for averag	es, fits, limits, etc. • • •	

$7.26 \pm 0.13 ^{+0.57}_{-0.50}$	$^{ m 1}$ ABAZOV	16F D0 $\ell\ell$, $\ell+$ jets channels
8.1 ± 2.1	² AALTONEN	14A CDF $\ell + au_h + \geq$ 2jets (\geq 1 b -tag)
$7.60 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.21$	³ AALTONEN	14H TEVA $\ell\ell$, ℓ +jets, all-jets channels
$8.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5$	⁴ ABAZOV	14K D0 $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge$ 4 jets ($\ge 1b$ -tag)
7.09 ± 0.84	⁵ AALTONEN	13AB CDF $\ \ell\ell+ ot\!$
7.5 ± 1.0	⁶ AALTONEN	13G CDF $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq$ 3jets ($\geq 1b$ -tag)
$8.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 2.2$	⁷ AALTONEN	12AL CDF $ au_h + ar{\cancel{E}}_T$ +4j ($\geq 1b$)
$8.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.7$	⁸ AALTONEN	11D CDF $\ell+ ot\!$
$7.64 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.45$	⁹ AALTONEN	11W CDF $\ell + ot \!$
$7.99\!\pm\!0.55\!\pm\!0.76\!\pm\!0.46$	¹⁰ AALTONEN	11Y CDF $\cancel{E}_T + \ge 4$ jets (0,1,2 <i>b</i> -tag)
$7.78^{+0.77}_{-0.64}$	¹¹ ABAZOV	11E D0 $\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq$ 2 jets
$7.56 {+0.63 \atop -0.56}$	¹² ABAZOV	11Z D0 Combination
$6.27 \pm 0.73 \pm 0.63 \pm 0.39$	¹³ AALTONEN	10AA CDF Repl. by AALTONEN 13AB
$7.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.4$	¹⁴ AALTONEN	10E CDF $>$ 6 jets, vtx b -tag
$7.8 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.5$	¹⁵ AALTONEN	10V CDF $\ell + \geq 3$ jets, soft- e b -tag
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7.70 ± 0.52	¹⁶ AALTONEN	10W	CDF	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + \geq 3 ext{ jets} + b ext{-tag}, \ ext{norm. to } \sigma(Z o \ell\ell)_{TH}$
6.9 ±2.0	¹⁷ ABAZOV	101	D0	\geq 6 jets with 2 <i>b</i> -tags
$6.9\ \pm 1.2\ ^{+0.8}_{-0.7}\ \pm 0.4$	¹⁸ ABAZOV	10Q	D0	$ au_{ extsf{h}} + ext{jets}$
$9.6 \ \pm 1.2 \ ^{+ \ 0.6}_{- \ 0.5} \ \pm 0.6$	¹⁹ AALTONEN	09 AD	CDF	$\ell\ell+{E_T}$ / vtx <i>b</i> -tag
$9.1 \ \pm 1.1 \ ^{+ 1.0}_{- 0.9} \ \pm 0.6$	²⁰ AALTONEN	09н	CDF	$\ell + \ \geq$ 3 jets+ E_T /soft μ <i>b</i> -tag
$8.18^{+0.98}_{-0.87}$	²¹ ABAZOV	09AG	D0	$\ell+{ m jets},\ell\ell$ and $\ell au+{ m jets}$
$7.5 \ \pm 1.0 \ ^{+0.7}_{-0.6} \ ^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	²² ABAZOV	09 R	D0	$\ell\ell$ and ℓau + jets
$8.18^{+0.90}_{-0.84}\pm0.50$	²³ ABAZOV	М80	D0	ℓ + n jets with 0,1,2 <i>b</i> -tag
7.62 ± 0.85	²⁴ ABAZOV	08N	D0	$\ell + \text{n jets} + \textit{b}\text{-tag or kinematics}$
$8.5 \begin{array}{c} +2.7 \\ -2.2 \end{array}$	²⁵ ABULENCIA	80	CDF	$\ell^+\ell^-$ ($\ell=e,\mu$)
$8.3 \pm 1.0 \ ^{+2.0}_{-1.5} \pm 0.5$	²⁶ AALTONEN	07 D	CDF	\geq 6 jets, vtx <i>b</i> -tag
$7.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0$	²⁷ ABAZOV	070	D0	$\ell\ell$ + jets, vtx <i>b</i> -tag
$4.5 \ {}^{+2.0}_{-1.9} \ {}^{+1.4}_{-1.1} \ \pm 0.3$	²⁸ ABAZOV	07 P	D0	\geq 6 jets, vtx <i>b</i> -tag
6.4 $^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$ ± 0.7 ± 0.4	²⁹ ABAZOV	07 R	D0	$\ell + \geq 4$ jets
$6.6 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.4$	³⁰ ABAZOV	06X	D0	ℓ + jets, vtx b -tag
$8.7 \pm 0.9 \stackrel{+1.1}{-0.9}$	³¹ ABULENCIA	06Z	CDF	$\ell + {\sf jets}$, vtx ${\it b}$ -tag
$5.8 \pm 1.2 ^{+ 0.9}_{- 0.7}$	³² ABULENCIA,A	06 C	CDF	missing \textit{E}_{T} + jets, vtx \textit{b} -tag
$7.5 \pm 2.1 \ ^{+3.3}_{-2.2} \ ^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$	³³ ABULENCIA,A	06E	CDF	6–8 jets, <i>b</i> -tag
$8.9 \pm 1.0 {}^{+ 1.1}_{- 1.0}$	³⁴ ABULENCIA,A	06F	CDF	$\ell + \geq$ 3 jets, <i>b</i> -tag
$8.6 \begin{array}{c} +1.6 \\ -1.5 \end{array} \pm 0.6$	³⁵ ABAZOV	05Q	D0	$\ell+n$ jets
$8.6^{+3.2}_{-2.7} \pm 1.1 \pm 0.6$	³⁶ ABAZOV	05 R	D0	$\operatorname{di-lepton} + \operatorname{n} \operatorname{jets}$
$6.7 \begin{array}{c} +1.4 \\ -1.3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} +1.6 \\ -1.1 \end{array} \pm 0.4$	³⁷ ABAZOV	05X	D0	$\ell + {\sf jets} \ / \ {\sf kinematics}$
$5.3 \pm 3.3 ^{+1.3}_{-1.0}$	³⁸ ACOSTA	05 S	CDF	$\ell + {\sf jets} \ / \ {\sf soft} \ \mu \ {\it b}{\sf -tag}$
$6.6 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.5$	³⁹ ACOSTA	05T	CDF	$\ell+{\sf jets}\ /\ {\sf kinematics}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	⁴⁰ ACOSTA	05 U	CDF	$\ell + jets/kinematics + vtx\ \mathit{b}\text{-tag}$
$5.6 \begin{array}{c} +1.2 & +0.9 \\ -1.1 & -0.6 \end{array}$	⁴¹ ACOSTA	05∨	CDF	$\ell+n$ jets
$7.0 \ ^{+2.4}_{-2.1} \ ^{+1.6}_{-1.1} \ \pm 0.4$	⁴² ACOSTA	041	CDF	${\sf di\text{-}lepton} + {\sf jets} + {\sf missing} {\sf ET}$
1 .	1			

 $^{^1}$ ABAZOV 16F based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and the m_t dependence is shown in Table V and Fig. 9. The result agrees with the NNLO+NNLL SM prediction of $7.35 {+0.23 \atop -0.27}$ pb.

² Based on 9 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) , and ℓ (e or μ) include ℓ from τ decays (τ_ℓ) . The result is for $m_t=173$ GeV.

³ Based on 8.8 fb⁻¹ of data. Combination of CDF and D0 measurements given, respectively, by $\sigma(t\overline{t};$ CDF) = $7.63\pm0.31\pm0.36\pm0.16$ pb, $\sigma(t\overline{t};$ D0) = $7.56\pm0.20\pm0.32\pm0.31$

- 0.46 pb. All the results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The m_t dependence of the mean value is parametrized in eq. (1) and shown in Fig. 2.
- ⁴ Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of data. Differential cross sections with respect to m_{tt} , |y(top)|, $E_T(top)$ are shown in Figs. 9, 10, 11, respectively, and are compared to the predictions of MC models.
- 5 Based on 8.8 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV.
- ⁶ Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Measure the $t\overline{t}$ cross section simultaneously with the fraction of $t\to Wb$ decays. The correlation coefficient between those two measurements is -0.434. Assume unitarity of the 3×3 CKM matrix and set $|V_{tb}|>0.89$ at 95% CL.
- ⁷ Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The result assumes the acceptance for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- ⁸ Based on 1.12 fb⁻¹ and assumes $m_t=175$ GeV, where the cross section changes by ± 0.1 pb for every ∓ 1 GeV shift in m_t . AALTONEN 11D fits simultaneously the $t\,\overline{t}$ production cross section and the b-tagging efficiency and find improvements in both measurements.
- ⁹ Based on 2.7 fb⁻¹. The first error is from statistics and systematics, the second is from luminosity. The result is for $m_t = 175$ GeV. AALTONEN 11W fits simultaneously a jet flavor discriminator between b-, c-, and light-quarks, and find significant reduction in the systematic error.
- 10 Based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. AALTONEN 11Y selects multi-jet events with large $\not\!\!E_T$, and vetoes identified electrons and muons.
- 11 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$. The error is statistical + systematic + luminosity combined. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The results for other m_t values are given in Table XII and eq.(10) of ABAZOV 11E.
- 12 Combination of a dilepton measurement presented in ABAZOV 11Z (based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$), which yields $7.36^{+0.90}_{-0.79}$ (stat+syst) pb, and the lepton + jets measurement of ABAZOV 11E. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The results for other m_t values is given by eq.(5) of ABAZOV 11A.
- ¹³Based on 2.8 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- ¹⁴ Based on 2.9 fb⁻¹. Result is obtained from the fraction of signal events in the top quark mass measurement in the all hadronic decay channel.
- 15 Based on 1.7 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. AALTONEN 10V uses soft electrons from b-hadron decays to suppress $W+{\rm jets}$ background events.
- ¹⁶ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t}\to\ell+{
 m jets})/\sigma(Z/\gamma^*\to\ell\ell)$ is measured and then multiplied by the theoretical $Z/\gamma^*\to\ell\ell$ cross section of $\sigma(Z/\gamma^*\to\ell\ell)=251.3\pm5.0$ pb, which is free from the luminosity error.
- 17 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. 7.9 \pm 2.3 pb is found for $m_t=170$ GeV. ABAZOV 10I uses a likelihood discriminant to separate signal from background, where the background model was created from lower jet-multiplicity data.
- 18 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV. For $m_t=175$ GeV, the result is $6.3^{+1.2}_{-1.1}(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.7(\mathrm{syst})\pm0.4(\mathrm{lumi})$ pb. Cross section of $t\overline{t}$ production has been measured in the $t\overline{t}\to\tau_h+$ jets topology, where τ_h denotes hadronically decaying τ leptons. The result for the cross section times the branching ratio is $\sigma(t\overline{t})\cdot\mathrm{B}(t\overline{t}\to\tau_h+\mathrm{jets})=0.60^{+0.23}_{-0.22}^{+0.15}_{-0.14}^{+0.04}$ pb for $m_t=170$ GeV.
- 19 Based on $1.1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$. The result is for B(W $\to ~\ell \nu)=10.8\%$ and $m_t=175~{\rm GeV};$ the mean value is 9.8 for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}$ and 10.1 for $m_t=170~{\rm GeV}.$ AALTONEN 09AD used high p_T e or μ with an isolated track to select $t \, \bar{t}$ decays into dileptons including $\ell=\tau.$ The result is based on the candidate event samples with and without vertex b-tag.
- $^{20}\,\rm Based$ on 2 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV; the mean value is 3% higher for $m_t=170$ GeV and 4% lower for $m_t=180$ GeV.
- ²¹ Result is based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV, and the mean value decreases with increasing m_t ; see their Fig. 2. The result is obtained after combining ℓ

- + jets, $\ell\ell$, and $\ell\tau$ final states, and the ratios of the extracted cross sections are $\mathsf{R}^{\ell\ell/\ell j}=0.86^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$ and $\mathsf{R}^{\ell\tau/\ell\ell-\ell j}=0.97^{+0.32}_{-0.29}$, consistent with the SM expectation of R =1. This leads to the upper bound of $\mathsf{B}(t\to bH^+)$ as a function of m_{H^+} . Results are shown in their Fig. 1 for $\mathsf{B}(H^+\to \tau\nu)=1$ and $\mathsf{B}(H^+\to c\overline{s})=1$ cases. Comparison of the m_t dependence of the extracted cross section and a partial NNLO prediction gives $m_t=169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2}$ GeV.
- 22 Result is based on $1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=170~{\rm GeV},$ and the mean value changes by $-0.07~[m_t({\rm GeV})-170]$ pb near the reference m_t value. Comparison of the m_t dependence of the extracted cross section and a partial NNLO QCD prediction gives $m_t=171.5^{+9.9}_{-8.8}~{\rm GeV}.$ The $\ell\tau$ channel alone gives $7.6^{+4.9}_{-4.3}+3.5^{+1.4}_{-3.4}$ pb and the $\ell\ell$ channel gives $7.5^{+1.2}_{-1.1}+0.7^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$ pb.
- ²³ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data. The first error is from stat + syst, while the latter error is from luminosity. The result is for m_t =175 GeV, and the mean value changes by $-0.09 \text{ pb} \cdot [m_t(\text{GeV}) 175]$.
- 24 Result is based on $0.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. The cross section is obtained from the $\ell + \geq 3$ jet event rates with 1 or 2 b-tag, and also from the kinematical likelihood analysis of the $\ell + 3$, 4 jet events. The result is for $m_t = 172.6~{\rm GeV}$, and its m_t dependence shown in Fig. 3 leads to the constraint $m_t = 170 \pm 7~{\rm GeV}$ when compared to the SM prediction.
- ²⁵ Result is based on 360 pb⁻¹ of data. Events with high p_T oppositely charged dileptons $\ell^+\ell^-$ ($\ell=e,\,\mu$) are used to obtain cross sections for $t\overline{t},\,W^+W^-$, and $Z\to\,\tau^+\tau^-$ production processes simultaneously. The other cross sections are given in Table IV.
- ²⁶ Based on 1.02 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. Secondary vertex b-tag and neural network selections are used to achieve a signal-to-background ratio of about 1/2.
- $^{27}\,\rm Based$ on 425 pb $^{-1}$ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. For $m_t=170.9$ GeV, $7.8\pm1.8(\rm stat+syst)$ pb is obtained.
- ²⁸ Based on 405 \pm 25 pb⁻¹ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. The last error is for luminosity. Secondary vertex b-tag and neural network are used to separate the signal events from the background.
- $^{29}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 425 pb^{-1} of data. Assumes $m_t=$ 175 GeV.
- 30 Based on $\sim 425~{\rm pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$. The first error is combined statistical and systematic, the second one is luminosity.
- 31 Based on \sim 318 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178$ GeV. The cross section changes by ± 0.08 pb for each \mp GeV change in the assumed m_t . Result is for at least one b-tag. For at least two b-tagged jets, $t\bar{t}$ signal of significance greater than 5σ is found, and the cross section is $10.1^{+1.6}_{-1.4}^{+2.0}_{-1.3}$ pb for $m_t=178$ GeV.
- 32 Based on $\sim 311~{
 m pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178~{
 m GeV}$. For $m_t=175~{
 m GeV}$, the result is $6.0\pm 1.2^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$. This is the first CDF measurement without lepton identification, and hence it has sensitivity to the $W\to \tau \nu$ mode.
- ³³ ABULENCIA,A 06E measures the $t\overline{t}$ production cross section in the all hadronic decay mode by selecting events with 6 to 8 jets and at least one b-jet. S/B = 1/5 has been achieved. Based on 311 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t = 178$ GeV.
- ³⁴ Based on \sim 318 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t=178$ GeV. Result is for at least one b-tag. For at least two b-tagged jets, the cross section is $11.1^{+2.3}_{-1.9} + 2.5_{-1.9}$ pb.
- 35 ABAZOV 05Q measures the top-quark pair production cross section with $\sim 230~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data, based on the analysis of W plus n-jet events where W decays into e or μ plus neutrino, and at least one of the jets is b-jet like. The first error is statistical and systematic, and the second accounts for the luminosity uncertainty. The result assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$; the mean value changes by $(175-m_t({\rm GeV}))\times 0.06~{\rm pb}$ in the mass range 160 to 190 GeV.

- 36 ABAZOV 05R measures the top-quark pair production cross section with 224–243 pb $^{-1}$ of data, based on the analysis of events with two charged leptons in the final state. The result assumes $m_t=175~\text{GeV}$; the mean value changes by $(175-m_t(\text{GeV}))\times 0.08~\text{pb}$ in the mass range 160 to 190 GeV.
- 37 Based on 230 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=175$ GeV.
- ³⁸ Based on 194 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- $^{39}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 194 \pm 11 pb $^{-1}.$ Assuming $m_t=$ 175 GeV.
- 40 Based on 162 \pm 10 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=175$ GeV.
- ⁴¹ ACOSTA 05V measures the top-quark pair production cross section with $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ data, based on the analysis of W plus n-jet events where W decays into e or μ plus neutrino, and at least one of the jets is b-jet like. Assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.
- ⁴² ACOSTA 04I measures the top-quark pair production cross section with 197 \pm 12 pb⁻¹ data, based on the analysis of events with two charged leptons in the final state. Assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.

Ratio of the Production Cross Sections of $t\overline{t}\gamma$ to $t\overline{t}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

VALUE DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • • We do not use the following data for averages fits limits ats • • •

 \bullet \bullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. \bullet \bullet

0.024 \pm 0.009 1 AALTONEN 11Z CDF $E_{T}(\gamma) >$ 10 GeV, $|\eta(\gamma)| <$ 1.0

tt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

VALUE (pb) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

<1.7 95 1 AAD 12BE ATLS $\ell^{+}\ell^{+}+\cancel{E}_{T}+\ge 2j+HT$

$t\,\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\,p$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=5.02$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $^{^1}$ Based on 6.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. Events with lepton $+\not\!\!E_T+\ge 3$ jets($\ge 1b$) with and without central, high E_T photon are measured. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 0.024 \pm 0.005. The absolute production cross section is measured to be 0.18 \pm 0.08 fb. The statistical significance is 3.0 standard deviations.

¹ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The upper bounds are the same for LL, LR and RR chiral components of the two top quarks.

 $^{^1}$ TUMASYAN 22T based on 302 pb $^{-1}$ of data from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=5.02$ TeV. The errors are from statistics, systematics and luminosity.

 $^{^2}$ Combination of the measurement by TUMASYAN 22T and the measurement in the $\ell+{\rm jets}$ channel by SIRUNYAN 18AQ. The errors are from statistics and systematics + luminosity. The result is in agreement with the NNLO+NNLL SM prediction 66.8 $^{+2.9}_{-3.1}$ pb.

 $^{^3}$ SIRUNYAN 18AQ based on 27.4 pb $^{-1}$ of data from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=5.02$ TeV. The result is in agreement with the NNLO SM prediction $68.9^{+1.9}_{-2.3}(\text{scale})\pm2.3(\text{PDF})^{+1.4}_{-1.0}(\alpha_s)$ pb.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fo	ollowing data for averages, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
$161.7 \pm \ 6.0 \pm 12.0 \pm \ 3.6$	¹ KHACHATRY17B CMS	$\ell + ot\!$
$173.6\pm\ 2.1^{+}_{-}\ 4.5_{-}\pm\ 3.8$	² KHACHATRY16aw CMS	$\mathrm{e} + \mu + E_T + \geq \mathrm{0j}$
$181.2 \pm 2.8 {+10.8 \atop -10.6}$	³ AAD 15BO ATLS	e + μ + $ ot\!\!E_T$ + \ge 0j
$178 \pm 3 \pm 16 \pm 3$	⁴ AAD 15cc ATLS	$\ell+$ jets, $\ell\ell+$ jets, $\ell\tau_{\pmb{h}}+$ jets
	⁵ AAIJ 15R LHCB	$\mu+ \geq 1$ j $(b$ -tag $)$ forward region
$182.9 \pm \ 3.1 \pm \ 6.4$	6 AAD 14AY ATLS	$e+\mu+1$ or $2b$ jets
194 ± 18 ± 46	⁷ AAD 13X ATLS	$ au_{m h}+ ot\!\!\!E_T + \geq 5 {j} \; (\geq 2 {b})$
$139 \pm 10 \pm 26$	8 CHATRCHYAN 13AY CMS	\geq 6 jets with 2 b-tags
$158.1 \pm 2.1 \pm 10.8$	⁹ CHATRCHYAN 13BB CMS	$\ell + ot \!$
152 ± 12 ± 32	¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 13BE CMS	$ au_{m{h}}\!+\!\not\!\!E_T\!+\!$
$177 \pm 20 \pm 14 \pm 7$	¹¹ AAD 12B ATLS	Repl. by AAD 12BF
$176 \pm 5 \begin{array}{c} +14 \\ -11 \end{array} \pm 8$	12 AAD 12BF ATLS	$\ell\ell\!+\!E_T\!+\!\geq 2\mathrm{j}$
187 $\pm 11 {}^{+18}_{-17} \pm 6$	13 AAD 12BO ATLS	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + \geq $ 3j with \emph{b} -tag
186 ± 13 ± 20 ± 7	¹⁴ AAD 12CG ATLS	$\ell + au_{ extbf{\textit{h}}} + ot \!$
$143 \hspace{0.1cm} \pm \hspace{0.1cm} 14 \hspace{0.1cm} \pm \hspace{0.1cm} 22 \hspace{0.1cm} \pm \hspace{0.1cm} 3$	¹⁵ CHATRCHYAN 12AC CMS	$\ell + \tau_h + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\ge 1b)$
$161.9 \pm \ 2.5 ^{+}_{-} \ \begin{array}{c} 5.1 \\ 5.0 \end{array} \pm \ 3.6$	¹⁶ CHATRCHYAN 12AX CMS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 2b$
145 $\pm 31 \begin{array}{c} +42 \\ -27 \end{array}$	17 AAD 11A ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$
$173 \begin{array}{c} +39 \\ -32 \end{array} \pm \ 7$	¹⁸ CHATRCHYAN 11AA CMS	$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 3 jets
168 ± 18 ± 14 ± 7	¹⁹ CHATRCHYAN 11F CMS	$\ell\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T+{\sf jets}$
154 ± 17 \pm 6	²⁰ CHATRCHYAN 11z CMS	Combination
194 ± 72 ± 24 ± 21	²¹ KHACHATRY11A CMS	$\ell\ell+ ot\!$
_	_	

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 17B based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit of templates to the data. Also the ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\,8~{\rm TeV})/\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\,7~{\rm TeV})=1.43\pm0.04\pm0.07\pm0.05$ is reported. The results are in agreement with NNLO SM predictions.

 $^{^2}$ KHACHATRYAN 16AW based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit to differential distributions of b-tagged and non-b-tagged jets. The result is in good agreement with NNLO SM predictions.

³ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of data. Uses a template fit to distributions of $\not\!\!E_T$ and jet multiplicities to measure simultaneously $t\,\overline{t}$, $W\,W$, and $Z/\gamma^* \to ~\tau\tau$ cross sections, assuming $m_t=172.5$ GeV.

 $^{^4}$ AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel. Using only this channel 183 \pm 9 \pm 23 \pm 3 pb is derived for the cross section.

⁵ AAIJ 15R, based on 1.0 fb⁻¹ of data, reports $0.239 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.024$ pb cross section for the forward fiducial region $p_T(\mu) > 25$ GeV, $2.0 < \eta(\mu) < 4.5$, 50 GeV $< p_T(b) < 100$ GeV, $2.2 < \eta(b) < 4.2$, $\Delta R(\mu,b) > 0.5$, and $p_T(\mu+b) > 20$ GeV. The three errors are from statistics, systematics, and theory. The result agrees with the SM NLO prediction.

 $^{^6}$ AAD 14AY reports $182.9\pm3.1\pm4.2\pm3.6\pm3.3$ pb value based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and the 0.66% beam energy uncertainty. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The

- result is for $m_t=172.5 {\rm GeV}$; for other m_t , $\sigma(m_t)=\sigma(172.5 {\rm GeV}) \times [1-0.0028 \times (m_t-172.5 {\rm GeV})]$. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NNLO.
- ⁷Based on 1.67 fb⁻¹ of data. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.

- 8 Based on 3.54 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 9 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 10 Based on 3.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 11 Based on 35 pb $^{-1}$ of data for an assumed top quark mass of $m_t=172.5$ GeV. 12
- $^{12}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 0.70 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~\mathrm{GeV}.$
- 13 Based on 35 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}$ and $173\pm17^{+18}_{-16}\pm6~{\rm pb}$ is found without the b-tag.
- 14 Based on 2.05 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The hadronic au candidates are selected using a BDT technique. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}.$
- 15 Based on 2.0 fb $^{-1}$ and 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=e$ and $\ell=\mu$, respectively. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for m_t
- 16 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the profile likelihood-ratio (PLB) method and an assumed m_t of 172.5
- 17 Based on 2.9 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The result for single lepton channels is 142 \pm 34 $^{+50}_{-31}$ pb, while for the dilepton channels is 151 + 78 + 37 = 24 pb.
- $^{18}\,\mathrm{Result}$ is based on 36 pb^{-1} of data. The first uncertainty corresponds to the statistical and systematic uncertainties, and the second corresponds to the luminosity.
- 19 Based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The ratio of $t \, \overline{t}$ and Z/γ^* cross sections is measured as $\sigma(pp \to t \bar{t})/\sigma(pp \to Z/\gamma^* \to e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-) = 0.175 \pm 0.018 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.015 (\text{syst})$ for $60 < m_{\ell\ell} < 120$ GeV, for which they use an NNLO prediction for the denominator cross section of 972 ± 42 pb.
- 20 Result is based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The first error is from statistical and systematic uncertainties, and the second from luminosity. This is a combination of a measurement in the dilepton channel (CHATRCHYAN 11F) and the measurement in the ℓ + jets channel (CHATRCHYAN 11z) which yields 150 \pm 9 \pm 17 \pm 6 pb.
- 21 Result is based on 3.1 \pm 0.3 pb $^{-1}$ of data.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • ¹ AABOUD 18вн ATLS $\ell + \not\!\! E_T + \ge 4$ ј ($\ge 1b$) $248.3 \pm 0.7 \pm 13.4 \pm 4.7$ ² AABOUD 239 ± 4 ± 28 ± 5 17Z ATLS $\tau_h + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\ge 2b)$ 3 KHACHATRY...17B CMS $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4$ j ($\ge 1b$) $228.5 \pm 3.8 \pm 13.7 \pm 6.0$ ⁴ AAD $242.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 8.6$ 16BK ATLS $e + \mu + 1$ or 2b jets $244.9 \pm 1.4 + 6.3 \pm 6.4$ 5 KHACHATRY... 16 AW CMS $e+\mu+\cancel{E}_{T}+\ \geq 0$ j ⁶ KHACHATRY...16BC CMS \geq 6j (\geq 2b) $275.6 \pm 6.1 \pm 37.8 \pm 7.2$ $260 \pm 1 + 24$ ⁷ AAD 15BP ATLS $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 3j \ (\geq 1b)$ ⁸ AAIJ 15R LHCB $\mu+\geq 1$ j(b-tag) forward region 9 AAD $242.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 10.2$ 14AY ATLS $e + \mu + 1$ or 2b jets

- 1 AABOUD 18BH based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. To reduce effects of uncertainties in the jet energy scale and b-tagging efficiency, they are included as nuisance parameters in the fit of discriminant distributions, after separating selected events into three regions. Furthermore the W+jets background distribution is modelled using Z+jets event data.
- ²AABOUD 17Z based on 20.2 fb⁻¹ of data, using the mode $t\overline{t} \rightarrow \tau \nu q' \overline{q} b \overline{b}$ with τ decaying hadronically. Single prong and 3 prong decays of τ are separately analyzed. The result is consistent with the SM. The third quoted uncertainty is due to luminosity.
- 3 KHACHATRYAN 17B based on 19.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit of templates to the data. Also the ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\, 8~{\rm TeV})/\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\, 7~{\rm TeV})=1.43\pm0.04\pm0.07\pm0.05$ is reported. The results are in agreement with NNLO SM predictions.
- ⁴ AAD 16BK is an update of the value from AAD 14AY using the improved luminosity calibration. The value 242.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 5.5 \pm 5.1 \pm 4.2 pb is reported, where we have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. Also the ratio $\sigma(t\bar{t}; 8\text{TeV})/\sigma(t\bar{t}; 7\text{TeV}) = 1.328 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.001$ has been updated. The former result is consistent with the SM predictions at NNLO, while the latter result is 2.1 σ below the expectation.
- 5 KHACHATRYAN 16AW based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit to differential distributions of b-tagged and non-b-tagged jets. The result is in good agreement with NNLO SM predictions.
- 6 KHACHATRYAN 16 BC based on $18.4~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. The last uncertainty is due to luminosity. Cuts on kinematical fit probability and $\Delta R(b,b)$ are imposed. The major QCD background is determined from the data. The result is for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}$ and in agreement with the SM prediction. The top quark p_T spectra, also measured, are significantly softer than theoretical predictions.
- 7 AAD 15BP based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction 253^{+13}_{-15} pb at NNLO+NNLL. Superseded by AABOUD 18BH.
- ⁸ AAIJ 15R, based on 2.0 fb⁻¹ of data, reports 0.289 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.029 pb cross section for the forward fiducial region $p_{T}(\mu) >$ 25 GeV, 2.0 $< \eta(\mu) <$ 4.5, 50 GeV $< p_{T}(b) <$ 100 GeV, 2.2 $< \eta(b) <$ 4.2, $\Delta R(\mu,b) >$ 0.5, and $p_{T}(\mu+b) >$ 20 GeV. The three errors are from statistics, systematics, and theory. The result agrees with the SM NLO prediction.
- ⁹ AAD 14AY reports 242.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 5.5 \pm 7.5 \pm 4.2 pb value based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and the 0.66% beam energy uncertainty. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is for $m_t = 172.5 \, \text{GeV}$; for other m_t , $\sigma(m_t) = \sigma(172.5 \, \text{GeV}) \times [1-0.0028 \times (m_t-172.5 \, \text{GeV})]$. Also measured is the ratio $\sigma(t\, \overline{t}; 8\, \text{TeV})/\sigma(t\, \overline{t}; 7\, \text{TeV}) = 1.326 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.001$. The results are consistent with the SM predictions at NNLO.
- $^{10}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and a parametrization is given in eq.(6.1) for the mean value at other m_t values. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction $252.9^{+6.4}_{-8.6}$ pb at NNLO.
- 11 Based on 19.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) . The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. For $m_t=173.3$ GeV, the cross section is lower by 3.1 pb.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following data for aver	ages, fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •
$791 \pm 1 \pm 21 \pm 14$ $830 \pm 0.4 \pm 36 \pm 14$	¹ TUMASYAN ² AAD		$1\ell + jets$ $\ell + \geq 4 \; jets \; (\geq 1b -tag)$

```
3 AAD
826.4 \pm 3.6 \pm 11.5 \pm 15.8
                                                        20Q ATLS e\mu + 1 or 2 b-jets
                                   <sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN
781 \pm 7 \pm 62 \pm 20
                                                        20V CMS
                                                                       \ell \tau_h + \geq 3 jets ( \geq 1b-tag)
                                   <sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN
803 \pm 2 \pm 25
                     \pm 20
                                                        19AR CMS
                                                                       dilepton channel (e\mu, 2e, 2\mu)
                                   <sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN
                                                        19P CMS
                                                                        dilepton channel
             \pm 38
                                   <sup>7</sup> KHACHATRY...17N CMS
                                                                        e\,\mu\,+\,\geq 2j ( \geq 1b j)
      \pm 9
                     \pm 19
              ^{+26}_{-28}
                                   <sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN
                      \pm 20
                                                        17W CMS
                                                                        \ell + > 1j
818 \pm 8 \pm 35
                                   <sup>9</sup> AABOUD
                                                        16R ATLS
                                                                      e + \mu + 1 or 2b jets
                                  <sup>10</sup> KHACHATRY...16」 CMS
746 \pm 58 \pm 53 \pm 36
                                                                        e + \mu + > 2i
```

- 1 TUMASYAN 21J result is based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The last uncertainty is due to the beam luminosity. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction of 832^{+40}_{-46} pb at NNLO+NNLL. Measurements of differential and double-differential cross sections are also presented.
- ² AAD 20AH based on 139 fb⁻¹ of data. The last quoted uncertainty is due to the beam luminosity. The result is for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction of $832^{+20}_{-20}(\text{scale}) \pm 35(\text{PDF} + \alpha(\text{s}))$ pb at NNLO+NNLL.
- 3 AAD 20Q reports 826.4 \pm 3.6 \pm 11.5 \pm 15.7 \pm 1.9 pb based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 13 TeV. The four errors stem from statistics, systematic effects, luminosity, and beam energy, respectively. We have combined luminosity and beam energy uncertainties in quadrature. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction $832^{+20}_{-29}(\text{scale})\pm35(\text{PDF}+\alpha(\text{s}))$ pb at NNLO+NNLL for $m_t=172.5$ GeV .
- ⁴ SIRUNYAN 20V based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The last uncertainty is due to beam luminosity. The $t\bar{t}$ production cross section is measured in the $t\bar{t}\to (\ell\nu_\ell)(\tau_h\nu_\tau)b\bar{b}$ final state, where τ_h refers to the hadronic decays of τ . The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction at NNLO+NNLL.
- 5 SIRUNYAN 19AR based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Obtained from the visible cross section measured using a template fit to multidifferential distributions categorized according to the b-tagged jet multiplicity. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction at NNLO+NNLL.
- 6 SIRUNYAN 19P reports differential $t\bar{t}$ cross sections measured using dilepton events at 13 TeV with 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ and compared to NLO predictions.
- $^7\,\rm KHACHATRYAN~17N~based~on~2.2~fb^{-1}~of~data.$ The last quoted uncertainty is due to the beam luminosity. This measurement supersedes that of KHACHATRYAN 16J.
- 8 SIRUNYAN 17W based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Events are categorized according to the jet multiplicity and the number of b-tagged jets. A likelihood fit is performed to the event distributions to compare to the NNLO+NNLL prediction.
- 9 AABOUD 16R reported value 818 \pm 8 \pm 27 \pm 19 \pm 12 pb based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and beam energy. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction 832 $^{+20}_{-29}(\text{scale})\pm35(\text{PDF}+\alpha(\text{s}))$ pb at NNLO+NNLL for $m_t=172.5$ GeV
- 10 KHACHATRYAN 16J based on 43 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The last uncertainty is due to luminosity. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction $832^{+20}_{-29}(\text{scale})\pm35(\text{PDF}+\alpha(\text{s}))$ pb at NNLO+NNLL.

tt Production Cross Section in Nucleus-Nucleus Collisions

VALUE (μbarn) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.03 $^{+0.71}_{-0.64}$ 1 SIRUNYAN 20BC CMS Pb-Pb collisions, dilepton + b-jets

 $2.54^{+0.84}_{-0.74}$ 2 SIRUNYAN 20BC CMS Pb-Pb collisions, dilepton only

$t\overline{t}$ $t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (fb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do no	ot use the follow	ing data for avera	ges, fits, limit	s, etc. • • •
<23	95	¹ AAD	15AR ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 5 j \; (\geq 2 \; b)$
<70	95	² AAD	15BY ATLS	$\geq 2\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1 \; b)$
<32	95	³ KHACHATRY.	14R CMS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 6j \ (\ge 2 \ b)$

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15AR based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A fit to H_T distributions in multi-channels classified by the number of jets and of b-tagged jets is performed. 2 AAD 15BY based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A same-sign lepton pair is required. An excess

$t\overline{t}$ $t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

VALUE (fb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not	use the fo	llowing data for av	erages, fits, lir	mits, etc. • • •
$\begin{array}{cc} 26 & +17 \\ -15 \end{array}$		¹ AAD	21BC ATLS	ℓ or $\ell^+\ell^-$ + jets
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		² AAD	21BC ATLS	combination of $1\ell/2\ell(OS)$ and $2\ell(SS)/3\ell$
$24 + 7 \\ - 6$		³ AAD	20AR ATLS	(same-sign 2ℓ) or $\geq 3\ell + jets$
$12.6^{+}_{-}{}^{5.8}_{5.2}$		⁴ SIRUNYAN	20c CMS	(same-sign 2ℓ) or 3ℓ + jets
<47 <49	95 95	⁵ AABOUD ⁶ AABOUD	19AP ATLS 19AP ATLS	$\ell + \ell^+ \ell^-$ channels combination of ATLAS
$13 \begin{array}{c} +11 \\ -9 \end{array}$		⁷ SIRUNYAN	19CN CMS	combination of CMS
<48 <69	95 95	⁸ SIRUNYAN ⁹ AABOUD	19CN CMS 18CE ATLS	$\ell+$ jets, $\ell^+\ell^-+$ jets channels $\geq 2\ell$ (same sign) $+ ot\!$
$16.9 {}^{+ 13.8}_{- 11.4}$		¹⁰ SIRUNYAN	18BU CMS	$t\overline{t}t\overline{t} o$ (same sign 2ℓ or $\geq 3\ell$) $+ \geq 4$ j ($\geq 2b$)
<94 <42	95 95	¹¹ SIRUNYAN ¹² SIRUNYAN	17AB CMS 17S CMS	$\ell + \mathrm{jets}, \ \ell^+\ell^- + \mathrm{jets} \ \mathrm{channels}$ (same sign 2ℓ)+ $E_T + \geq 2\mathrm{j}$
4		4		

 $^{^1}$ AAD 21BC result is based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The events are categorized according to the number of jets and how likely to contain b-hadrons and a multivariate analysis is used to discriminate the signal from backgrounds. The result corresponds to observed significance of 1.9 σ .

 $^{^1}$ SIRUNYAN 20BC based on $(1.7\pm0.1)~\rm nb^{-1}$ of lead-lead collision data at a nucleon-nucleon c.m. energy of 5.02 TeV. It makes use of the final-state dilepton kinematic properties together with requirements on the number of b-jets. The measured value is compatible with QCD predictions.

 $^{^2}$ SIRUNYAN 20BC based on (1.7 \pm 0.1) nb $^{-1}$ of lead-lead collision data at a nucleon-nucleon c.m. energy of 5.02 TeV. It makes use of the final-state dilepton kinematic properties alone. The measured value is compatible with QCD predictions.

²AAD 15BY based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of data. A same-sign lepton pair is required. An excess over the SM prediction reaches 2.5σ for hypotheses involving heavy resonances decaying into $t\overline{t}t\overline{t}$.

³ Based on 19.6 fb⁻¹ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal from backgrounds. About $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t}) = 1$ fb is expected in the SM.

²AAD 21BC combines the results of the four-top-quark production cross section measured from the $1\ell/\text{opposite-sign}$ 2ℓ channel with that from the same-sign $2\ell/3\ell$ channel

- (AAD 20AR). The result corresponds to observed significance of 4.7 σ and is consistent within 2.0 σ with the NLO (QCD+EW) SM prediction of 12.0 \pm 2.4 fb.
- 3 AAD 20AR based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Jet multiplicity, jet flavor and event kinematics are used in a multivariate analysis to discriminate the signal from backgrounds. The result corresponds to observed significance of 4.3σ and is consistent within 1.7σ with the NLO (QCD+EW) SM prediction of 12.0 ± 2.4 fb.
- 4 SIRUNYAN 20C based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Both cut-based and multivariate approaches are taken to discriminate the signal from backgrounds. The result is in agreement with the NLO (QCD+EW) SM prediction of $12.0^{+2.2}_{-2.5}$ fb. The measurement constrains the top quark Yukawa coupling strength parameter to be $\left|Y_t/Y_t^{SM}\right| < 1.7$ (95% CL). It is also used to constrain an oblique parameter of the Higgs boson.
- 5 AABOUD 19AP based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The upper limit corresponds to 5.1 times the NLO SM cross section.
- ⁶AABOUD 19AP limit from data combined with AABOUD 18CE. The upper limit corresponds to 5.3 times the NLO SM cross section. Also a limit on the four-top-quark contact interaction of $|C_{4t}|/\Lambda^2 < 1.9 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$ (95% CL) is obtained in an EFT model.
- 7 SIRUNYAN 19CN based on 35.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data, combined with SIRUNYAN 18BU. The results are also interpreted in the effective field theory framework.
- ⁸ SIRUNYAN 19CN based on 35.8 fb⁻¹ of data. A multivariate analysis using global event and jet propoerties is performed to discriminate from $t\bar{t}$ background.
- 9 AABOUD 18CE based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of proton-proton data taken at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Events including a same-sign lepton pair are used. The result is consistent with the NLO SM cross section of 9.2 fb.
- 10 SIRUNYAN 18BU based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of proton-proton data taken at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Yields from signal regions and control regions defined based on $N_{jets},\ N_b$ and N_l are combined in a maximum-likelihood fit. The result is in agreement with the NLO SM prediction $9.2^{+2.9}_{-2.4}$ fb. The measurement constrains the top quark Yukawa coupling strength parameter to be $\left|Y_t/Y_t^{SM}\right|<2.1$ (95% CL).
- ¹¹ SIRUNYAN 17AB based on 2.6 fb⁻¹ of data. A multivariate analysis is used to discriminate between $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ signal and $t\bar{t}$ background. A combination with a previous search (CMS, KHACHATRYAN 16BJ) in the same-sign dilepton channel gives an upper limit of 69 fb (95% CL), corresponding to 7.4 (SM prediction).
- 12 SIRUNYAN 17S based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$. The limit is in agreement with the NLO SM prediction $9.2^{+2.9}_{-2.4}$ fb. Superseded by SIRUNYAN 18BU. The signal events are also used to constrain various new physics models.

$t\overline{t}W$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (fb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$170 {+90\atop -80} \pm 70 \hspace{1.5cm} 1 \hspace{0.1cm} \text{KHACHATRY...14N CMS} \hspace{0.5cm} t \hspace{0.1cm} \overline{t} \hspace{0.1cm} W \to \text{same sign dilepton} \\ \hspace{0.5cm} + \hspace{0.1cm} \cancel{E}_T \hspace{0.1cm} + \hspace{0.1cm} \text{jets}$$

¹ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $\sigma(t\overline{t}W)$ = 206^{+21}_{-23} fb.

$t \, \overline{t} \, W$ Production Cross Section in $p \, p$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $0.87 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.14$ 19AR ATLS 2,3,4 $\ell + E_T + {
m jets}$

 $0.77 ^{+0.12}_{-0.11} - 0.12 \hspace{1.5cm} {}^{2} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{SIRUNYAN} \hspace{0.5cm} 18 \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{BS CMS} \hspace{0.5cm} t \hspace{0.1cm} \overline{t} \hspace{0.1cm} W \to \text{same sign dilepton} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} + E_T \hspace{0.1cm} + \hspace{0.1cm} \text{jets} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \end{array}$

- ¹ AABOUD 19AR based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of data. $t\overline{t}W$ and $t\overline{t}Z$ cross sections are simultaneously measured using a combined fit to the events divided into multiple regions. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NLO $0.60^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$ pb. It is also used to constrain the Wilson coefficients for dimension-six operators which modify the $t\overline{t}Z$ vertex.
- 2 Based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of proton-proton data taken at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The result is consistent with the SM prediction and is used to constrain the Wilson coefficients for dimension-six operators describing new interactions. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NLO 0.628 ± 0.082 pb.

$t\bar{t}Z$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (fb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$1 ext{KHACHATRY...14N} ext{ CMS} ext{ } t\overline{t} ext{ } Z o 3,4 ext{ } \ell + E_T ext{ } + ext{ jets}$$

$t\overline{t}Z$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

VALUE (pb)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following data for a	verages, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
$0.99\!\pm\!0.05\!\pm\!0.08$	¹ AAD	21AS ATLS	$3,4\ell+jets$
$0.95 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.06$	² SIRUNYAN	20AB CMS	$3.4\ell + \text{jets}$
$0.95\!\pm\!0.08\!\pm\!0.10$	³ AABOUD	19AR ATLS	2,3,4 $\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T+{ m jets}$
$0.99^{+0.09+0.12}_{-0.08-0.10}$	⁴ SIRUNYAN		$t\overline{t}Z o $ 3,4 $\ell+ ot\!$

- 1 AAD 21AS based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $0.88^{+0.09}_{-0.10}$ pb which includes NLO QCD+EW corrections. Also overall the differential cross sections are in good agreement with the SM predictions.
- 2 SIRUNYAN 20AB based on 77.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 13 TeV. The result is consistent with the NLO SM prediction of 0.84 \pm 0.10 pb. Differential cross sections are measured and used to constrain the anomalous couplings and Wilson coefficients for the $t\bar{t}Z$ interaction.
- ³AABOUD 19AR based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of data. $t\overline{t}W$ and $t\overline{t}Z$ cross sections are simultaneously measured using a combined fit to the events divided into multiple regions. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NLO $0.88^{+0.09}_{-0.11}$ pb. It is also used to constrain the Wilson coefficients for dimension-six operators which modify the $t\overline{t}Z$ vertex
- 4 Based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of proton-proton data taken at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The result is consistent with the SM prediction and is used to constrain the Wilson coefficients for dimension-six operators describing new interactions. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NLO 0.839 \pm 0.101 pb.

$t\overline{t}\gamma$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13~{\rm TeV}$

19AD ATLS $pp \rightarrow t \overline{t} \gamma$

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³ AABOUD

¹ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $\sigma(t\bar{t}Z)$ = 197 $^{+22}_{-25}$ fb.

 1 TUMASYAN 22W measured fiducial inclusive and differential cross-sections for $p\,p\to t\overline{t}\gamma$ at 13 TeV with 138 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The results are in agreement with the SM predictions. The results are used to constrain anomalous couplings of the top quark in the SMEFT framework.

² TUMASYAN 21H measured fiducial inclusive and differential cross-sections for $pp \to t\overline{t}\gamma$ at 13 TeV with 137 fb⁻¹ of data. The results are in agreement with the SM predictions. The results are used to constrain anomalous couplings of the top quark in

the SMEFT framework.

³ AABOUD 19AD measured fiducial inclusive and differential cross-sections for $pp \to t \bar t \gamma$ at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb⁻¹ of data. The results are in agreement with the theoretical predictions.

f(Q₀): $t\overline{t}$ Fraction of Events with a Veto on Additional Central Jet Activity in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 Q_0 denotes the threshold of the additional jet p_T .

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the follow	ving data for averag	ges, fits, limit	s, etc. • •
$80.0 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.6$	$^{ m 1}$ CHATRCHYAN	14AE CMS	$Q_0 = 75 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.4)$
$92.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.8$	¹ CHATRCHYAN	14AE CMS	$Q_0 = 150 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.4)$
$98.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$	$^{ m 1}$ CHATRCHYAN	14AE CMS	$Q_0 = 300 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.4)$
$56.4 \pm 1.3 {+2.6 \atop -2.8}$	² AAD	12BL ATLS	$Q_0 = 25 \text{ GeV (} y < 2.1)$
$84.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.0$	² AAD	12BL ATLS	$Q_0 = 75 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.1)$
$95.2^{igoplus 0.5}_{-0.6} \pm 0.4$	² AAD	12BL ATLS	$Q_0 = 150 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.1)$

¹ CHATRCHYAN 15 based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of data. The $t\bar{t}$ events are selected in the dilepton and lepton + jets decay channels. For other values of Q₀ see Table 5.

Fraction of $t\overline{t}$ + multi-jet Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

DOCUMENT ID

• • • We do not use	the following da	ta for averages, fi	ts, limits, etc. • • •
	$^{ m 1}$ AAD	15D ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T$ + nj (n=3 to 8)
$0.332\!\pm\!0.090$	² CHATRCH	YAN 14AE CMS	$t\overline{t}(\ell\ell) + 0 \; ext{jet} \; (E_T > 30 ext{GeV})$

² Based on 2.05 fb⁻¹ of data. The $t\overline{t}$ events are selected in the dilepton decay channel with two identified b-jets.

¹ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of data. Fiducial $t\bar{t}$ production cross section is presented as a function of the jet multiplicity for up to eight jets with the jet p_T threshold of 25, 40, 60, and 80 GeV, and as a function of jet p_T up to the 5th jet. MC models can be discriminated by using data for high jet multiplicity and by p_T distributions of the leading and 5th jet.

² Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with two oppositely charged leptons, large \mathbb{Z}_T and jets with at least 1 *b*-tag are used to measure the fraction of $t\bar{t}$ plus additional jets. The gap fraction (n=0 jet rate) as a function of the jet p_T and that of H_T , the scalar sum of the p_T 's of additional jets, is shown in Fig. 8.

$t\overline{t}$ Charge Asymmetry (A_C) in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 $\mathsf{A}_C = (\mathsf{N}(\Delta|\mathsf{y}|>0) - \mathsf{N}(\Delta|\mathsf{y}|<0)$) / $(\mathsf{N}(\Delta|\mathsf{y}|>0) + \mathsf{N}(\Delta|\mathsf{y}|<0)$) where $\Delta|\mathsf{y}|$ $=|y_t|-|y_{\overline{t}}|$ is the difference between the absolute values of the top and antitop rapidities and N is the number of events with $\Delta |y|$ positive or negative.

DOCUMENT ID • • We do not use the following data for averages fits limits etc

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	owing data for aver	ages, fits, limits	s, etc. • • •
$0.5 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6$	¹ AABOUD	18AM LHC	ATLAS+CMS combination (lepton + jets)
$2.1\!\pm\!2.5\!\pm\!1.7$	² AAD	15AJ ATLS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 2j$
0.6 ± 1.0	³ AAD	14ı ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$
$-1.0\pm 1.7\pm 0.8$	⁴ CHATRCHY	AN 14D CMS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{\cancel{E}}_T + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1b)$
$-1.9\!\pm\!2.8\!\pm\!2.4$			$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$
$0.4 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.1$	⁶ CHATRCHY	AN 12BB CMS	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$
$-1.3\!\pm\!2.8\!+\!2.9 \\ -3.1$	⁷ CHATRCHY	AN 12BS CMS	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + \ge 4 {j} \; (\ge 1 {b})$

 $^{^{}m 1}$ ATLAS and CMS combination based on the data of AAD 141 and CHATRCHYAN 12BB. It takes into account the correlations of the measurements and systematic errors. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction (NLO QCD + NLO EW).

$t\overline{t}$ Charge Asymmetry (A_C) in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

• • • We do not use the f	following data for	averages, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
$0.55\!\pm\!0.23\!\pm\!0.25$	$^{ m 1}$ AABOUD	18AM LHC	ATLAS+CMS cor

$0.55 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.25$	¹ AABOUD	18AM LHC	ATLAS+CMS combination
	•		(lepton + jets)
2.1 ± 1.6	² AAD	16AE ATLS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j$
0.9 ± 0.5	³ AAD	16AZ ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 4j$
4.2 ± 3.2	⁴ AAD	16T ATLS	$m_{t\overline{t}}$ $>$ 0.75 TeV, $ { m y}_t $ $-$
			$\left y_{\overline{t}} ight <$ 2, $\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T+jets$
$1.1\ \pm 1.1\ \pm 0.7$	⁵ KHACHATRY		$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1b)$
$0.33 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.33$	⁶ KHACHATRY	16AH CMS	$\ell + ot\!$
$0.10 \pm 0.68 \pm 0.37$	⁷ KHACHATRY	16T CMS	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$

 $^{^{}m 1}$ ATLAS and CMS combination based on the data of AAD 16AZ and KHACHA-TRYAN 16AH. It takes into account the correlations of the measurements and systematic errors. A combination of the differential measurements of the charge asymmetry is also presented. The results are in agreement with the SM prediction (NNLO QCD + NLO EW).

 $^{^2}$ AAD 15AJ based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. After kinematic reconstruction the top quark momenta are corrected for detector resolution and acceptance effects by unfolding, using parton level information of the MC generators. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as A $_C^\ell$ = 0.024 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.009. All the measurements are consistent with the SM

 $^{^3}$ Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of A $_C=0.0123\pm0.0005$. The asymmetry is 0.011 \pm 0.018 if restricted to those events where $\beta_Z(t\,\overline{t})>0.6$, which is also consistent with the SM prediction of $0.020^{+0.006}_{-0.007}$

 $^{^4}$ Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as A $_C^\ell=$ 0.009 \pm 0.0010 \pm 0.006. A dependences on $m_{t\,\overline{t}}$, $|{\bf y}(t\,\overline{t})|$, and $p_T(t\,\overline{t})$ are given in Fig. 5. All measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.

 $^{^5}$ Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with A $_C$ = 0.006 \pm 0.002 (MC at NLO). No significant dependence of A $_C$ on $m_{t\,\overline{t}}$ is observed.

 $^{^6}$ Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 7 TeV. 7 Based on 1.09 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM predictions.

- 2 AAD 16AE is based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. After kinematic reconstruction, the top quark momenta are corrected for detector resolution and acceptance effects by unfolding, using parton level information of the MC generators. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as $\mathsf{A}_C^{\ell\ell}=0.008\pm0.006.$ All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.
- 3 AAD 16AZ based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. All the differential and inclusive measurements are statistically limited and consistent with the SM predictions.
- 4 AAD 16 T based on $^20.3~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. Uses reconstruction techniques for the decay topology of highly boosted top quarks. The observed asymmetry is transformed by unfolding to a parton-level result in the shown fiducial region. The result is consistent with the NLO SM prediction.
- 5 KHACHATRYAN 16AD based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as A $_C^{\ell\ell}=0.003\pm0.006\pm0.003$. All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.
- 6 KHACHATRYAN 16AH based on 19.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The same data set as in KHACHATRYAN 16T is used. A template technique is used, which is sensitive to the charge anti-symmetric component of the $t\bar{t}$ rapidity distributions and statistically advantageous. The result is consistent with the SM predictions.
- 7 KHACHATRYAN 16T based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The same data set as in KHACHATRYAN 16AH is used. After kinematic reconstruction the top quark momenta are corrected for detector resolution and acceptance effects by unfolding, using parton level information of the MC generators. All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.

t-quark Polarization in $t\bar{t}$ Events in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the f	following data for	average	es, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
0.070 ± 0.055	¹ ABAZOV	17	D0	$\ell + \cancel{\mathbb{E}}_T + \geq 3j (\geq 1b)$
-0.102 ± 0.061	² ABAZOV	17	D0	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 3j (\geq 1b)$
0.040 ± 0.035	³ ABAZOV	17	D0	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 3j (\geq 1b)$
$0.113\!\pm\!0.091\!\pm\!0.019$	⁴ ABAZOV	15K	D0	A_{FB}^{ℓ} in $\ell\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T+\ge 2$ j $(\ge 1b)$

- 1 ABAZOV 17 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the beam basis. Combination with the result of ABAZOV 15K yields 0.081 \pm 0.048. This result together with the helicity polarization is shown in a 2-dimensional plot in Fig.4. These results are consistent with the SM prediction.
- 2 ABAZOV 17 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the helicity basis. The result is consistent with the SM prediction. This result together with the beam polarization is shown in a 2-dimensional plot in Fig.4.
- 3 ABAZOV 17 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the transverse basis. The result is consistent with the SM prediction.
- 4 ABAZOV 15K based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the beam basis. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $-0.0019\pm0.0005.$

t-quark Polarization in $t\bar{t}$ Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

The double differential distribution in polar angles, θ_1 (θ_2) of the decay particle of the top (anti-top) decay products, is parametrized as $(1/\sigma)\mathrm{d}\sigma/(\mathrm{d}\cos\theta_1\ \mathrm{d}\cos\theta_2)=(1/4)$ ($1+\mathrm{A}_t\cos\theta_1+\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}\cos\theta_2-\mathrm{C}\cos\theta_1\cos\theta_2$). The charged lepton is used to tag t or \overline{t} . The coefficient A_t and $\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}$ measure the average helicity of t and \overline{t} , respectively. $\mathrm{A}_{CPC}=\mathrm{A}_t=\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}$ assumes CP conservation, whereas $\mathrm{A}_{CPV}=\mathrm{A}_t=-\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}$ corresponds to maximal CP violation.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	g data for average	s, fits, limits, etc. • • •
$-0.035\!\pm\!0.014\!\pm\!0.037$	¹ AAD	13BE ATLS A_{CPC}
https://pdg.lbl.gov	Page 54	Created: 5/31/2023 09:12

 $0.020 \pm 0.016 ^{+0.013}_{-0.017}$ ¹ AAD 13BE ATLS A_{CPV}

t-quark Polarization in $t\bar{t}$ Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

 ${\bf A}_t$, ${\bf A}_{\overline t}$, ${\bf A}_{CPC}$, ${\bf A}_{CPV}$, and ${\bf A}_C$ are defined in header texts in the subsections, just above.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the follow	ing data for averages	s, fits, limits,	etc. • • •	
$-0.044\pm0.038\pm0.027$	¹ AABOUD	17G ATLS		
$-0.064\pm0.040\pm0.027$	$^{ m 1}$ AABOUD	17G ATLS	A 	
$0.296 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.037$	¹ AABOUD	17G ATLS	A_C	
-0.022 ± 0.058	² KHACHATRY.	16AI CMS	A_{CPC}	
0.000 ± 0.016	² KHACHATRY.	16AI CMS	A_{CPV}	

 $^{^{1}}$ AABOUD 17G based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data, using events with two leptons and two or more jets with at least one b-tag. Determined from measurements of 15 top quark spin observables. The second error corresponds to a variation of m_t about 172.5 GeV by 0.7 GeV. The values are consistent with the NLO SM predictions.

t-quark Polarization in Single Top Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

VALUE	CL%	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	D TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not	use the follo	wing data for ave	erages, fits, limit	ts, etc. • • •
>0.72	95	$^{ m 1}$ AABOUD	17BB ATLS	$\alpha_{\ell}P$; t-channel
$0.97 \pm 0.05 \pm 0$.11	² AABOUD	17ı ATLS	$\alpha_{\ell}^{\circ}P$; t-channel
$0.25 \pm 0.08 \pm 0$.14	³ AABOUD	17ı ATLS	$(F_+ + F)P$; t-channel
$0.26 \pm 0.03 \pm 0$.10	⁴ KHACHATR`	Y16BO CMS	$(\alpha_{\mu}^{'}P)/2$; t-channel

 $^{^1}$ AABOUD 17BB based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data. Triple-differential decay rate of top quark is used to simultaneously determine five generalized Wtb couplings as well as the top polarization. $lpha_{\ell}$ denotes the spin analyzing power of charged lepton, and the spin axis of the top polarization P is taken along the spectator-quark momentum in the top rest frame. The value is compatible with the SM prediction of about 0.9.

 $^{^{}m 1}$ Based on 4.7 fb $^{
m -1}$ of data using the final states containing one or two isolated electrons or muons and jets with at least one b-tag.

²KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, using events with two leptons and two or more jets with at least one b-tag. Determined from the lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\bar{t}$ -system kinematical variables.

 $^{^2}$ AABOUD 17I based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data. A cut-based analysis is used to discriminate between signal and backgrounds. $lpha_\ell$ denotes the spin analyzing power of charged lepton, and the spin axis of the top polarization P is taken along the spectator-quark momentum in the top rest frame. See this paper for a number of other asymmetries and measurements that are not included here.

 $^{^3}$ AABOUD 17I based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data. A cut-based analysis is used to discriminate between signal and backgrounds. F_\pm denotes W helicity fraction, and the spin axis of the top polarization P is taken along the spectator-quark momentum in the top rest frame. See this paper for a number of other asymmetries and measurements that are not included here.

 $^{^4}$ KHACHATRYAN 16 BO based on $^{19.7}$ fb $^{-1}$ of data. A high-purity sample with a muon is selected by a multivariate analysis. The value is the top spin asymmetry, given by one half of the spin analyzing power α_{μ} (=1 at LO of SM) times the top polarization, P, where the spin axis is defined as the direction of the untagged jet in the top rest frame. The value is compatible with the SM prediction of 0.44 with a 2.0σ deviation.

t-quark Polarization in Single Top Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

<u>V</u> ALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use t	the following data for a	average	es, fits,	limits, etc. ● ●
$0.01\ \pm0.18$	$^{ m 1}$ AAD	22Z	ATLS	$P_{x'}$ (t, transverse component)
-0.029 ± 0.027	$^{ m 1}$ AAD	22Z	ATLS	$P_{V'}$ (t, normal component)
$0.91\ \pm0.10$	$^{ m 1}$ AAD	22Z	ATLS	$P_{z'}^{j}$ (t, parallel component)
$-0.02\ \pm0.20$	1 AAD	22Z	ATLS	$P_{\chi'}^{\perp}$ (\overline{t} , transverse component)
$-0.007\!\pm\!0.051$	1 AAD	22z	ATLS	$P_{V'}^{\uparrow}$ (\overline{t} , normal component)
$-0.79\ \pm0.16$	1 AAD			$P_{7'}(\overline{t}, \text{ parallel component})$
0.440 ± 0.070	² SIRUNYAN			$(\alpha_{\ell}P)/2$; t-channel

 $^{^1}$ AAD 22Z based on $139~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. Three components of t or \overline{t} polarization vector (defined in the t or \overline{t} rest frame) are measured in t-channel single top production using ℓ momentum distribution in the $\ell+E_T+2{\rm j}$ (with 1 of them b-jet) channel. The measured values are in agreement with NNLO SM prediction. Constraints on the Wilson coefficients of SMEFT are obtained as -0.9 < C_{tW} < 1.4 and -0.8 < C_{itW} < 0.2.

$gg \rightarrow t\overline{t}$ Fraction in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use	the following	ng data for avera	ges, fits, limits	s, etc. • • •
< 0.33	68	$^{ m 1}$ AALTONEN		
$0.07 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.07$		² AALTONEN	08AG CDF	low p_T number of tracks

 $^{^1}$ Based on 955 pb $^{-1}$. AALTONEN 09F used differences in the $t\overline{t}$ production angular distribution and polarization correlation to descriminate between $g\,g\,\rightarrow\,\,t\,\overline{t}$ and $q\,\overline{q}\,\rightarrow\,\,t\,\overline{t}$ subprocesses. The combination with the result of AALTONEN 08AG gives $0.07 {+\, 0.15 \atop -\, 0.07}.$

A_{FB} of $t\overline{t}$ in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

 $A_{FB} =$ Forward-backward asymmetry.

r F B	Daomara aby	J. J.		
VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use th	e following data f	or ave	rages, fi	ts, limits, etc. • • •
$12.8 \pm 2.1 \pm 1.4$	$^{ m 1}$ AALTONEN	18	TEVA	CDF, D0 combination
$17.5 \pm 5.6 \pm 3.1$	² ABAZOV	15K	D0	${\sf A}_{FB}^\ell$ in $\ell\ell\!+\! ot\!$
7.2 ± 6.0	³ AALTONEN	14F	CDF	$A_{FB}^{\ell B}$ in dilepton channel
7.6± 8.2	³ AALTONEN	14F	CDF	$egin{aligned} (\ell\ell+ ot\!$
$4.2 \pm 2.3 {+1.7 \atop -2.0}$	⁴ ABAZOV	14 G	D0	A_{FB}^{ℓ} $(\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+\ge 3j\;(0.1\ge 2b))$
10.6 ± 3.0 20.1 ± 6.7 -0.2 ± 3.1	⁵ ABAZOV ⁶ AALTONEN ⁶ AALTONEN	_	D0 CDF CDF	$A_{FB} \ (\ell + E_T + \geq 3 \mathrm{j} \ (\geq 1b))$ $a_1/a_0 \ \mathrm{in} \ \ell + E_T + \geq 4 \mathrm{j} \ (\geq 1b)$ $a_3,a_5,a_7 \ \mathrm{in} \ \ell + E_T + \geq 4 \mathrm{j} \ (\geq 1b)$
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² SIRUNYAN 20R based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ of data. Differential cross sections for *t*-channel single top production are measured using $1\ell+2,3$ -jet mode and found to be in good agreement with SM predictions. The value is the top spin asymmetry, given by 1/2 of the spin analyzing power α_{ℓ} (=1 at LO of SM) times the top polarization P, where the spin axis is defined as the direction of the spectator quark in the top rest frame at the parton level. It is in good agreement with the NLO SM prediction of 0.436.

² Result is based on 0.96 fb⁻¹ of data. The contribution of the subprocesses $gg \to t\overline{t}$ and $q\overline{q} \to t\overline{t}$ is distinguished by using the difference between quark and gluon initiated jets in the number of small p_T (0.3 GeV < p_T < 3 GeV) charged particles in the central region ($|\eta|$ < 1.1).

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<sup>7</sup> AALTONEN
  16.4 \pm 4.7
                                                          13s CDF
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 4 \text{ jets} (\geq 1b \text{-tag})
   9.4^{+}_{-} \begin{array}{c} 3.2 \\ 2.9 \end{array}
                                 <sup>8</sup> AALTONEN
                                                          13X CDF
                                                                           <sup>9</sup> ABAZOV
  11.8 \pm 3.2
                                                          13A D0
                                                                            \ell\ell & \ell+ jets comb.
                                <sup>10</sup> AALTONEN
-11.6 \pm 15.3
                                                         11F CDF
                                                                            m_{t\overline{t}} < 450 GeV
                                <sup>10</sup> AALTONEN
  47.5 \pm 11.4
                                                         11F CDF
                                                                            m_{t\overline{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}
                                <sup>11</sup> ABAZOV
  19.6 \pm 6.5
                                                          11AH D0
                                                                            \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 4 \text{ jets} (\geq 1b\text{-tag})
                                <sup>12</sup> AALTONEN
                                                          08AB CDF
                                                                            p\overline{p} frame
  17 \pm 8
                                <sup>12</sup> AALTONEN
  24 \pm 14
                                                          08AB CDF
                                                                            t \overline{t} frame
                                <sup>13</sup> ABAZOV
  12 \pm 8 \pm 1
                                                          08L D0
                                                                            \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 4 jets
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- 1 AALTONEN 18 based on 9–10 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The value is the asymmetry in the number of reconstructed $t\overline{t}$ events with rapidity ${\rm y}_t>{\rm y}_{\overline{t}}$ and those with ${\rm y}_t<{\rm y}_{\overline{t}}$. The combined fits to CDF and D0 single lepton and $\ell\ell$ asymmetries give $A_{FB}^\ell=0.073\pm0.016\pm0.012$ and $A_{FB}^{\ell\ell}=0.108\pm0.043\pm0.016$, respectively. The results are consistent with the SM predictions.
- 2 ABAZOV 15K based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM predictions. By combining with the previous D0 measurement in the ℓ + jet channel ABAZOV 14H, $A_{FB}^\ell=0.118\pm0.025\pm0.013$ is obtained.
- 3 AALTONEN 14F based on 9.1 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A_{FB}^ℓ and $A_{FB}^{\ell\ell}$ denote, respectively, the asymmetries $(\textit{N}(x>0)-\textit{N}(x<0))/\textit{N}_{tot}$ for $x=q_\ell\eta_\ell$ (q_ℓ is the charge of ℓ) and $x=\eta_{\ell^+}-\eta_{\ell^-}$. Both results are consistent with the SM predictions. By combining with the previous CDF measurement in the ℓ +jet channel AALTONEN 13X, $A_{FB}^\ell=0.098^{+0.028}_{-0.026}$ is obtained. The combined result is about two sigma larger than the SM prediction of $A_{FB}^\ell=0.038\pm0.003$.
- ⁴ Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The asymmetry is corrected for the production level for events with $|\mathbf{y}_l|<1.5$. Asymmetry as functions of $E_T(\ell)$ and $|\mathbf{y}_l|$ are given in Figs. 7 and 8, respectively. Combination with the asymmetry measured in the dilepton channel [ABAZOV 13P] gives $A_{FB}^\ell=4.2\pm2.0\pm1.4$ %, in agreement with the SM prediction of 2.0%.
- 5 Based on $9.7~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}{=}1.96$ TeV. The measured asymmetry is in agreement with the SM predictions of $8.8\pm0.9~\%$ [BERNREUTHER 12], which includes the EW effects. The dependences of the asymmetry on $|{\rm y}(t)-{\rm y}(\overline{t})|$ and $m_{t\,\overline{t}}$ are shown in Figs. 9 and 10, respectively.
- ⁶ Based on 9.4 fb⁻¹ of data. Reported A_{FB} values come from the determination of a_i coefficients of $\mathrm{d}\sigma/\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{cos}\theta_t) = \Sigma_i \ a_i\mathrm{P}_i(\mathrm{cos}(\theta_t))$ measurement. The result of $a_1/a_0 = (40 \pm 12)\%$ seems higher than the NLO SM prediction of $(15 \frac{+7}{3})\%$.
- 7 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The quoted result is the asymmetry at the parton level.
- 8 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The observed asymmetry is to be compared with the SM prediction of ${\it A}_{FB}^\ell=$ 0.038 \pm 0.003.
- ⁹ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. ABAZOV 13A studied the dilepton channel of the $t\,\overline{t}$ events and measured the leptonic forward-backward asymmetry to be $A_{FB}^{\ell}=5.8\pm5.1\pm1.3\%$, which is consistent with the SM (QCD+EW) prediction of 4.7 \pm 0.1%. The result is obtained after combining the measurement (15.2 \pm 4.0%) in the ℓ + jets channel ABAZOV 11AH. The top quark helicity is measured by using the neutrino weighting method to be consistent with zero in both dilepton and ℓ + jets channels.
- 10 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. Events with lepton $+\not\!\!E_T+\ge 4{\rm jets}(\ge 1b)$ are used. AALTONEN 11F also measures the asymmetry as a function of the rapidity difference $|{\bf y}_t-{\bf y}_{\overline t}|.$ The NLO QCD predictions [MCFM] are $(4.0\pm 0.6)\%$ and $(8.8\pm 1.3)\%$ for $m_{t\,\overline t}<450$ and >450 GeV, respectively.

- ¹¹ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The quoted asymmetry is obtained after unfolding to be compared with the MC@NLO prediction of $(5.0 \pm 0.1)\%$. No significant difference between the $m_{t\overline{t}} < 450$ and > 450 GeV data samples is found. A corrected asymmetry based on the lepton from a top quark decay of $(15.2 \pm 4.0)\%$ is measured to be compared to the MC@NLO prediction of $(2.1 \pm 0.1)\%$.
- Result is based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The FB asymmetry in the $t\overline{t}$ events has been measured in the ℓ + jets mode, where the lepton charge is used as the flavor tag. The asymmetry in the $p\overline{p}$ frame is defined in terms of $\cos(\theta)$ of hadronically decaying t-quark momentum, whereas that in the $t\overline{t}$ frame is defined in terms of the t and \overline{t} rapidity difference. The results are consistent ($\leq 2 \sigma$) with the SM predictions.
- Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The asymmetry in the number of $t\overline{t}$ events with $y_t>y_{\overline{t}}$ and those with $y_t< y_{\overline{t}}$ has been measured in the lepton + jets final state. The observed value is consistent with the SM prediction of 0.8% by MC@NLO, and an upper bound on the $Z'\to t\overline{t}$ contribution for the SM Z-like couplings is given in in Fig. 2 for 350 GeV $< m_{Z'}< 1$ TeV.

t-Quark Electric Charge

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.64 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08$	$^{ m 1}$ AAD	13AY ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

- 1 AAD 13AY result is based on 2.05 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, the result is obtained by reconstructing $t\,\overline{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the jet-charge algorithm. This measurement excludes the charge -4/3 assignment to the top quark at more than 8 standard deviations.
- 2 ABAZOV 14D result is based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}{=}1.96$ TeV. The electric charge of b+W system in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events is measured from the charges of the leptons from W decay and in b jets. Under the assumption that the b+W system consists of the sum of the top quark and the charge -4/3 quark b'(-4/3) of the same mass, the top quark fraction is found to be $f=0.88\pm0.13$ (stat) ±0.11 (syst), or the upper bound for the b'(-4/3) contamination of 1-f<0.46 (95% CL).
- ³ AALTONEN 13J excludes the charge -4/3 assignment to the top quark at 99% CL, using 5.6 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Result is obtained by reconstructing $t\overline{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the jet-charge algorithm.
- ⁴ AALTONEN 10s excludes the charge -4/3 assignment for the top quark [CHANG 99] at 95%CL, using 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Result is obtained by reconstructing $t\bar{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the SLT (soft lepton tag) algorithm.
- 5 ABAZOV 07C reports an upper limit $\rho < 0.80$ (90% CL) on the fraction ρ of exotic quark pairs $Q\,\overline{Q}$ with electric charge $|\mathbf{q}|=4\mathrm{e}/3$ in $t\,\overline{t}$ candidate events with high p_T lepton, missing E_T and ≥ 4 jets. The result is obtained by measuring the fraction of events in which the quark pair decays into W^-+b and $W^++\overline{b}$, where b and \overline{b} jets are discriminated by using the charge and momenta of tracks within the jet cones. The maximum CL at which the model of CHANG 99 can be excluded is 92%. Based on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.

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KHACHATRY	. 17G	JHEP 1702 028	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	. 171	JHEP 1702 079	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY		EPJ C77 172	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN		PL B772 752	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	1/AB	PL B772 336	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	17E	JHEP 1707 003	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	17L	EPJ C77 354	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	17N	EPJ C77 467	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	170	PR D96 032002	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	17S	EPJ C77 578	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	17W	JHEP 1709 051	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
AABOUD	16R	PL B761 136	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	16T	PL B761 350	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
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AAD		PR D94 032006	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16AK	JHEP 1604 023	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16AS	EPJ C76 55	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
Also		EPJ C82 70 (errat.)	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16 17	EPJ C76 87	G. Aad et al.	`
				(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16B	JHEP 1601 064	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16BK	EPJ C76 642	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16D	EPJ C76 12	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16T	PL B756 52	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16U	PL B756 228	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
				(ATLAS CONAD.)
AALTONEN	16	PR D93 032011	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	16	PL B752 18	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	16A	PL B757 199	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	16D	PR D94 032004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	16F	PR D94 092004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
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KHACHATRY			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	-	PR D93 034014	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	. 16AI	PR D93 052007	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	16AK	PR D93 072004	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
		PR D93 092006	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
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		JHEP 1604 035	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	. 16AW	JHEP 1608 029	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	16 17	HIED 1600 007		
KHACHATRY	. 10/12	JHEP 1009 021	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	. 16BC	EPJ C76 128	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
	. 16BC . 16BJ	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123	V. Khachatryan et al.V. Khachatryan et al.V. Khachatryan et al.V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X 16 15	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD AAD AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061	V. Khachatryan et al. G. Aad et al. G. Aad et al. G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD AAD AAD AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105	V. Khachatryan et al. G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
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KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR . 15AW . 15BF . 15BO	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105 EPJ C75 158 EPJ C75 330 PR D91 052005	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR . 15AW . 15BF . 15BO	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105 EPJ C75 158 EPJ C75 330	V. Khachatryan et al. G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR . 15AW . 15BF . 15BO . 15BP	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105 EPJ C75 158 EPJ C75 330 PR D91 052005	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD A	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR . 15AW . 15AW . 15BW . 15BW . 15BW . 15BW	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105 EPJ C75 158 EPJ C75 330 PR D91 052005 PR D91 112013	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY TEVEWWG AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AA	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR . 15AW . 15BF . 15BO . 15BP . 15BW . 15BY	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105 EPJ C75 158 EPJ C75 330 PR D91 052005 PR D91 112013 JHEP 1510 121 JHEP 1510 150	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY KHACHATRY AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD A	. 16BC . 16BJ . 16BO . 16BU . 16CB . 16J . 16T . 16X . 16 . 15 . 15A . 15AJ . 15AR . 15AW . 15BF . 15BO . 15BP . 15BW . 15BY	EPJ C76 128 EPJ C76 439 JHEP 1604 073 PL B762 512 JHEP 1612 123 PRL 116 052002 PL B757 154 PL B758 321 arXiv:1608.01881 PL B740 222 PL B740 118 JHEP 1505 061 JHEP 1508 105 EPJ C75 158 EPJ C75 330 PR D91 052005 PR D91 112013	V. Khachatryan et al. Tevatron Electroweak Working Group G. Aad et al.	(CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)

AAD	15(0	JHEP 1512 061	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15D	JHEP 1501 020	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15J	PRL 114 142001	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
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AAIJ	15R	PRL 115 112001	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AALTONEN	15D	PR D92 032003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	15H	PRL 115 152003	T. Aaltonen et al.	
				(CDF, D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	15G	PR D91 112003	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	15K	PR D92 052007	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	15	EPJ C75 216 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	14	PL B728 363	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14AA	JHEP 1406 008	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14AY	EPJ C74 3109	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
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AAD	14BB	PR D90 112016	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14BI	PR D90 112006	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
	141		G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	\
AAD		JHEP 1402 107		(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN	14A	PR D89 091101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14F	PRL 113 042001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
	141			
Also		PRL 117 199901 (errat.)	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14G	PRL 112 221801 \	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14H	PR D89 072001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF and D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN	14K	PRL 112 231805	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14L	PRL 112 231804	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14M	PRL 112 231803	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF and D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN	14N	PR D90 091101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	140	PRL 113 261804	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	14C	PRL 113 032002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D91 112003	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
	140			
ABAZOV	14D	PR D90 051101	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	14G	PR D90 072001	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
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ABAZOV	14H	PR D90 072011	V.M. Abazov <i>et al</i> .	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	14K	PR D90 092006	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	1/	PL B728 496	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
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CHATRCHYAN	14AC	PRL 112 231802	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14ΔF	EPJ C74 3014	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
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Also		EPJ C75 216 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14C	EPJ C74 2758	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
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CHATRCHYAN	14D	JHEP 1404 191	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14F	JHEP 1402 024	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	140	PL B731 173	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14R	PR D90 032006	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN				
		PRL 112 171802	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14E	PL B736 33	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14F	JHEP 1406 090	V. Khachartryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14H	JHEP 1409 087	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14K	PL B738 526 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
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KHACHATRY	1411	EPJ C74 3060	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14Q	PR D90 112013	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY				
		JHEP 1411 154	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14S	PL B739 23	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	12 AV	JHEP 1311 031	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13BE	PRL 111 232002	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13X	EPJ C73 2328	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
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AALTONEN	13AB	PR D88 091103	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13AD	PRL 111 182002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13D	PR D87 031104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13E	PR D87 052013	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	13G		T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D87 111101		(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13H	PR D88 011101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13J	PR D88 032003	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13S	PR D87 092002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13X	PR D88 072003	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
	13Z	PRL 111 202001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	` '
AALTONEN				(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	13A	PR D87 011103	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	130	PL B726 656	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
	100			1
ABAZOV	120		V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
	13P	PR D88 112002		
CHAIRCHYAN			S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13AY	JHEP 1305 065	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13AY 13BB	JHEP 1305 065 PL B720 83	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13AY 13BB	JHEP 1305 065		`
CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	13AY 13BB 13BE	JHEP 1305 065 PL B720 83 EPJ C73 2386	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i> S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	13AY 13BB 13BE 13BH	JHEP 1305 065 PL B720 83 EPJ C73 2386 JHEP 1310 167	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i> S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i> S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	13AY 13BB 13BE 13BH	JHEP 1305 065 PL B720 83 EPJ C73 2386	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i> S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	13AY 13BB 13BE 13BH 13C	JHEP 1305 065 PL B720 83 EPJ C73 2386 JHEP 1310 167	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i> S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i> S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)

CHATRCHYAN	13S	EPJ C73 2494	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	12B	PL B707 459	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
		JHEP 1204 069		
AAD			G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BF	JHEP 1205 059	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BG	JHEP 1206 088	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		EPJ C72 2039	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BL	EPJ C72 2043	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BO	PL B711 244	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12RP	PL B712 351	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
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AAD		JHEP 1209 139	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12CG	PL B717 89	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12CH	PL B717 330	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12I	EPJ C72 2046	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 109 152003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12AL	PRL 109 192001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12AP	PR D86 092003	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF, D0 Collab.)
	12G		T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDE Callab.)
AALTONEN		PL B714 24		(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12Z	PR D85 071106	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF, D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12AB	PR D86 051103	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12B		V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
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ABAZOV	12E	PL B708 21	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12I	PL B713 165	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12T	PR D85 091104	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
BERNREUTH		PR D86 034026	W. Bernreuther, ZG. Si	(AACH, SHDN)
		PR D85 112007	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AX	JHEP 1211 067	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12BA	EPJ C72 2202	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN			S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
		JHEP 1212 105	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12BQ	JHEP 1212 035	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12BS	PL B709 28	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12Y	JHEP 1206 109	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	11A	EPJ C71 1577	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	. `
				(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D84 071105	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11AK	PRL 107 232002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN AALTONEN	11AR	PR D83 031104	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11D	PR D83 071102	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11E	PR D83 111101	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11F	PR D83 112003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11K	PRL 106 152001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11T	PL B698 371	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D84 031101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11Y	PR D84 032003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11Z	PR D84 031104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	11A	PL B695 88	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11ΔΔ	PL B705 313	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
			V.M. Abazov et al.	
ABAZOV		PR D04 112001	V.IVI. ADAZOV EL AI.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV		PRL 107 032001	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11AF	PL B702 16	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11AH	PR D84 112005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11B	PRL 106 022001	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11C	PR D83 032009	V.M. Abazov <i>et al</i> .	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11E	PR D84 012008	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11M	PL B701 313	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11P	PR D84 032004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
	11R	PRL 107 082004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV				` '
ABAZOV	11S	PL B703 422	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11T	PR D84 052005	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11X	PRL 107 121802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11Z	PL B704 403	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN				(CMS Collab.)
			S. Chatrohyan et al.	
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1107 049	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11R	PRL 107 091802	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11Z	PR D84 092004	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY		PL B695 424	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D82 052002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
				` '
AALTONEN		PR D82 112005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 105 232003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10AE	PRL 105 252001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10C	PR D81 031102	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10D	PR D81 032002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
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AALTONEN	10E	PR D81 052011	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10Q	PRL 105 042002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
				` '
AALTONEN	10S	PRL 105 101801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10U	PR D81 072003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10V	PR D81 092002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10W	PRL 105 012001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	10	PL B682 363	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	101	PR D82 032002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
	-		V.M. Abazov et al.	\
ABAZOV	10J	PL B690 5		(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10K	PL B693 81	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10Q	PR D82 071102	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AHRENS	10	JHEP 1009 097	V. Ahrens <i>et al.</i>	(MAINZ, HEIDH)
AHRENS	10A	NPBPS 205-206 48	V. Ahrens et al.	(MAINZ, HEIDH)
AALTONEN	09AD	PR D79 112007	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AK	PR D80 051104	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D80 052001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 103 092002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
				` '
AALTONEN	09F	PR D79 031101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09H	PR D79 052007	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09J	PR D79 072001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09K	PR D79 072010	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09L	PR D79 092005	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09M	PRL 102 042001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09N	PRL 102 151801	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	090	PRL 102 152001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	09Q	PL B674 160	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN				
AALTONEN	09X	PR D79 072005	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AARON	09A	PL B678 450	F.D. Aaron et al.	(H1 Collab.)
ABAZOV		PRL 103 132001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09AG	PR D80 071102	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09AH	PR D80 092006	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09J	PRL 102 092002	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09R	PL B679 177	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09Z	PRL 103 092001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
LANGENFELD		PR D80 054009	U. Langenfeld, S. Moch, P. Uwer	(20 0022.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 202001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDE Callab)
				(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 192002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D78 111101	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 252001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	08C	PRL 100 062005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	HA80	PRL 101 182001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	IA80	PRL 101 221801	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08B	PRL 100 062004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	081	PR D78 012005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08L	PRL 100 142002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08M	PRL 100 192003	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
				(Do Collab.)
ABAZOV	08N	PRL 100 192004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	80	PR D78 012003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
CACCIARI	80	JHEP 0809 127	M. Cacciari <i>et al.</i>	
KIDONAKIS	80	PR D78 074005	N. Kidonakis, R. Vogt	
MOCH	80	PR D78 034003	S. Moch, P. Uwer	(BERL, KARLE)
AALTONEN	07	PRL 98 142001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07B	PR D75 111103	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07D	PR D76 072009	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07I	PRL 99 182002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	07C	PRL 98 041801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
				` '
ABAZOV	07D	PR D75 031102	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07F	PR D75 092001	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07H	PRL 98 181802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07O	PR D76 052006	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07P	PR D76 072007	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07R	PR D76 092007	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07V	PRL 99 191802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07W	PL B655 7	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07D	PR D75 031105	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07G	PRL 98 072001	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07G	PR D75 052001	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	071 07J			
ABULENCIA		PR D75 071102	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	06K	PL B639 616	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06U	PR D74 092005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06X	PR D74 112004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)

ABULENCIA	06D	PRL 96 022004	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D73 032003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D73 092002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06G	PRL 96 152002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D74 032009	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06R	PL B639 172	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06U	PR D73 111103	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06V	PR D73 112006	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06Z	PRL 97 082004	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A		PRL 96 202002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
				(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A		PR D74 072005	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A		PR D74 072006	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	05	PL B606 25	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05G	PL B617 1	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05L	PR D72 011104	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05P	PL B622 265	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
Also		PL B517 282	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D63 031101	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D75 092007	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05Q	PL B626 35	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05R	PL B626 55	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05X	PL B626 45	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ACOSTA	05A	PRL 95 102002	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05D	PR D71 031101	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05N	PR D71 012005	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05S	PR D72 032002	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05T	PR D72 052003	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05U	PR D71 072005	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05V	PR D71 052003	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	04G	NAT 429 638	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04C	PL B590 21	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACOSTA	04H	PR D69 052003	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	041	PRL 93 142001	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AKTAS	04	EPJ C33 9	A. Aktas <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
ABAZOV	03A	PR D67 012004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
CHEKANOV	03	PL B559 153	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
ACHARD	02J	PL B549 290	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACOSTA	023	PR D65 091102	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
HEISTER	02Q	PL B543 173	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABBIENDI	01T	PL B521 181	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01	PR D63 032003	T. Affolder et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01A	PR D64 032002	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	01A	PRL 86 3233	T. Affolder et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AFFOLDER AFFOLDER			T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	00B	PRL 84 216		(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	00S	PL B494 33	S. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABBOTT	99G	PR D60 052001	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	99B	PRL 82 271	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also	00	PRL 82 2808 (erratum)		(CDF Collab.)
CHANG	99	PR D59 091503	D. Chang, W. Chang, E. Ma	(D0 C II I)
ABBOTT	98D	PRL 80 2063	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBOTT	98F	PR D58 052001	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	98E	PRL 80 2767	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98F	PRL 80 2779	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98G	PRL 80 2525	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BHAT	98B	IJMP A13 5113	P.C. Bhat, H.B. Prosper, S.S. Snyder	4
ABACHI	97E	PRL 79 1197	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	97R	PRL 79 1992	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	97V	PRL 79 3585	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
PDG	96	PR D54 1	R. M. Barnett et al.	(PDG Collab.)
ABACHI	95_	PRL 74 2632	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	95F	PRL 74 2626	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	94E	PR D50 2966	F. Abe et al.	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PRL 73 225	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)