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t-QUARK MASS

We first list the direct measurements of the top quark mass which employ the event kinematics and then list the measurements which extract a top quark mass from the measured $t\bar{t}$ cross-section using theory calculations. A discussion of the definition of the top quark mass in these measurements can be found in the review "The Top Quark."

For earlier search limits see PDG 96, Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996). We no longer include a compilation of indirect top mass determinations from Standard Model Electroweak fits in the Listings (our last compilation can be found in the Listings of the 2007 partial update). For a discussion of current results see the reviews "The Top Quark" and "Electroweak Model and Constraints on New Physics."

t-Quark Mass (Direct Measurements)

The following measurements extract a t-quark mass from the kinematics of $t\overline{t}$ events. They are sensitive to the top quark mass used in the MC generator that is usually interpreted as the pole mass, but the theoretical uncertainty in this interpretation is hard to quantify. See the review "The Top Quark" and references therein for more information.

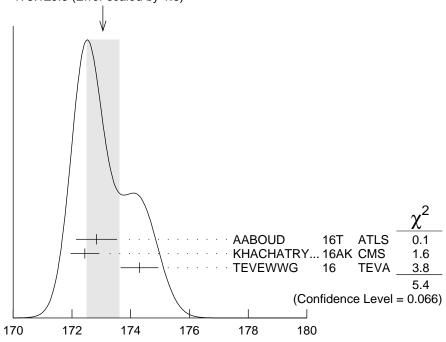
OUR AVERAGE of 173.1 \pm 0.6 GeV is an average of top mass measurements from LHC and Tevatron Runs. The latest Tevatron average, 174.30 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.54 GeV, was provided by the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group (TEVEWWG).

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VALUE (GeV)
                                                         TECN COMMENT
                                 DOCUMENT ID
173.1 ± 0.6 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram
below.
                               <sup>1</sup> AABOUD
                                                   16T ATLS
172.84 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.61
                                                                   combination of ATLAS
                               <sup>2</sup> KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
172.44 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.47
                                                                   combination of CMS
                               <sup>3</sup> TEVEWWG
174.30 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.54
                                                        TEVA
                                                   16
                                                                   Tevatron combination
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
                               <sup>4</sup> ABAZOV
174.95 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.64
                                                   17B D0
                                                                   \ell + jets and dilepton channels
                               <sup>5</sup> AABOUD
                                                   16T ATLS
172.99 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.74
                                                                   dilepton channel
                               <sup>6</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                   173.32 \pm 1.36 \pm 0.85
                                                         D0
                               <sup>7</sup> ABAZOV
173.93 \pm 1.61 \pm 0.88
                                                   16D D0
                                                                   \ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 2j \ (\geq 2b)
                             <sup>8,9</sup> KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
                                                                   \ell + > 4j (2b)
172.35 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.48
                             <sup>8,9</sup> KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
                                                                   \geq 6 jets (2b)
172.32 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.59
                           <sup>8,10</sup> KHACHATRY...16AK CMS
                                                                   (ee/\mu\mu)+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2b, e\mu+\geq 2b
172.82 \pm 0.19 \pm 1.22
173.68± 0.20<sup>+</sup>
                              <sup>11</sup> KHACHATRY...16AL CMS
                                                                   semi- + di-leptonic channels
                              <sup>12</sup> KHACHATRY...16CB CMS
173.5 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.9
                                                                   t \rightarrow (W \rightarrow \ell \nu)(b \rightarrow
                                                                      J/\psi X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X
                              13 AAD
175.1 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.2
                                                   15AW ATLS
                                                                   small \not\!\!E_T, \geq 6 jets (2b-tag)
                             <sup>14</sup> AAD
172.99 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.78
                                                   15BF ATLS
                                                                   \ell + jets and dilepton
171.5 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.5
                              <sup>15</sup> AALTONEN
                                                   15D CDF
                                                                   \ell\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2j
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175.07 \pm \ 1.19 {+} \ 1.55 \\ - \ 1.58
                                 <sup>16</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         14N CDF
                                                                          small \mathbb{E}_T, 6–8 jets ( > 1b-tag)
                                 <sup>17</sup> ABAZOV
                                                         14C D0
174.98 \pm 0.58 \pm 0.49
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets } (\geq 1 \text{ } b\text{-tag})
173.49 \pm 0.69 \pm 1.21
                                 <sup>18</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14C CMS
                                                                           \geq 6 jets ( \geq 2 b-tag)
                                 <sup>19</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         13H CDF
173.93 \pm 1.64 \pm 0.87
                                                                          \not\!\!E_T + \geq 4 jets ( \geq 1 b)
173.9 \pm 0.9 ^{+}
                                 <sup>20</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13s
                                                                          \ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2b-tag (MT2_{(T)})
                                                                CMS
                                 ^{21} AAD
                                                         12I ATLS
174.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 2.3
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4 jets ( \ge 1 b), MT
                                 <sup>22</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         12AI CDF
172.85 \pm 0.71 \pm 0.85
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j \ (0,1,2b) template
                                 <sup>23</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         12AL CDF
172.7 \pm 9.3 \pm 3.7
                                                                          	au_h + \not\!\!E_T + 4\mathsf{j} \ (\geq 1b)
                                 <sup>24</sup> AALTONEN
173.18 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.75
                                                         12AP TEVA
                                                                          CDF, D0 combination
                                 <sup>25</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         12G CDF
172.5 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.5
                                                                          6–8 jets with \geq 1 b
                                 <sup>26</sup> ABAZOV
173.7 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.5
                                                         12AB D0
                                                                          \ell\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2 j (\nu WT)
                                 <sup>27</sup> ABAZOV
173.9 \pm 1.9 \pm 1.6
                                                         12AB D0
                                                                          \ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\nu \mathsf{WT} + \mathsf{MWT})
                                 <sup>28</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BA CMS
172.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.5
                                                                          \ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2\mathsf{j}\ (\geq 1b), AMWT
                                 <sup>29</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BP CMS
173.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.98
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 4j \ (\geq 2b)
                                 <sup>30</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         11AC CDF
172.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.3
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 \text{ jets } (\geq 1 \text{ } b\text{-tag})
                                 <sup>31</sup> AALTONEN
172.3 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.0
                                                         11AK CDF
                                                                          Repl. by AALTONEN 13H
172.1 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.9
                                 <sup>32</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         11E CDF
                                                                          \ell + jets and dilepton
                                 <sup>33</sup> AALTONEN
176.9 \pm 8.0 \pm 2.7
                                                         11T CDF
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets ( \geq 1 b-tag),
                                                                              p_T(\ell) shape
                                 <sup>34</sup> ABAZOV
174.94 \pm 0.83 \pm 1.24
                                                         11P D0
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + 4 jets ( \geq 1 b-tag)
174.0 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.4
                                 <sup>35</sup> ABAZOV
                                                         11R D0
                                                                          dilepton + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 2 jets
                                 <sup>36</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11F CMS
175.5 \pm 4.6 \pm 4.6
                                                                          \mathsf{dilepton} + \not\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}
                                                                          173.0 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.9
                                 <sup>37</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         10AE CDF
                                                                               ME method
                                 <sup>38</sup> AALTONEN
169.3 \pm 2.7 \pm 3.2
                                                         10c CDF
                                                                          \mathsf{dilepton} + b\mathsf{-tag} \; (\mathsf{MT2} \mathsf{+} \mathsf{NWA})
                                 <sup>39</sup> AALTONEN
170.7 \pm 6.3 \pm 2.6
                                                         10D CDF
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + 4 jets (b-tag)
174.8 \pm 2.4 + 1.2
                                 <sup>40</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         10E CDF
                                                                           > 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                 <sup>41</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         09AK CDF
180.5 \pm 12.0 \pm 3.6
                                                                          \ell + \not\!\!E_T + \text{jets (soft } \mu \text{ b-tag)}
                                 <sup>42</sup> AALTONEN
172.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.2
                                                         09J CDF
                                                                          \ell + \cancel{E}_T + 4 \text{ jets (b-tag)}
171.1 \pm 3.7 \pm 2.1
                                 <sup>43</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         09k CDF
                                                                          6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                 44 AALTONEN
171.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.1
                                                         09L CDF
                                                                          \ell + jets, \ell\ell + jets
                                 <sup>45</sup> AALTONEN
171.2 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.9
                                                         090 CDF
                                                                          dilepton
165.5 \ \ {}^{+}_{-} \ \ {}^{3.4}_{3.3} \ \pm \ \ 3.1
                                 <sup>46</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         09x CDF
                                                                          \ell\ell + \not\!\!E_T (\nu\phi \text{ weighting})
                                 <sup>47</sup> ABAZOV
174.7 \pm 4.4 \pm 2.0
                                                         09AH D0
                                                                          dilepton + b-tag (\nuWT+MWT)
170.7 \, {}^{+}_{-} \, {}^{4.2}_{3.9} \, \pm \, 3.5
                             48,49 AALTONEN
                                                         08c CDF
                                                                          dilepton, \sigma_{t\overline{t}} constrained
                                 <sup>50</sup> ABAZOV
171.5 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.1
                                                                          08AH D0
                             51,52 AALTONEN
177.1 \pm 4.9 \pm 4.7
                                                         07
                                                                CDF
                                                                          6 jets with > 1 b \text{ vtx}
172.3 \begin{array}{c} +10.8 \\ -9.6 \end{array}
                  \pm 10.8
                                 <sup>53</sup> AALTONEN
                                                         07B CDF
                                                                           > 4 jets (b-tag)
                                 <sup>54</sup> AALTONEN
174.0 \pm 2.2 \pm 4.8
                                                         07D CDF
                                                                           \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                             55,56 AALTONEN
170.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.4
                                                         07ı
                                                                CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets (b-tag)
173.7 \pm 4.4 + 2.1 \\ -2.0
                             52,57 ABAZOV
                                                         07F D0
                                                                          lepton + jets
                                 <sup>58</sup> ABAZOV
176.2 \pm 9.2 \pm 3.9
                                                         07W D0
                                                                          dilepton (MWT)
                                 <sup>58</sup> ABAZOV
179.5 \pm 7.4 \pm 5.6
                                                         07W D0
                                                                          dilepton (\nuWT)
                             56,59 ABULENCIA
164.5 \pm 3.9 \pm 3.9
                                                         07D CDF
                                                                          dilepton
180.7 \ ^{+15.5}_{-13.4} \ \pm \ 8.6
                                 <sup>60</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                         07J CDF
                                                                          lepton + jets
170.3 \begin{array}{c} + & 4.1 & + & 1.2 \\ - & 4.5 & - & 1.8 \end{array}
                             56,61 ABAZOV
                                                         06U D0
                                                                          lepton + jets (b-tag)
                                                                            Created: 5/30/2017 17:22
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$173.2 \ ^{+}_{-}\ ^{2.6}_{2.4} \ \pm \ 3.2$	62,63 ABULENCIA	06 D	CDF	lepton + jets
$173.5 \begin{array}{c} + & 3.7 \\ - & 3.6 \end{array} \pm \ 1.3$	49,62 ABULENCIA	06 D	CDF	lepton + jets
-3.6 $165.2 \pm 6.1 \pm 3.4$ $170.1 \pm 6.0 \pm 4.1$ $178.5 \pm 13.7 \pm 7.7$ $180.1 \pm 3.6 \pm 3.9$ $176.1 \pm 5.1 \pm 5.3$ 176.1 ± 6.6 $172.1 \pm 5.2 \pm 4.9$ 176.0 ± 6.5 $167.4 \pm 10.3 \pm 4.8$ $168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$ $173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$	56,64 ABULENCIA 49,65 ABULENCIA 66,67 ABAZOV 68,69 ABAZOV 70 AFFOLDER 71 AFFOLDER 72 ABBOTT 73,74 ABE 74,75 ABE 69 ABBOTT	06G 06V 05 04G 01 99G 99B 99B 98D	CDF CDF D0 D0 CDF CDF D0 CDF CDF D0	dilepton dilepton 6 or more jets lepton + jets lepton + jets dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets di-lepton, lepton+jets dilepton, lepton+jets dilepton dilepton lepton + jets
$175.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 5.3$	75,77 ABE	98E	CDF	lepton + jets
$ \begin{array}{rrrrr} 161 & \pm 17 & \pm 10 \\ 172.1 & \pm 5.2 & \pm 4.9 \\ 173.8 & \pm 5.0 \\ 173.3 & \pm 5.6 & \pm 6.2 \\ 186 & \pm 10 & \pm 5.7 \end{array} $	⁷⁹ BHAT ⁶⁹ ABACHI	98F 98B 98B 97E 97R	CDF RVUE RVUE D0 CDF	dilepton dilepton and lepton+jets dilepton, lepton+jets, all-jets lepton + jets 6 or more jets
$199 {}^{+ 19}_{- 21} \pm 22$	ABACHI	95	D0	lepton + jets
$176 \pm \ 8 \pm 10$	ABE	95F	CDF	lepton + b-jet
174 ± 10 $+13$ -12	ABE	94E	CDF	lepton $+$ b -jet





t-Quark Mass (Direct Measurements) (GeV)

- ¹ AABOUD 16T is an ATLAS combination of 8 TeV top-quark mass in the dilepton channel with previous measurements from $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV data in the dilepton and lepton + jets channels.
- 2 KHACHATRYAN 16AK based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Combination of the three top mass measurements in KHACHATRYAN 16AK and with the CMS results at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV.
- 3 TEVEWWG 16 is the latest Tevatron average (July 2016) provided by the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group. It takes correlated uncertainties into account and has a χ^2 of 10.8 for 11 degrees of freedom.
- 4 ABAZOV 17B is a combination of measurements of the top quark mass by D0 in the lepton+jets and dilepton channels, using all data collected in Run I (1992–1996) at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV and Run II (2001–2011) at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV of the Tevatron, corresponding to integrated luminosities of 0.1 fb $^{-1}$ and 9.7 fb $^{-1}$, respectively.
- 5 AABOUD 16T based on 20.2 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The analysis is refined using the p_T and invariant mass distributions of $\ell+b$ -jet system. A combination with measurements from $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV data in the dilepton and lepton+jets channels gives $172.84\pm0.34\pm0.61$ GeV.
- ⁶ ABAZOV 16 based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Employs improved fit to minimize statistical errors and improved jet energy calibration, using lepton + jets mode, which reduces error of jet energy scale. Based on previous determination in ABAZOV 12AB with increased integrated luminosity and improved fit and calibrations.
- 7 ABAZOV 16D based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV, using the matrix element technique. Based on previous determination in ABAZOV 11R with increased integrated luminosity. There is a strong correlation with the determination in ABAZOV 16. (See ABAZOV 17B.)
- ⁸ KHACHATRYAN 16AK based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Combination of the three top mass measurements in KHACHATRYAN 16AK and with the CMS results at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV gives 172.44 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.47 GeV.
- $^{9}\,\mathrm{The}$ top mass and jet energy scale factor are determined by a fit.
- $^{10}\,\mathrm{Uses}$ the analytical matrix weighting technique method.
- 11 KHACHATRYAN 16AL based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\,p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Determined from the invariant mass distribution of leptons and reconstructed secondary vertices from b decays using only charged particles. The uncertainty is dominated by modeling of b fragmentation and top p_T distribution.
- 12 KHACHATRYAN 16CB based on 666 candidate reconstructed events corresponding to 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The measurement exploits correlation of m_t with M(J/ $\psi\,\ell$) in the same top quark decay, using a high-purity event sample. A study on modeling of b-quark fragmentation is given in Sec.3.3.
- ¹³ AAD 15AW based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses template fits to the ratio of the masses of three-jets (from t candidate) and dijets (from t candidate). Large background from multijet production is modeled with data-driven methods.
- 14 AAD 15BF based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\,p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Using a three-dimensional template likelihood technique the lepton plus jets ($\geq 1b$ -tagged) channel gives $172.33\pm0.75\pm1.02$ GeV, while exploiting a one dimensional template method using $m_{\ell\,b}$ the dilepton channel (1 or 2b-tags) gives $173.79\pm0.54\pm1.30$ GeV. The results are combined.
- 15 AALTONEN 15 D based on $9.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Uses a template technique to fit a distribution of a variable defined by a linear combination of variables sensitive and insensitive to jet energy scale to optimize reduction of systematic errors. b-tagged and non-b-tagged events are separately analyzed and combined.
- ¹⁶ Based on 9.3 fb⁻¹ of $p\bar{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Multivariate algorithm is used to discriminate signal from backgrounds, and templates are used to measure m_t .
- 17 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. A matrix element method is used to calculate the probability of an event to be signal or background, and the overall jet energy scale is constrained *in situ* by m_W . See ABAZOV 15G for further details.

- 18 Based on 3.54 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. The mass is reconstructed for each event employing a kinematic fit of the jets to a ttbar hypothesis. The combination with the pervious CMS measurements in the dilepton and the lepton+jets channels gives $173.54 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.96$ GeV.
- 19 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p \, \overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV. Events with an identified charged statistically independent from those in the $\ell+{\sf jets}$ and all hadronic channels while being sensitive to those events with a au lepton in the final state.
- $^{20}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13S studied events with di-lepton $+\not\!\!E_T+\ \geq 2$ b-jets, and looked for kinematical endpoints of MT2, MT2 $_T$, and subsystem variables.
- 21 AAD 12I based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. Uses 2d-template analysis (MT) with m_t and jet energy scale factor (JSF) from m_W mass fit.
- 22 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The JES is calibrated by using the dijet mass from the ${\it W}$ boson decay.
- ²³ Use the ME method based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. ²⁴ Combination based on up to 5.8 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV.
- 25 Based on 5.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV the quoted value is $m_t=$ 172.5 \pm 1.4(stat) \pm 1.0(JES) \pm 1.1(syst) GeV. The measurement is performed with a liklihood fit technique which simultaneously determines m_t and JES (Jet Energy Scale).
- $^{26}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 4.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data in p-pbar collisions at 1.96 TeV. The measurement reduces the JES uncertainty by using the single lepton channel study of ABAZOV 11P.
- 27 Combination with the result in 1 fb $^{-1}$ of preceding data reported in ABAZOV 09AH as
- well as the MWT result of ABAZOV 11R with a statistical correlation of 60%. 28 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses an analytical matrix weighting technique (AMWT) and full kinematic analysis (KIN).
- $^{29}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The first error is statistical and JES combined, and the second is systematic. Ideogram method is used to obtain 2D liklihood for the kinematical fit with two parameters mtop and JES.
- 30 Based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and JES combined, and the latter is from the other systematic uncertainties. The result is obtained using an unbinned maximum likelihood method where the top quark mass and the JES are measured simultaneously, with $\Delta_{JES} =$ 0.3 \pm 0.3(stat).
- 31 Based on 5.7 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with an identified charged statistically independent from those in the $\ell+{\sf jets}$ and all hadronic channels while being sensitive to those events with a au lepton in the final state. Supersedes AALTONEN 07B.
- 32 AALTONEN 11E based on 5.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Employs a multidimensional template likelihood technique where the lepton plus jets (one or two b-tags) channel gives 172.2 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.9 GeV while the dilepton channel yields 170.3 \pm 2.0 \pm 3.1 GeV. The results are combined. OUR EVALUATION includes the measurement in the dilepton channel only.
- ³³ Uses a likelihood fit of the lepton p_T distribution based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ in $p_{\overline{p}}$ collisions at
- $^{34}\,{\rm Based}$ on 3.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. ABAZOV 11P reports 174.94 \pm $0.83\pm0.78\pm0.96$ GeV, where the first uncertainty is from statistics, the second from JES, and the last from other systematic uncertainties. We combine the JES and systematic uncertainties. A matrix-element method is used where the JES uncertainty is constrained by the W mass. ABAZOV 11P describes a measurement based on 2.6 fb $^{-1}$ that is combined with ABAZOV 08AH, which employs an independent 1 ${\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data.
- 35 Based on a matrix-element method which employs 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ in $p \overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 12AB.
- 36 Based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. A Kinematic Method using b-tagging and an analytical Matrix Weighting Technique give consistent results and are combined. Superseded by CHATRCHYAN 12BA.

- 37 Based on 5.6 fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The likelihood calculated using a matrix element method gives $m_t=173.0\pm0.7(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.6(\mathrm{JES})\pm0.9(\mathrm{syst})$ GeV, for a total uncertainty of 1.2 GeV.
- 38 Based on 3.4 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The result is obtained by combining the MT2 variable method and the NWA (Neutrino Weighting Algorithm). The MT2 method alone gives $m_t=168.0^{+4.8}_{-4.0}(\mathrm{stat})\pm2.9(\mathrm{syst})$ GeV with smaller systematic error due to small JES uncertainty.
- 39 Based on $1.9~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. The result is from the measurement using the transverse decay length of b-hadrons and that using the transverse momentum of the W decay muons, which are both insensitive to the JES (jet energy scale) uncertainty. OUR EVALUATION uses only the measurement exploiting the decay length significance which yields $166.9^{+9.5}_{-8.5}({\rm stat})\pm 2.9~({\rm syst})$ GeV. The measurement that uses the lepton transverse momentum is excluded from the average because of a statistical correlation with other samples.
- 40 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and JES uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics. Neural-network-based kinematical selection of 6 highest E_T jets with a vtx b-tag is used to distinguish signal from background. Superseded by AALTONEN 12G.
- ⁴¹ Based on 2 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The top mass is obtained from the measurement of the invariant mass of the lepton (e or μ) from W decays and the soft μ in b-jet. The result is insensitive to jet energy scaling.
- 42 Based on $1.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. The first error is from statistics and jet energy scale uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics. Matrix element method with effective propagators.
- 43 Based on 943 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistical and jet-energy-scale uncertainties, and the latter is from other systematics. AALTONEN 09K selected 6 jet events with one or more vertex b-tags and used the tree-level matrix element to construct template models of signal and background.
- ⁴⁴ Based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistical and jet-energy-scale (JES) uncertainties, and the second is from other systematics. Events with lepton + jets and those with dilepton + jets were simultaneously fit to constrain m_t and JES. Lepton + jets data only give $m_t=171.8\pm2.2$ GeV, and dilepton data only give $m_t=171.2^{+5.3}_{-5.1}$ GeV.
- 45 Based on 2 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Matrix Element method. Optimal selection criteria for candidate events with two high p_T leptons, high $\not\!\!E_T$, and two or more jets with and without b-tag are obtained by neural network with neuroevolution technique to minimize the statistical error of m_t .
- 46 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Mass m_t is estimated from the likelihood for the eight-fold kinematical solutions in the plane of the azimuthal angles of the two neutrino momenta.
- Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with two identified leptons, and those with one lepton plus one isolated track and a b-tag were used to constrain m_t . The result is a combination of the ν WT (ν Weighting Technique) result of $176.2 \pm 4.8 \pm 2.1$ GeV and the MWT (Matrix-element Weighting Technique) result of $173.2 \pm 4.9 \pm 2.0$ GeV.
- ⁴⁸ Reports measurement of $170.7^{+4.2}_{-3.9}\pm2.6\pm2.4$ GeV based on $1.2~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The last error is due to the theoretical uncertainty on $\sigma_{t\,\overline{t}}$. Without the cross-section constraint a top mass of $169.7^{+5.2}_{-4.9}\pm3.1$ GeV is obtained.
- ⁴⁹ Template method.
- $^{50}\, \rm Result$ is based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is from statistics and jet energy scale uncertainty, and the latter is from the other systematics.
- ⁵¹ Based on 310 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ⁵² Ideogram method.

- 53 Based on 311 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Events with 4 or more jets with $E_T>$ 15 GeV, significant missing E_T , and secondary vertex b-tag are used in the fit. About 44% of the signal acceptance is from $\tau \nu$ + 4 jets. Events with identified e or μ are vetoed to provide a statistically independent measurement.
- 54 Based on 1.02 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Superseded by AALTONEN 12G.
- $^{55}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 955 pb^{-1} of data $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. m_t and JES (Jet Energy Scale) are fitted simultaneously, and the first error contains the JES contribution of 1.5 GeV.

⁵⁶ Matrix element method.

- 57 Based on 425 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 1.96 TeV. The first error is a combination of statistics and JES (Jet Energy Scale) uncertainty, which has been measured simultaneously to give $JES = 0.989 \pm 0.029(stat)$.
- 58 Based on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Combined result of MWT (Matrixelement Weighting Technique) and uWT (u Weighting Technique) analyses is 178.1 \pm 6.7 ± 4.8 GeV.
- $^{59}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on $1.0~\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABULENCIA 07D improves the matrix element description by including the effects of initial-state radiation.
- 60 Based on 695 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The transverse decay length of the b hadron is used to determine m_t , and the result is free from the JES (jet energy scale) uncertainty.
- 61 Based on \sim 400 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. The first error includes statistical and systematic jet energy scale uncertainties, the second error is from the other systematics. The result is obtained with the b-tagging information. The result without b-tagging is $169.2 ^{+5.0}_{-7.4} ^{+1.5}_{-1.4}$ GeV. Superseded by ABAZOV 08AH.
- 62 Based on 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV.
- 63 Dynamical likelihood method.
- $^{64}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 340 pb^{-1} of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 65 Based on 360 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 66 Based on $110.2 \pm 5.8~{
 m pb}^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8~{
 m TeV}.$
- ⁶⁷ Based on the all hadronic decays of $t\bar{t}$ pairs. Single b-quark tagging via the decay chain $b \to c \to \mu$ was used to select signal enriched multijet events. The result was obtained by the maximum likelihood method after bias correction.
- 68 Obtained by re-analysis of the lepton + jets candidate events that led to ABBOTT 98F. It is based upon the maximum likelihood method which makes use of the leading order matrix elements. Based on 125 \pm 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.8 TeV.
- 70 Based on ~ 106 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 1.8 TeV.
- 71 Obtained by combining the measurements in the lepton + jets [AFFOLDER 01], all-jets [ABE 97R, ABE 99B], and dilepton [ABE 99B] decay topologies.
- 72 Obtained by combining the D0 result m_t (GeV) $= 168.4 \pm 12.3 \pm 3.6$ from 6 di-lepton events (see also ABBOTT 98D) and m_t (GeV) = 173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5 from lepton+jet events (ABBOTT 98F).
- 73 Obtained by combining the CDF results of m_t (GeV)= $167.4\pm10.3\pm4.8$ from 8 dilepton events, m_t (GeV)=175.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 5.3 from lepton+jet events (ABE 98E), and m_t (GeV)=18 $\dot{6}.0~\pm~10.0~\pm~5.7$ from all-jet events (ABE 97R). The systematic errors in the latter two measurements are changed in this paper.
- 74 See AFFOLDER 01 for details of systematic error re-evaluation.
- 75 Based on $109 \pm 7 \, \mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- 76 See ABAZOV 04G.
 77 The updated systematic error is listed. See AFFOLDER 01, appendix C.
- 78 Obtained by combining the DØ results of $m_t(\text{GeV}){=}168.4\pm12.3\pm3.6$ from 6 dilepton events and $m_t(\text{GeV}) = 173.3 \pm 5.6 \pm 5.5$ from 77 lepton+jet events.
- 79 Obtained by combining the DØ results from dilepton and lepton+jet events, and the CDF results (ABE 99B) from dilepton, lepton+jet events, and all-jet events.
- ⁸⁰ Based on the first observation of all hadronic decays of $t\bar{t}$ pairs. Single b-quark tagging with jet-shape variable constraints was used to select signal enriched multi-jet events. The updated systematic error is listed. See AFFOLDER 01, appendix C.

t-Quark Mass from Cross-Section Measurements

The top quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ or pole mass can be extracted from a measurement of $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})$ by using theory calculations. We quote below the $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass. See the review "The Top Quark" and references therein for more information.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
160.0 ^{+4.8} -4.3	¹ ABAZOV	11 S	D0	$\sigma(t\overline{t}) + {\sf theory}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 2 ABAZOV 09AG D0 cross sects, theory + exp 3 ABAZOV 09R D0 cross sects, theory + exp

 1 Based on $5.3~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11s uses the measured $t\overline{t}$ production cross section of $8.13^{+1.02}_{-0.90}$ pb [ABAZOV 11E] in the lepton plus jets channel to obtain the top quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass by using an approximate NNLO computation (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09). The corresponding top quark pole mass is $167.5^{+5.4}_{-4.9}$ GeV. A different theory calculation (AHRENS 10, AHRENS 10A) is also used and yields $\rm m_{\it t}^{\overline{\rm MS}}=154.5^{+5.0}_{-4.3}$ GeV.

 2 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Uses the ℓ + jets, $\ell\ell$, and $\ell\tau$ + jets channels. ABAZOV 09AG extract the pole mass of the top quark using two different calculations that yield $169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2}$ GeV (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09) and $168.2^{+5.9}_{-5.4}$ GeV (KIDONAKIS 08).

 3 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Uses the $\ell\ell$ and $\ell\tau$ + jets channels. ABAZOV 09R extract the pole mass of the top quark using two different calculations that yield 173.3 $^{+9.8}_{-8.6}$ GeV (MOCH 08, LANGENFELD 09) and 171.5 $^{+9.9}_{-8.8}$ GeV (CACCIARI 08).

t-Quark Pole Mass from Cross-Section Measurements

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
173.5±1.1 OUR AVERAGE			
$172.8 \pm 1.1 ^{+3.3}_{-3.1}$	¹ ABAZOV	16F D0	$\ell\ell$, $\ell+{ m jets}$ channels
$173.8^{+1.7}_{-1.8}$	² KHACHATRY	16aw CMS	$e + \mu + ot\!\!E_T + \geq 0$ j
$173.7^{+2.3}_{-2.1}$	³ AAD	15BWATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 5j \; (2\mathit{b} ext{-tag})$
$172.9 + 2.5 \\ -2.6$	⁴ AAD	14AY ATLS	pp at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7, 8 TeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $176.7^{+3.0}_{-2.8}$ 5 CHATRCHYAN 14 CMS pp at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 1 ABAZOV 16F based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The result is obtained from the inclusive cross section measurement and the NNLO+NNLL prediction.

 2 KHACHATRYAN 16AW based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp collisions at 7 TeV and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The 7 TeV data include those used in CHATRCHYAN 14. The result is obtained from the inclusive cross sections.

³ AAD 15BW based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Uses normalized differential cross section for $t\bar{t}+1$ jet as a function of the inverse of the invariant mass of the $t\bar{t}+1$ jet system. The measured cross section is corrected to the parton level. Then a fit to the data using NLO + parton shower prediction is performed.

⁴ Used $\sigma(t\overline{t})$ for $e\mu$ events. The result is a combination of the measurements $m_t=171.4\pm2.6$ GeV based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of data at 7 TeV and $m_t=174.1\pm2.6$ GeV based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of data at 8 TeV.

 5 CHATRCHYAN 14 used $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})$ from $p\,p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV measured in CHATRCHYAN 12AX to obtain $m_t({\rm pole})$ for $\alpha_s(m_Z)=0.1184\pm0.0007.$ The errors have been corrected in KHACHATRYAN 14K.

$m_t - m_{\overline{t}}$

Test of *CPT* conservation. OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
-0.2 ±0.5 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes	scale	factor o	f 1.1.
$0.67 \pm 0.61 \pm 0.41$	¹ AAD	14	ATLS	$\ell+ ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 4j (\geq 2 \emph{b} -tags)
$-1.95 \pm 1.11 \pm 0.59$	² AALTONEN			
$-0.44\pm0.46\pm0.27$	³ CHATRCHYAN	1 12Y	CMS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j$
$0.8 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.5$	⁴ ABAZOV	11T	D0	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 4$ jets (≥ 1 <i>b</i> -tag)
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the following	owing data for av	erage	s, fits, li	mits, etc. • • •
$-3.3 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0$	⁵ AALTONEN	11K	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 13E
$3.8 \pm 3.4 \pm 1.2$	⁶ ABAZOV	09AA	D0	$\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + exttt{4 jets (} \geq 1 extit{ } b exttt{-tag)}$
1 Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp	data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ To	eV an	d an ave	rage top mass of 172.5 GeV/c^2 .
_	collisions at \sqrt{s} =	= 1.96	TeV an	nd an average top mass of 172.5
${\sf GeV/c^2}$.				
³ Based on 4.96 fb ⁻¹ of <i>p</i> events using the Ideogram		TeV.	Based	on the fitted $m_t^{}$ for ℓ^+ and ℓ^-
		empl	ovs 3.6	fb $^{-1}$ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$
1.96 TeV.		-	-	
	ihood technique w	vhich	employs	5.6 fb ⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at \sqrt{s}
$^{6}_{ m Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data	in $p\overline{p}$ collisions a	at \sqrt{s}	= 1.96	TeV
Dasca S., 1 15 Or data	77 55111510115 6	, ,	1.50	

t-quark DECAY WIDTH

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$1.41^{+0.19}_{-0.15}$ OU	R AVERAG	E Error includes sca	ile factor o	of 1.4.	
$1.26 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.1$	14	1 KUACHATDV 1/	IF CMC	00 1 17 1 2	4:-+- (0 26 +)

1.36 \pm 0.02 $^{+0.14}_{-0.11}$
¹ KHACHATRY...14E CMS $\ell\ell+E_T$ +2-4jets (0-2b-tag)
2.00 $^{+0.47}_{-0.43}$
² ABAZOV 12T D0 $\Gamma(t \to bW)/B(t \to bW)$

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

< 6.38	95	³ AALTONEN	13z CDF	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 4 \mathrm{j} \; (\; \geq \; 0 \; b),$ direct
$^{1.99}^{+0.69}_{-0.55}$		⁴ ABAZOV	11B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 12T
> 1.21	95	⁴ ABAZOV	11B D0	$\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)$
< 7.6	95		10AC CDF	ℓ $+$ jets, direct
<13.1	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09м CDF	$m_t({ m rec})$ distribution

 $^{^1}$ Based on $19.7~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The result is obtained by combining the measurement of $R=\Gamma(t\to W\,b)/\Gamma(t\to W\,q\;(q\!=\!b,\!s,\!d))$ and a previous CMS measurement of the t-channel single top production cross section of CHATRCHYAN 12BQ, by using the theoretical calculation of $\Gamma(t\to W\,b)$ for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}.$

² Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. $\Gamma(t\to bW)=1.87^{+0.44}_{-0.40}$ GeV is obtained from the observed t-channel single top quark production cross section,

whereas B($t \to bW$) = 0.90 \pm 0.04 is used assuming \sum_q B($t \to qW$) = 1. The result is valid for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}$. See the paper for the values for $m_t=170~{\rm or}~175~{\rm GeV}$.

- 3 Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The two sided 68% CL interval is 1.10 GeV < $\, arGamma_t \, <$ 4.05 GeV for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.
- ⁴ Based on 2.3 fb⁻¹ in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. ABAZOV 11B extracted Γ_t from the partial width $\Gamma(t\to Wb)=1.92^{+0.58}_{-0.51}$ GeV measured using the t-channel single top production cross section, and the branching fraction brt $\to Wb=\frac{1.500}{1.000}$ $0.962^{+0.068}_{-0.066}({
 m stat})^{+0.064}_{-0.052}({
 m syst}).$ The $\Gamma(t o Wb)$ measurement gives the 95% CL lowerbound of $\Gamma(t \to Wb)$ and hence that of Γ_t .
- ⁵ Results are based on 4.3 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The top quark mass and the hadronically decaying W boson mass are reconstructed for each candidate events and compared with templates of different top quark width. The two sided 68% CL interval is 0.3 GeV< $\Gamma_t <$ 4.4 GeV for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.
- 6 Based on 955 pb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collision data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. AALTONEN 09M selected $t\,\overline{t}$ candidate events for the $\ell+E_T+$ jets channel with one or two b-tags, and examine the decay width dependence of the reconstructed m_t distribution. The result is for m_t =175 GeV, whereas the upper limit is lower for smaller m_t .

t DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level			
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$t \rightarrow Wq(q = b, s, d)$					
Γ_2	$t \rightarrow Wb$					
Γ_3	$t ightarrow \ \ell u_\ell$ anything	$[a,b]$ (9.4 ± 2.4) %				
Γ_4	$t ightarrow e u_e b$	$(13.3\pm0.6)~\%$				
Γ_5	$t ightarrow \; \mu u_{\mu} b$	$(13.4\pm0.6)~\%$				
Γ_6	$t ightarrow \stackrel{\cdot}{ au} au_{ au} b$					
Γ_7	$t ightarrow q \overline{q} b$	$(66.5\pm1.4)~\%$				
Γ ₈	$t \rightarrow \gamma q(q=u,c)$	[c]				
$\Delta T = 1$ weak neutral current $(T1)$ modes						
Γ_9	$t \rightarrow Zq(q=u,c)$ T1	$[d] < 5 imes 10^{-1}$	-4 95%			
_						

- Γ_{11} $t \rightarrow \ell^{+} \overline{q} \overline{q}'(q=d,s,b; q'=u,c)$ $\times 10^{-3}$ < 1.6
- 95%
 - [a] ℓ means e or μ decay mode, not the sum over them.
 - [b] Assumes lepton universality and W-decay acceptance.
 - [c] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to \gamma q)/\Gamma(t \to W b)$.
 - [d] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \to Zq)/\Gamma(t \to Wb)$.

t BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q=b,s,d))$

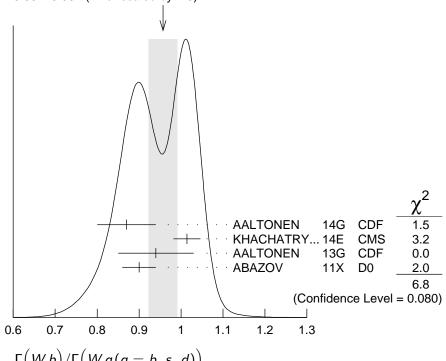
 Γ_2/Γ_1

OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

<u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

0.957 ± 0.034 OUR AVERAGE				
0.87 ± 0.07	¹ AALTONEN	14 G	CDF	$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2j\;(0,1,2\;\mathit{b} ext{-tag})$
$1.014 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.032$	² KHACHATRY.			$\ell\ell + E_T + 2,3,4j (0-2b-tag)$
0.94 ± 0.09	³ AALTONEN			$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 3$ jets ($\ge 1b$ -tag)
0.90 ± 0.04	⁴ ABAZOV	11X	D0	-
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the following	wing data for ave	rages,	, fits, lim	nits, etc. • • •
$0.97 \begin{array}{l} +0.09 \\ -0.08 \end{array}$	⁵ ABAZOV	08M	D0	ℓ + n jets with 0,1,2 \emph{b} -tag
$1.03 \begin{array}{l} +0.19 \\ -0.17 \end{array}$	⁶ ABAZOV	06к	D0	
$1.12 \begin{array}{l} +0.21 & +0.17 \\ -0.19 & -0.13 \end{array}$	⁷ ACOSTA	05A	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 13G
$\begin{array}{ccc} 0.94 & +0.26 & +0.17 \\ -0.21 & -0.12 \end{array}$	⁸ AFFOLDER	01 C	CDF	

WEIGHTED AVERAGE 0.957±0.034 (Error scaled by 1.5)



 $[\]Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q=b, s, d))$

 $^{^1}$ Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This measurement gives $|V_{tb}|=$ 0.93 \pm 0.04 and $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.85 (95% CL) in the SM.

²Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The result is obtained by counting the number of b jets per $t\bar{t}$ signal events in the dilepton channel. The $t\bar{t}$ production cross section is measured to be $\sigma(t\,\overline{t})=238\pm1\pm15$ pb, in good agreement with the SM prediction and the latest CMS measurement of CHATRCHYAN 14F. The measurement gives R > 0.995 (95% CL), or $|V_{tb}| > 0.975$ (95% CL) in the SM, requiring $R \le 1$.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Measure the fraction of $t \to$ Wb decays simultaneously with the $t\bar{t}$ cross section. The correlation coefficient between

those two measurements is -0.434. Assume unitarity of the 3×3 CKM matrix and set $\left|V_{tb}\right|~>0.89$ at 95% CL.

$\Gamma(\ell\nu_{\ell} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 Γ_3/Γ

 VALUE
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN

 0.094±0.024
 ¹ ABE
 98x
 CDF

 $\Gamma(\mu\nu_{\mu}b)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ VALUE

DOCUMENT ID

1 AAD

1500 ATLS (Liets (Liets (T. Liets))

 $\Gamma(\tau \nu_{\tau} b)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{6}/Γ

 3 ABULENCIA 06R CDF $\ell \tau$ + jets 4 ABE 97V CDF $\ell \tau$ + jets

⁴ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The result is a combination of 0.95 \pm 0.07 from ℓ + jets channel and 0.86 \pm 0.05 from $\ell\ell$ channel. $|V^{tb}| = 0.95 \pm 0.02$ follows from the result by assuming unitarity of the 3x3 CKM matrix.

 $^{^5}$ Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 95% CL lower bound R > 0.79 gives $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.89 (95% CL).

 $^{^6}$ ABAZOV 06K result is from the analysis of $t\overline{t} \to \ell \nu + \geq 3$ jets with 230 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. It gives R > 0.61 and $|V_{tb}|>$ 0.78 at 95% CL. Superseded by ABAZOV 08M

⁷ ACOSTA 05A result is from the analysis of lepton + jets and di-lepton + jets final states of $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The first error is statistical and the second systematic. It gives R > 0.61, or $|V_{tb}| > 0.78$ at 95% CL.

⁸ AFFOLDER 01C measures the top-quark decay width ratio $R = \Gamma(W\,b)/\Gamma(W\,q)$, where q is a d, s, or b quark, by using the number of events with multiple b tags. The first error is statistical and the second systematic. A numerical integration of the likelihood function gives R > 0.61 (0.56) at 90% (95%) CL. By assuming three generation unitarity, $|V_{t\,b}| = 0.97^{+0.16}_{-0.12}$ or $|V_{t\,b}| > 0.78$ (0.75) at 90% (95%) CL is obtained. The result is based on 109 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.

 $^{^1\}ell$ means e or μ decay mode, not the sum. Assumes lepton universality and W-decay acceptance.

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel.

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel.

- ¹ AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel.
- ² Based on 9 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) , and ℓ (e or μ) include ℓ from τ decays (τ_ℓ) . The result is consistent with lepton universality.
- 3 ABULENCIA 06R looked for $t\overline{t} \to (\ell\nu_\ell)\,(\tau\nu_\tau)\,b\,\overline{b}$ events in $194~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of $p\,\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. 2 events are found where 1.00 ± 0.17 signal and 1.29 ± 0.25 background events are expected, giving a 95% CL upper bound for the partial width ratio $\Gamma(t\to\tau\nu\,q)\,/\,\Gamma_{SM}(t\to\tau\nu\,q)<5.2.$
- ⁴ ABE 97V searched for $t\overline{t} \rightarrow (\ell \nu_{\ell}) (\tau \nu_{\tau}) b\overline{b}$ events in 109 pb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. They observed 4 candidate events where one expects ~ 1 signal and ~ 2 background events. Three of the four observed events have jets identified as b candidates.

 1 AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Branching ratio of top quark into b and jets. It is assumed that the top branching ratios to leptons and jets add up to one and that only SM processes contribute to the background. The event selection criteria are optimized for the $\ell\tau_h$ + jets channel.

$\Gamma(\gamma q(q=u,c))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 Γ_8/Γ

(' ' '	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	tota:			O,
VALUE		<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID TECN	COMMENT	
<1.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	95	¹ KHACHATRY16AS CMS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$	
	$\times 10^{-3}$	95	¹ KHACHATRY16AS CMS		
< 5.9	$\times 10^{-3}$	95	² CHEKANOV 03 ZEUS	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma \mu)$	

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.

< 0.0064	95	³ AARON	09A H1	$t ightarrow \gamma u$
< 0.0465	95	⁴ ABDALLAH	04c DLPH	$B(\gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$
< 0.0132	95	⁵ AKTAS	04 H1	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma u)$
< 0.041	95	⁶ ACHARD	02J L3	$B(t \rightarrow \gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$
< 0.032	95	⁷ ABE	98G CDF	$t\overline{t} \rightarrow (Wb) (\gamma c \text{ or } \gamma u)$

- 1 KHACHATRYAN 16AS based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. FCNC through single top production in association with a photon is searched for in the mode $\mu+\gamma+\not\!\!E_T+\geq$ 1j (0,1b). Bounds on the anomalous FCNC couplings are given by $\kappa_{t\,u\gamma}<0.025$ and $\kappa_{t\,c\gamma}<0.091$.
- 2 CHEKANOV 03 looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^\pm\,p\to\,e^\pm\,$ (t or \overline{t}) X in 130.1 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}{=}300{-}318$ GeV. No evidence for top production and its decay into $b\,W$ was found. The result is obtained for $m_t{=}175$ GeV when B($\gamma\,c){=}$ B($Z\,q){=}0$, where q is a u or c quark. Bounds on the effective $t{-}u{-}\gamma$ and $t{-}u{-}Z$ couplings are found in their Fig. 4. The conversion to the constraint listed is from private communication, E. Gallo, January 2004.
- ³AARON 09A looked for single top production via FCNC in $e^{\pm}p$ collisions at HERA with 474 pb⁻¹. The upper bound of the cross section gives the bound on the FCNC coupling $\kappa_{t\,u\,\gamma}/\Lambda < 1.03~{\rm TeV}^{-1}$, which corresponds to the result for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.
- ⁴ ABDALLAH 04C looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 541 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} =189–208 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to the bound on B($t \rightarrow \gamma q$), where q is a u or a c quark, for $m_t = 175$ GeV when B($t \rightarrow Zq$)=0 is assumed. The conversion to the listed bound is from private communication, O. Yushchenko, April 2005. The bounds on the effective t-q- γ and t-q-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 7 and Table 4, for $m_t = 170$ –180 GeV, where

most conservative bounds are found by choosing the chiral couplings to maximize the negative interference between the virtual γ and Z exchange amplitudes.

- ⁵ AKTAS 04 looked for single top production via FCNC in e^{\pm} collisions at HERA with 118.3 pb⁻¹, and found 5 events in the e or μ channels. By assuming that they are due to statistical fluctuation, the upper bound on the $tu\gamma$ coupling $\kappa_{tu\gamma} < 0.27$ (95% CL) is obtained. The conversion to the partial width limit, when B(γc) = B(Zu) = B(Zc) = 0, is from private communication, E. Perez, May 2005.
- ⁶ ACHARD 02J looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 634 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} = 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the top-quark decay branching fraction B(γq), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B(Z q)=0 and is for m_t = 175 GeV; bounds for m_t =170 GeV and 180 GeV and B(Z q) \neq 0 are given in Fig. 5 and Table 7.
- ⁷ ABE 98G looked for $t\overline{t}$ events where one t decays into $q\gamma$ while the other decays into bW. The quoted bound is for $\Gamma(\gamma q)/\Gamma(Wb)$.

$\Gamma(Zq(q=u,c))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 Γ_{9}/Γ

Test for ΔT =1 weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

$VALUE$ (units 10^{-3})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		ECN C	COMMENT
< 0.7	95	¹ AAD	16D A	TLS t	$t \to Zq (q = u, c)$
< 0.5	95	² CHATRCHYAN	N 145 C	MS t	$z \to Zq (q=u,c)$
ullet $ullet$ We do not	use the	following data for a	verages,	fits, lim	nits, etc. • • •
< 0.6	95	³ CHATRCHYAN			$z \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 2.1	95	⁴ CHATRCHYAN	N13F C		$z \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
< 7.3	95	⁵ AAD	12BT A	TLS t	$t = \overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^\pm + E_T + \text{jets}$
<32	95	⁶ ABAZOV	11M D	00 t	$z \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
<83	95	⁷ AALTONEN	09AL C	DF t	$z \rightarrow Zq (q=c)$
<37	95	⁸ AALTONEN	08ad C	DF t	$z \rightarrow Zq (q = u, c)$
$< 1.59 \times 10^{2}$	95	⁹ ABDALLAH	04C D	LPH ε	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$
$< 1.37 \times 10^{2}$	95	¹⁰ ACHARD	02J L	3 ε	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t} c \; { m or} \; \overline{t} u$
$< 1.4 \times 10^{2}$	95	¹¹ HEISTER	02Q A	LEP 6	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t} c \; { m or} \; \overline{t} u$
$< 1.37 \times 10^{2}$	95	¹² ABBIENDI	01T O	PAL e	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$
$< 1.7 \times 10^{2}$	95	¹³ BARATE	00s A	LEP 6	$e^+e^- ightarrow \overline{t} c \; { m or} \; \overline{t} u$
$< 3.3 \times 10^2$	95	¹⁴ ABE	98G C	DF t	$t\overline{t} \rightarrow (Wb)(Zc \text{ or } Zu)$

¹ AAD 16D based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The FCNC decay is searched for in $t\overline{t}$ events in the final state (bW)(qZ) when both W and Z decay leptonically, giving 3 charged leptons.

² CHATRCHYAN 145 combined search limit from this and CHATRCHYAN 13F data.

³ Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The flavor changing decay is searched for in $t\bar{t}$ events in the final state (bW)(qZ) when both W and Z decay leptoically, giving 3 charged leptons.

⁴ Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. Search for FCNC decays of the top quark in $t\overline{t} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^\pm \nu$ + jets $(\ell, \ell'=e, \mu)$ final states found no excess of signal events.

⁵ Based on 2.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁶ Based on 4.1 fb⁻¹ of data. ABAZOV 11M searched for FCNC decays of the top quark in $t\overline{t} \to \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^\pm\nu$ + jets $(\ell,\ell'=e,\mu)$ final states, and absence of the signal gives the bound.

⁷ Based on $p\overline{p}$ data of 1.52 fb⁻¹. AALTONEN 09AL compared $t\overline{t} \to WbWb \to \ell\nu bjjb$ and $t\overline{t} \to ZcWb \to \ell\ell cjjb$ decay chains, and absence of the latter signal gives the bound. The result is for 100% longitudinally polarized Z boson and the theoretical $t\overline{t}$ production cross section The results for different Z polarizations and those without the cross section assumption are given in their Table XII.

- ⁸ Result is based on 1.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\overline{t}\to W\,b\,Z\,q$ or $Z\,q\,Z\,q$ processes have been looked for in $Z+\geq 4$ jet events with and without b-tag. No signal leads to the bound B($t\to Z\,q$) < 0.037 (0.041) for $m_t=175$ (170) GeV.
- ⁹ ABDALLAH 04C looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 541 pb $^{-1}$ of data at \sqrt{s} =189–208 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to the bound on B($t \to Zq$), where q is a u or a c quark, for $m_t = 175$ GeV when B($t \to \gamma q$)=0 is assumed. The conversion to the listed bound is from private communication, O. Yushchenko, April 2005. The bounds on the effective t-q- γ and t-q-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 7 and Table 4, for $m_t = 170$ –180 GeV, where most conservative bounds are found by choosing the chiral couplings to maximize the negative interference between the virtual γ and Z exchange amplitudes.
- 10 ACHARD 02J looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+\,e^-\to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 634 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 189–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the top-quark decay branching fraction B(Z q), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B($\gamma\,q$)=0 and is for $m_t=$ 175 GeV; bounds for $m_t=$ 170 GeV and 180 GeV and B($\gamma\,q$) \neq 0 are given in Fig. 5 and Table 7. Table 6 gives constraints on t-c-e-e four-fermi contact interactions.
- ¹¹ HEISTER 02Q looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 214 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 204–209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the branching fraction B($Z\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The bound assumes B($\gamma\,q$)=0 and is for $m_t=$ 174 GeV. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)- Z couplings are given in their Fig. 2.
- 12 ABBIENDI 01T looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}\,c$ or $\overline{t}\,u$ in 600 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 189$ –209 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to bounds on the branching fractions B(Zq) and B($\gamma\,q$), where q is a u or c quark. The result is obtained for $m_t = 174$ GeV. The upper bound becomes 9.7% (20.6%) for $m_t = 169$ (179) GeV. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)-Z couplings are given in their Fig. 4.
- ¹³ BARATE 00s looked for single top production via FCNC in the reaction $e^+e^- \to \overline{t}c$ or $\overline{t}u$ in 411 pb $^{-1}$ of data at c.m. energies between 189 and 202 GeV. No deviation from the SM is found, which leads to a bound on the branching fraction. The bound assumes B(γq)=0. Bounds on the effective t- (c or u)- γ and t- (c or u)-z couplings are given in their Fig. 4.
- ¹⁴ ABE 98G looked for $t\bar{t}$ events where one t decays into three jets and the other decays into qZ with $Z\to\ell\ell$. The quoted bound is for $\Gamma(Zq)/\Gamma(Wb)$.

$\Gamma(Hq)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

$VALUE$ (units 10^{-3})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 5.6	95	¹ AAD 15	co ATLS	$t \rightarrow Hc(H \rightarrow bb)$
< 6.1	95	¹ AAD 15	co ATLS	$t \rightarrow Hu(H \rightarrow bb)$
< 5.6	95	² KHACHATRY14	Q CMS	$t ightarrow Hc (H ightarrow \gamma \gamma ext{ or lep-}$
				tons)

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 7.9 95 3 AAD 14AA ATLS
$$t \rightarrow Hq~(q=u,c;~H\rightarrow~\gamma\gamma)$$
 <13 95 4 CHATRCHYAN 14R CMS $t\rightarrow~Hc~(H\rightarrow~\geq~2~\ell)$

- 1 AAD 15CO based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of $p\,p$ data. Searches for $t\,\overline{t}$ events, where the other top quark decays semi-leptonically. Exploits high multiplicity of b-jets and uses a likelihood discriminant. Combining with other ATLAS searches for different Higgs decay modes, B($t\to Hc$) < 0.46% and B($t\to Hu$) < 0.45% are obtained.
- 2 KHACHATRYAN 14Q based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of $p\,p$ data. Search for final states with ≥ 3 isolated charged leptons or with a photon pair accompanied by ≥ 1 lepton(s).
- ³ AAD 14AA based on 4.7 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV and 20.3 fb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV of pp data. The upper-bound is for the sum of $Br(t\to Hc)$ and $Br(t\to Hu)$. Search for $t\bar{t}$

events, where the other top quark decays hadronically or semi-leptonically. The upper bound constrains the H-t-c Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{|Y_{t\,c_L}^H|^2+|Y_{t\,c_R}^H|^2}<0.17$ (95% CL).

⁴ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Search for final states with 3 or more isolated high E_T charged leptons ($\ell=e,\,\mu$) bounds the $t\to Hc$ decay in $t\overline{t}$ events when H decays contain a pair of leptons. The upper bound constrains the H-t-c Yukawa couplings $\sqrt{|Y_{tc_L}^H|^2 + |Y_{tc_R}^H|^2} < 0.21$ (95% CL).

$\Gamma(\ell^+ \overline{q} \overline{q}'(q=d,s,b;q'=u,c))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 Γ_{11}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	95	¹ CHATRCHYAN 140	CMS	μ $+$ dijets	
• • • We do not us	se the followin	g data for averages, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •	
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-3}$	95	¹ CHATRCHYAN 140	CMS	e + dijets	

¹ Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Baryon number violating decays of the top quark are searched for in $t\bar{t}$ production events where one of the pair decays into hadronic three jets.

t-quark EW Couplings

W helicity fractions in top decays. F_0 is the fraction of longitudinal and F_+ the fraction of right-handed W bosons. F_{V+A} is the fraction of $V\!+\!A$ current in top decays. The effective Lagrangian (cited by ABAZOV 08AI) has terms \mathbf{f}_1^L and \mathbf{f}_1^R for $V\!-\!A$ and $V\!+\!A$ couplings, \mathbf{f}_2^L and \mathbf{f}_2^R for tensor couplings with \mathbf{b}_R and \mathbf{b}_L respectively.

- 0		
1/4/	IIE	

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.685 ± 0.020 OUR AVERAG	E		
$0.681 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.023$	¹ KHACHATRY	16BU CMS	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.726 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.067$	² AALTONEN	13D CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.682 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.033$	³ CHATRCHYAN	I 13 вн СМS	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
0.67 ± 0.07		12BG ATLS	
$0.722 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.052$	⁵ AALTONEN	12z TEVA	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.669 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.065$	⁶ ABAZOV	11c D0	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.91\ \pm0.37\ \pm0.13$	⁷ AFFOLDER	00в CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
• • • We do not use the foll	owing data for avera	ages, fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •
$0.70 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.04$	⁸ AALTONEN	10Q CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 12Z
$0.62\ \pm0.10\ \pm0.05$	⁹ AALTONEN	09Q CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 10Q
$0.425 \!\pm\! 0.166 \!\pm\! 0.102$	¹⁰ ABAZOV	08B D0	Repl. by ABAZOV 11C
$0.85 \ ^{+ 0.15}_{- 0.22} \ \pm 0.06$	¹¹ ABULENCIA	07I CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
$0.74 \begin{array}{l} +0.22 \\ -0.34 \end{array}$	¹² ABULENCIA	06U CDF	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$
0.56 ± 0.31	¹³ ABAZOV	05G D0	$F_0 = B(t \rightarrow W_0 b)$

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 16BU based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\ge 4$ jets(≥ 2 b). The errors of F_0 and F_- are correlated with a correlation coefficient $\rho(F_0,\,F_-)=-0.87.$ The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.687 \pm 0.005 for $m_t=172.8\,\pm\,1.3$ GeV.

² Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+E_T+2$ jets(≥ 1 b), and under the constraint $F_0+F_++F_-=1$. The statstical errors of F_0 and F_+ are correlated with correlation coefficient $\rho(F_0,F_+)=-0.69$.

- 3 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq$ 4 jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ⁴ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq 4j$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2j$. The uncertainties are not independent, $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.96$.
- 5 Based on 2.7 and 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of CDF data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels, and 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of D0 data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels. $F_0=0.682\pm0.035\pm0.046$ if $F_+=0.0017(1)$, while $F_+=-0.015\pm0.018\pm0.030$ if $F_0=0.688(4)$, where the assumed fixed values are the SM prediction for $m_t=173.3\pm1.1$ GeV and $m_W=80.399\pm0.023$ GeV.
- ⁶ Results are based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV, including those of ABAZOV 08B. Under the SM constraint of $f_0=0.698$ (for $m_t=173.3$ GeV, $m_W=80.399$ GeV), $f_+=0.010\pm0.022\pm0.030$ is obtained.
- ⁷ AFFOLDER 00B studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t \to Wb$ events. The ratio F_0 is the fraction of the helicity zero (longitudinal) W bosons in the decaying top quark rest frame. B($t \to W_+b$) is the fraction of positive helicity (right-handed) positive charge W bosons in the top quark decays. It is obtained by assuming the Standard Model value of F_0 .
- ⁸ Results are based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained by assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM value. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.88\pm0.11\pm0.06$ and $F_+=-0.15\pm0.07\pm0.06$ with correlation coefficient of -0.59. The results are for $m_t=175$ GeV.
- ⁹Results are based on 1.9 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM values. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.66\pm0.16\pm0.05$ and $F_+=-0.03\pm0.06\pm0.03$.
- $^{10}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}\,$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96\,$ TeV.
- 11 Based on 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ¹² Based on 200 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\to Wb\to \ell\nu b$ ($\ell=e$ or μ). The errors are stat + syst.
- 13 ABAZOV 05G studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events with lepton + jets final states, and obtained the fraction of longitudinally polarized W under the constraint of no right-handed current, $F_+=0$. Based on 125 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.

F_

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.320±0.013 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.323 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.014$	¹ КНАСНАТRY16в	u CMS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$
$0.310\!\pm\!0.022\!\pm\!0.022$	² CHATRCHYAN 13B	н CMS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$
0.32 ± 0.04	³ AAD 12B	G ATLS	$F_{-} = B(t \rightarrow W_{-}b)$

- 1 KHACHATRYAN 16BU based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV using $t\,\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\ge 4$ jets(≥ 2 b). The errors of F_0 and F_- are correlated with a correlation coefficient $\rho(F_0,\,F_-)=-0.87.$ The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.311 \pm 0.005 for $m_t=172.8\,\pm\,1.3$ GeV.
- 2 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.
- ³ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq 4j$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2j$. The uncertainties are not independent, $\rho(F_0,F_-)=-0.96$.

E	-	
•	+	

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT	
0.002±0.011 OUR A	/ERAGE		
$-0.004\pm0.005\pm0.014$		¹ KHACHATRY16BU CMS $F_{+} = B(t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}b)$
$-0.045\pm0.044\pm0.058$		² AALTONEN 13D CDF $F_{+} = B(t - t)$	
$0.008\!\pm\!0.012\!\pm\!0.014$		³ CHATRCHYAN 13BH CMS $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}^{'}b)$
$0.01\ \pm0.05$		⁴ AAD 12BG ATLS $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}^{'}b)$
$0.023\!\pm\!0.041\!\pm\!0.034$		⁵ ABAZOV 11C D0 $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}^{'}b)$
0.11 ± 0.15		⁶ AFFOLDER 00B CDF F_{+} = B(t	$\rightarrow W_{+}^{'}b)$
\bullet \bullet We do not use the	following	data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •	·
$-0.033 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.031$		⁷ AALTONEN 12Z TEVA $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	$\rightarrow W_{\perp} b$
$-0.01\ \pm0.02\ \pm0.05$		⁸ AALTONEN 10Q CDF Repl. by AA	ALTO-
$-0.04 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.03$		NEN 131 ⁹ AALTONEN 09Q CDF Repl. by AA NEN 100	ALTO-
$0.119 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.053$		¹⁰ ABAZOV 08B D0 Repl. by Al	BAZOV 11c
$0.056 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.057$		¹¹ ABAZOV 07D D0 $F_+ = B(t)$	$\rightarrow W_+ b$)
$0.05 \ {}^{+0.11}_{-0.05} \ \pm 0.03$		12 abulencia 071 CDF $F_{+}=\mathrm{B}(t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}b$
< 0.26	95	¹² ABULENCIA 071 CDF $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	$\rightarrow W_{\perp} b$
< 0.27	95	¹³ ABULENCIA 060 CDF $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}^{'}b)$
$0.00\ \pm0.13\ \pm0.07$		14 ABAZOV 05L D0 $F_{+} = B(t - t)$	$\rightarrow W_{+}^{'}b)$
< 0.25	95	14 ABAZOV 05L D0 $F_{+} = B(t + t)$	
< 0.24	95	15 ACOSTA 05D CDF F_{+} = B(t	

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 16BU based on 19.8 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV using $t\,\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\,\geq 4$ jets($\geq 2\,$ b). The result is consistent with the NNLO SM prediction of 0.0017 \pm 0.0001 for $m_t=172.8\pm 1.3$ GeV.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 8.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV using $t\overline{t}$ events with $\ell+E_T+\geq 4$ jets(≥ 1 b), and under the constraint F $_0+F_++F_-=1$. The statistical errors of F $_0$ and F $_+$ are correlated with correlation coefficient $\rho(\mathsf{F}_0,\mathsf{F}_+)=-0.69$.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 13BH studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and $\ell+\geq 4$ jets using a constrained kinematic fit.

⁴ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large $\not\!\!E_T$ and either $\ell+\geq 4j$ or $\ell\ell+\geq 2j$.

 $^{^5}$ Results are based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV, including those of ABAZOV 08B. Under the SM constraint of $f_0=0.698$ (for $m_t=173.3$ GeV, $m_W=80.399$ GeV), $f_{\perp}=0.010\pm0.022\pm0.030$ is obtained.

⁶ AFFOLDER 00B studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t \to Wb$ events. The ratio F_0 is the fraction of the helicity zero (longitudinal) W bosons in the decaying top quark rest frame. B($t \to W_+b$) is the fraction of positive helicity (right-handed) positive charge W bosons in the top quark decays. It is obtained by assuming the Standard Model value of F_0 .

 $^{^7}$ Based on 2.7 and 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of CDF data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels, and 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of D0 data in ℓ + jets and dilepton channels. $F_0=0.682\pm0.035\pm0.046$ if $F_+=0.0017(1)$, while $F_+=-0.015\pm0.018\pm0.030$ if $F_0=0.688(4)$, where the assumed fixed values are the SM prediction for $m_t=173.3\pm1.1$ GeV and $m_W=80.399\pm0.023$ GeV.

⁸ Results are based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained by assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM value. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.88\pm0.11\pm0.06$ and $F_+=-0.15\pm0.07\pm0.06$ with correlation coefficient of -0.59. The results are for $m_t=175$ GeV.

- 9 Results are based on $1.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. F_0 result is obtained assuming $F_+=0$, while F_+ result is obtained for $F_0=0.70$, the SM values. Model independent fits for the two fractions give $F_0=0.66\pm0.16\pm0.05$ and $F_+=-0.03\pm0.06\pm0.03$.
- $^{10}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 1 fb $^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- 11 Based on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV, using the $\ell+$ jets and dilepton decay channels. The result assumes $F_0=0.70$, and it gives $F_+<0.23$ at 95% CL.
- 12 Based on 318 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ¹³ Based on 200 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. $t\to Wb\to \ell\nu b$ ($\ell=e$ or μ). The errors are stat + syst.
- 14 ABAZOV 05L studied the angular distribution of leptonic decays of W bosons in $t\overline{t}$ events, where one of the W's from t or \overline{t} decays into e or μ and the other decays hadronically. The fraction of the "+" helicity W boson is obtained by assuming $F_0=0.7$, which is the generic prediction for any linear combination of V and A currents. Based on 230 \pm 15 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.
- ACOSTA 05D measures the m_ℓ^2 $_{+b}$ distribution in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one or both W's decay leptonically to $\ell=e$ or μ , and finds a bound on the V+A coupling of the $t\,b\,W$ vertex. By assuming the SM value of the longitudinal W fraction $F_0=\mathrm{B}(t\to W_0\,b)=0.70$, the bound on F_+ is obtained. If the results are combined with those of AFFOLDER 00B, the bounds become $F_{V+A}<0.61$ (95% CL) and $F_+<0.18$ (95% CL), respectively. Based on 109 ± 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV (run I).

F_{V+A}

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
< 0.29	95	$^{ m 1}$ ABULENCIA	07 G	CDF	$F_{V+A} = B(t \rightarrow W b_R)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

f_1^R

'1					
VALUE	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fo	llowing	data for averages,	fits,	limits, e	tc. • • •
$-0.20 < \mathrm{Re}(V_{tb} \; f_1^R) < 0.23$	95	¹ AAD	12BG	ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{th} f_1^R)^2 < 0.93$		² ABAZOV	12E	D0	Single-top
$ f_1^R ^2 < 0.30$	95	³ ABAZOV	121	D0	single-t + W helicity
$ f_1^R ^2 < 1.01$	95	⁴ ABAZOV	ر99	D0	$ \mathbf{f}_1^L = 1$, $ \mathbf{f}_2^L = \mathbf{f}_2^R = 0$
$ f_1^{\bar{R}} ^2 < 2.5$	95	⁵ ABAZOV	1A80	D0	$ f_1^L ^2 = 1.8 + 1.0^2$

 $^{^{1}}$ Based on 700 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV.

 $^{^2}$ ACOSTA 05D measures the m_ℓ^2 $_{+b}$ distribution in $t\overline{t}$ production events where one or both W's decay leptonically to $\ell=e$ or μ , and finds a bound on the V+A coupling of the $t\,b\,W$ vertex. By assuming the SM value of the longitudinal W fraction $F_0=\mathrm{B}(t\to W_0\,b)=0.70$, the bound on F_+ is obtained. If the results are combined with those of AFFOLDER 00B, the bounds become $F_{V+A}<0.61$ (95% CL) and $F_+<0.18$ (95% CL), respectively. Based on 109 \pm 7 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV (run I).

- 1 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j.
- 2 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ³ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.
- 4 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous tbW couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when \mathbf{f}_1^L and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.
- ⁵ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\bf f}_1^L={\bf V}_{t\,h}^*$.

f_2^L

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following	data for averages	s, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •
$-0.14 < Re(f_2^L) \!\! < 0.11$	95	¹ AAD	12BC	ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{tb} f_2^L)^2 < 0.13$	95	² ABAZOV	12E	D0	Single-top
$ f_2^L ^2 < 0.05$	95	³ ABAZOV	121	D0	single- $t + W$ helicity
$ f_2^{\bar{L}} ^2 < 0.28$	95	⁴ ABAZOV	09 J	D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} = 1, \mathbf{f}_{1}^{R} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{R} = 0$
$ f_2^{ar{L}} ^2 < 0.5$	95	⁵ ABAZOV	08AI	D0	$ f_1^L ^2 = 1.4^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$

- 1 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either ℓ + \geq 4j or $\ell\ell$ + \geq 2j.
- 2 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.
- ³ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.
- 4 Based on $1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous $t\,b\,W$ couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when ${\rm f}_1^L$ and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.
- ⁵ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\bf f}_1^L={\bf V}_{t\,h}^*$.

f_2^R

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • $-0.36 < \text{Re}(f_2^R/f_1^L) < 0.10$ 95 1 AAD 16AK ATLS Single-top

$-0.17 < \operatorname{Im}(f_2^R/f_1^L) < 0.23$	95	¹ AAD	16AK ATLS	Single-top
$-0.08 < \text{Re}(f_2^R) < 0.04$	95	² AAD	12BG ATLS	Constr. on Wtb vtx
$(V_{tb} f_2^R)^2 < 0.06$	95	³ ABAZOV	12E D0	Single-top
$ f_2^R ^2 < 0.12$	95	⁴ ABAZOV	12ı D0	single-t + W helicity
$ f_2^R ^2 < 0.23$	95	⁵ ABAZOV	09J D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} =1$, $ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{R} = \mathbf{f}_{2}^{L} =0$
$ f_2^{ar{R}} ^2 < 0.3$	95	⁶ ABAZOV	08AI D0	$ \mathbf{f}_{1}^{L} ^{2} = 1.4^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$

 $^{^1}$ AAD 16AK based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The results are obtained from an analysis of angular distributions of the decay products of single top quarks, assuming $f_1^R\!=\!f_2^L\!=\!0$. The fraction of decays containing transversely polarized W is measured to be $F_++F_-=0.37\pm0.07$.

Chromo-magnetic dipole moment $\mu_t = g_s \hat{\mu}_t / m_t$

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$$-0.053 < {
m Re}(\hat{\mu}_t) < 0.026$$
 95 1 KHACHATRY...16AI CMS $\ell\ell + \geq 2$ j ($\geq 1b$)

Chromo-electric dipole moment $d_t = g_s \hat{d}_t / m_t$

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$-0.068 <$$
Im $(\hat{d}_t) <$ 0.067 95 1 KHACHATRY...16AI CMS $\ell\ell + \geq 2$ j ($\geq 1b$)

 $^{^2}$ Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BG studied tt events with large E_T and either $\ell+\geq$ 4j or $\ell\ell+\geq$ 2j.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For each value of the form factor quoted the other two are assumed to have their SM value. Their Fig. 4 shows two-dimensional posterior probability density distributions for the anomalous couplings.

⁴ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. Results are obtained by combining the limits from the W helicity measurements and those from the single top quark production.

⁵ Based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data at $p\overline{p}$ collisions $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Combined result of the W helicity measurement in $t\overline{t}$ events (ABAZOV 08B) and the search for anomalous tbW couplings in the single top production (ABAZOV 08AI). Constraints when f_1^L and one of the anomalous couplings are simultaneously allowed to vary are given in their Fig. 1 and Table 1.

⁶ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Single top quark production events are used to measure the Lorentz structure of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling. The upper bounds on the non-standard couplings are obtained when only one non-standard coupling is allowed to be present together with the SM one, ${\bf f}_1^L={\bf V}_{t\,b}^*$.

^{• • •} We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

 $^{^1\,\}rm KHACHATRYAN~16 \rm Al~based~on~19.5~fb^{-1}~of~pp~data~at~\sqrt{s}=8~TeV,~using~lepton~angular~distributions~as~a~function~of~the~t\overline{t}-system~kinematical~variables.}$

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\overline{t}$ -system kinematical variables.

Spin Correlation in $t\bar{t}$ Production in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions

C is the correlation strength parameter, f is the ratio of events with correlated t and \overline{t} spins (SM prediction: f = 1), and κ is the spin correlation coefficient. See "The Top Quark" review for more information.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fo	ollowing data for a	averages, fits,	limits, etc. • • •
0.89 ± 0.22	¹ ABAZOV	16A D0	f ($\ell\ell+\geq 2$ jets, $\ell+\geq 4$ jets)
0.85 ± 0.29	² ABAZOV	12B D0	f ($\ell\ell+\geq 2$ jets, $\ell+\geq 4$ jets)
$1.15^{igoplus 0.42}_{-0.43}$	³ ABAZOV	12B D0	f ($\ell + ot \!$
$0.60^{igoplus 0.50}_{-0.16}$	⁴ AALTONEN	11AR CDF	$\kappa\;(\ell+ ot\!\!\!E_T\;+\;\geq$ 4 jets)
$0.74^{igoplus 0.40}_{-0.41}$	⁵ ABAZOV	11AE D0	f ($\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \ge 2$ jets)
0.10 ± 0.45	⁶ ABAZOV	11AF D0	C $(\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \ge 2 ext{ jets})$

 $^{^1}$ ABAZOV 16A based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A matrix element method is used. It corresponds to evidence of spin correlation at 4.2σ and is in agreement with the NLO SM prediction $0.80^{+0.01}_{-0.02}.$

Spin Correlation in $t\bar{t}$ Production in pp Collisions

Spin correlation, ${\bf f}_{SM}$, measures the strength of the correlation between the spins of the pair produced $t\bar t$. ${\bf f}_{SM}=1$ for the SM, while ${\bf f}_{SM}=0$ for no spin correlation.

 VALUE
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

 • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.12^{+0.12}_{-0.15}$	¹ KHACHATRY.	16AI CMS	$\ell\ell + \ge 2j \; (\ge 1b)$
$0.72 \pm 0.08 {+0.15 \atop -0.13}$	² KHACHATRY.	16x CMS	μ + 4,5j
$1.20\pm0.05\pm0.13$	³ AAD	15J ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell\ell)$ in $\ell\ell+\geq 2$ j $(\geq 1b)$
$1.19 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.18$	⁴ AAD	14BB ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell\ell)$ in $\ell\ell+\geq 2$ j events
$1.12\!\pm\!0.11\!\pm\!0.22$	⁴ AAD	14BB ATLS	$\Delta\phi(\ell j)$ in $\ell+\geq$ 4j events
$0.87 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14$	^{4,5} AAD	14BB ATLS	S-ratio in $\ell\ell + \geq$ 2j events
$0.75 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.23$	4,6 AAD	14BB ATLS	$\cos\theta(\ell^+)\cos\theta(\ell^-)$ in $\ell\ell$ +
$0.83 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.18$	4,7 AAD	14RR ATI S	\geq 2j events $\cos\theta(\ell^+)\cos\theta(\ell^-)$ in $\ell\ell$ +
0.00 ± 0.1 1 ± 0.10	, , , , ,	1.557(125	$\geq 2j$ events

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\,\overline{t}$ -system kinematical variables.

² This is a combination of the lepton + jets analysis presented in ABAZOV 12B and the dilepton measurement of ABAZOV 11AE. It provides a 3.1 σ evidence for the $t\bar{t}$ spin correlation.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. A matrix element method is used.

⁴ Based on 4.3 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is based on the angular study of the top quark decay products in the helicity basis. The theory prediction is $\kappa \approx 0.40$.

 $^{^5}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data using a matrix element method. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The no-correlation hypothesis is excluded at the 97.7% CL.

 $^{^6}$ Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The NLO QCD prediction is C = 0.78 \pm 0.03. The neutrino weighting method is used for reconstruction of kinematics.

 $^{^2}$ KHACHATRYAN 16X based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Uses a template fit method. Spin correlation strength in the helicity basis is given by $A_{\rm hel}=0.23\pm0.03^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$

t-quark FCNC Couplings κ^{utg}/Λ and κ^{ctg}/Λ

$VALUE~({ m TeV}^{-1})$	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use th	e following	data for averages	s, fits, limits,	etc. • • •
< 0.0058	95	¹ AAD	16AS ATLS	κ^{tug}/Λ
< 0.013	95	1 AAD	16AS ATLS	κ^{tcg}/Λ
< 0.0069	95	² AAD	12BP ATLS	$t^{tug}/\Lambda \ (t^{tcg}=0)$
< 0.016	95	² AAD	12BP ATLS	$t^{tcg}/\Lambda \ (t^{tug}=0)$
< 0.013	95	³ ABAZOV	10K D0	κ^{tug}/Λ
< 0.057	95	³ ABAZOV	10K D0	κ^{tcg}/Λ
< 0.018	95	⁴ AALTONEN	09N CDF	$\kappa^{tug}/\Lambda \; (\kappa^{tcg} = 0)$
< 0.069	95	⁴ AALTONEN	09N CDF	$\kappa^{tcg}/\Lambda \ (\kappa^{tug} = 0)$
< 0.037	95	⁵ ABAZOV	07∨ D0	κ^{utg}/Λ
< 0.15	95	⁵ ABAZOV	07V D0	κ^{ctg}/Λ

¹ AAD 16AS based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The results are obtained from the 95% CL upper limit on the single top-quark production $\sigma(qg\to t)\cdot B(t\to bW)$ < 3.4 pb, $B(t\to ug)<4.0\times 10^{-5}$ and $B(t\to cg)<20\times 10^{-5}$.

² Based on 2.05 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The results are obtained from the 95% CL upper limit on the single top-quark production $\sigma(qg\to t)\cdot B(t\to bW)<3.9$ pb, for q=u or q=c, $B(t\to ug)<5.7\times 10^{-5}$ and $B(t\to ug)<2.7\times 10^{-4}$.

$\sigma(Ht\overline{t})/\sigma(Ht\overline{t})_{SM}$

<u>VALUE</u>	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN COMMENT	
• • • We do not use t	he followin	g data for averages, fit	s, limits, etc. • •	
<6.7	95	¹ AAD 15	ATLS $Ht\overline{t}$; $H o \gamma\gamma$	
2.8 ± 1.0		² KHACHATRY14	H CMS $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}, \tau_h \tau_h, \gamma \gamma$,	
			WW/ZZ (leptons))

 $^{^{1}}$ Based on 4.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data at 7 TeV and 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The result is for m_{H} = 125.4 GeV. The measurement constrains the top quark Yukawa coupling strength parameter $\kappa_t = Y_t/Y_t^{SM}$ to be $-1.3 < \kappa_t < 8.0$ (95% CL).

 $^{^3}$ AAD 15J based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Uses a fit including a linear superposition of $\Delta\phi$ distribution from the SM NLO simulation with coefficient f_{SM} and from $t\overline{t}$ simulation without spin correlation with coefficient $(1-f_{SM})$.

⁴ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of pp data at \sqrt{s} =7 TeV. The results are for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.

⁵ The S-ratio is defined as the SM spin correlation in the like-helicity gluon-gluon collisions normalized to the no spin correlation case; see eq.(6) for the LO expression.

⁶ The polar angle correlation along the helicity axis.

⁷The polar angle correlation along the direction which maximizes the correlation.

³ Based on 2.3 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Upper limit of single top quark production cross section 0.20 pb and 0.27 pb via FCNC t-u-g and t-c-g couplings, respectively, lead to the bounds without assuming the absence of the other coupling. $B(t \to u + g) < 2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ and } B(t \to c + g) < 3.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ follow}.$

⁴ Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Upper limit of single top quark production cross section $\sigma(u(c)+g\to t)<1.8$ pb (95% CL) via FCNC t-u-gand t-c-g couplings lead to the bounds. B(t \rightarrow u + g) < 3.9 \times 10⁻⁴ and B(t \rightarrow c + g) < 5.7 × 10⁻³ follow.

 $^{^{5}}$ Result is based on 230 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 1.96 TeV. Absence of single top quark production events via FCNC t-u-g and t-c-g couplings lead to the upper bounds on the dimensioned couplings, κ^{utg}/Λ and κ^{ctg}/Λ , respectively.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV Direct probe of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT IL)	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do	not use the follo	owing data for a	verages,	fits, lir	mits, etc. • • •
<24	95	¹ ACOSTA	04н	CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X, tqb + X$
<18	95	² ACOSTA	02	CDF	$p\overline{p} ightarrow tb + X$
<13	95	³ ACOSTA	02	CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$

 $^{^{1}}$ ACOSTA 04H bounds single top-quark production from the s-channel W-exchange process, $q' \overline{q} \rightarrow t \overline{b}$, and the t-channel W-exchange process, $q' g \rightarrow q t \overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \ \text{pb}^{-1}$ of data.

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

Direct probes of the $t\,b\,W$ coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. OUR AVERAGE assumes that the systematic uncertainties are uncorrelated.

VALUE (pb)	<u>CL%</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	TECN	
• • • We do not us	e the following data for ave	erages, fits, lim	its, etc. • • •
$3.53 {+1.25 \atop -1.16}$	¹ AALTONEN	16 CDF	s- $+$ t -channels $(0\ell + \not\!\!E_T + 2.3 \mathrm{j} \ (\geq 1 b$ -tag $))$
$2.25 {+0.29 \atop -0.31}$	² AALTONEN	15H TEVA	t-channel
$3.30^{+0.52}_{-0.40}$	^{2,3} AALTONEN	15H TEVA	s-+ t-channels
$1.12 ^{+ 0.61}_{- 0.57}$	⁴ AALTONEN	14K CDF	s-channel (0 ℓ + $ ot\!$
$1.41 {+ 0.44\atop - 0.42}$	⁵ AALTONEN	14L CDF	s-channel $(\ell+ ot\!$
$1.29 ^{igoplus 0.26}_{-0.24}$	⁶ AALTONEN	14M TEVA	s-channel (CDF $+$ D0)
$3.04 ^{+ 0.57}_{- 0.53}$	⁷ AALTONEN	140 CDF	$s+t+Wt~(\ell+ ot\!$
$1.10 ^{\begin{subarray}{c} +0.33 \\ -0.31 \end{subarray}}$	⁸ ABAZOV	130 D0	s-channel
$3.07 ^{igoplus 0.54}_{-0.49}$	⁸ ABAZOV	130 D0	t-channel
$4.11^{+0.60}_{-0.55}$	⁸ ABAZOV	130 D0	s- + t-channels
0.98 ± 0.63	⁹ ABAZOV	11AA D0	s-channel
2.90 ± 0.59	⁹ ABAZOV	11AA D0	t-channel
$3.43 ^{igoplus 0.73}_{-0.74}$	¹⁰ ABAZOV	11AD D0	s- $+$ t -channels
$1.8 \begin{array}{l} +0.7 \\ -0.5 \end{array}$	¹¹ AALTONEN	10AB CDF	s-channel

 $^{^2}$ Based on 5.1 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at 7 TeV and 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ at 8 TeV. The results are obtained by assuming the SM decay branching fractions for the Higgs boson of mass 125.6 GeV. The signal strength for individual Higgs decay channels are given in Fig. 13, and the preferred region in the (κ_V, κ_f) space is given in Fig. 14.

 $^{^2}$ ACOSTA 02 bounds the cross section for single top-quark production via the s-channel W-exchange process, $q' \overline{q} \rightarrow t \overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of data.

 $^{^3}$ ACOSTA 02 bounds the cross section for single top-quark production via the t-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b}$. Based on $\sim 106 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of data.

0.8 ±0).4	¹¹ AALTONEN	10AB CDF	<i>t</i> -channel
$4.9 \begin{array}{c} +2 \\ -2 \end{array}$	2.5 2.2	¹² AALTONEN	10∪ CDF	$ ot\!\!\!E_T + jets \; decay$
3.14^{+0}_{-0}).94).80	¹³ ABAZOV	10 D0	<i>t</i> -channel
1.05±0 < 7.3).81 95	¹³ ABAZOV ¹⁴ ABAZOV	10 D0 10J D0	s-channel $ au+$ jets decay
$2.3 \begin{array}{c} +0 \\ -0 \end{array}$).6).5	¹⁵ AALTONEN	09AT CDF	s- $+$ t -channel
3.94 ± 0).88	¹⁶ ABAZOV	09z D0	s- $+$ t -channel
$2.2 \begin{array}{c} +0 \\ -0 \end{array}$).7).6	¹⁷ AALTONEN	08AH CDF	s- + t-channel
4.7 ±1	1.3	18 ABAZOV	08ı D0	s- t -channel
4.9 ± 1	L.4	¹⁹ ABAZOV	07H D0	s- $+$ t -channel
< 6.4	95	²⁰ ABAZOV	05P D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X$
< 5.0	95	²⁰ ABAZOV	05P D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$
<10.1	95	²¹ ACOSTA	05N CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tqb + X$
<13.6	95	²¹ ACOSTA	05N CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X$
<17.8	95	²¹ ACOSTA	05N CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow tb + X, tqb + X$

- 1 AALTONEN 16 based on 9.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This includes, as a part, the result of AALTONEN 14K. Combination of this result with that of AALTONEN 14O gives a s+t cross section of 3.02 $^{+0.49}_{-0.48}$ pb and $\left|V_{tb}\right|~>0.84$ (95% CL).
- 2 AALTONEN 15H based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data per experiment. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and is a combination of the CDF measurements (AALTONEN 16) and the D0 measurements (ABAZOV 130) on the t-channel single t-quark production cross section. The result is consistent with the NLO+NNLL SM prediction and gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=1.02^{+0.06}_{-0.05}$ and $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.92$ (95% CL).
- 3 AALTONEN 15H is a combined measurement of s-channel single top cross section by CDF + D0. AALTONEN 14M is not included.
- 4 Based on 9.45 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks to separate signal from backgrounds. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. Combination of this result with the CDF measurement in the 1 lepton channel AALTONEN 14L gives $1.36 \substack{+0.37 \\ -0.32}$ pb, consistent with the SM prediction, and is 4.2 sigma away from the background only hypothesis.
- 5 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using neural networks to separate signal from backgrounds. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The result is 3.8 sigma away from the background only hypothesis.
- 6 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data per experiment. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and is a combination of the CDF measurements AALTONEN 14L, AALTONEN 14K and the D0 measurement ABAZOV 130 on the s-channel single t-quark production cross section. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 1.05 ± 0.06 pb and the significance of the observation is of 6.3 standard deviations.
- 7 Based on 7.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Neural network is used to discriminate signals (s-, t- and Wt-channel single top production) from backgrounds. The result is consistent with the SM prediction, and gives $\left|V_{tb}\right|=0.95\pm0.09({\rm stat}+{\rm syst})\pm0.05({\rm theory})$ and $\left|V_{tb}\right|>0.78$ (95% CL). The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.
- ⁸ Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+2$ or 3 jets (1 or 2 b-tag) are analysed, assuming $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The combined s- + t-channel cross section gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}\ f_1^L|=1.12^{+0.09}_{-0.08},$ or $|V_{tb}|\ >0.92$ at 95% CL for $f_1^L=1$ and a flat prior within $0\le |\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^2\le 1$.
- 9 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical + systematic combined. The results are for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. Results for other m_t values are given in Table 2 of ABAZOV 11AA.

- 10 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data and for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The error is statistical + systematic combined. Results for other m_t values are given in Table III of ABAZOV 11AD. The result is obtained by assuming the SM ratio between $t\,b$ (s-channel) and $t\,q\,b$ (t-channel) productions, and gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|\,f_1^L|=1.02^{+0.10}_{-0.11},$ or $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|~>0.79$ at 95% CL for a flat prior within $0<|\mathsf{V}_{tb}|^2~<1.$
- 11 Based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. For combined s- + t-channel result see AALTONEN 09AT.
- 12 Result is based on $2.1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data. Events with large missing E_T and jets with at least one b-jet without identified electron or muon are selected. Result is obtained when observed 2.1 σ excess over the background originates from the signal for $m_t=175~{\rm GeV},$ giving $\left|V_{tb}\right|=1.24^{+0.34}_{-0.29}\pm0.07({\rm theory}).$
- 13 Result is based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+E_T+2$,3, 4 jets with one or two b-tags are selected. The analysis assumes $m_t=170$ GeV.
- 14 Result is based on 4.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with an isolated reconstructed tau lepton, missing E_T + 2, 3 jets with one or two *b*-tags are selected. When combined with ABAZOV 09Z result for e + $\,\mu$ channels, the *s* and *t*-channels combined cross section is $3.84^{+0.89}_{-0.83}$ pb.
- ¹⁵ Based on 3.2 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!E_T$ + jets with at least one b-tag are analyzed and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using the likelihood function, matrix element, neural-network, boosted decision tree, likelihood function optimized for s-channel process, and neural-networked based analysis of events with $\not\!E_T$ that has sensitivity for $W\to \tau\nu$ decays. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV, and the mean value decreases by 0.02 pb/GeV for smaller m_t . The signal has 5.0 sigma significance. The result gives $|V_{tb}|=0.91\pm0.11$ (stat+syst) ±0.07 (theory), or $|V_{tb}|>0.71$ at 95% CL.
- 16 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\geq 2$ jets with 1 or 2 b-tags are analyzed and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using boosted decision tree, Bayesian neural networks and the matrix element method. The signal has 5.0 sigma significance. The result gives $|V_{tb}|=1.07\pm 0.12$, or $|V_{tb}|>0.78$ at 95% CL. The analysis assumes $m_t=170~{\rm GeV}.$
- 17 Result is based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+2$, 3 jets with at least one b-tag are selected, and s- and t-channel single top events are selected by using likelihood, matrix element, and neural network discriminants. The result can be interpreted as $|V_{tb}|=0.88^{+0.13}_{-0.12}(\mathrm{stat}+\mathrm{syst})\pm0.07(\mathrm{theory})$, and $|V_{tb}|>0.66$ (95% CL) under the $|V_{tb}|<1$ constraint.
- ¹⁸ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with isolated $\ell+E_T+2$, 3, 4 jets with one or two *b*-vertex-tag are selected, and contributions from W+ jets, $t\overline{t}$, s- and t-channel single top events are identified by using boosted decision trees, Bayesian neural networks, and matrix element analysis. The result can be interpreted as the measurement of the CKM matrix element $|V_{tb}|=1.31^{+0.25}_{-0.21}$, or $|V_{tb}|>0.68$ (95% CL) under the $|V_{tb}|<1$ constraint.
- 19 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. This result constrains V_{tb} to 0.68 $<|V_{tb}|\leq 1$ at 95% CL.
- 20 ABAZOV 05P bounds single top-quark production from either the s-channel W-exchange process, $q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b}$, or the t-channel W-exchange process, $q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b}$, based on \sim 230 pb $^{-1}$ of data.
- ²¹ ACOSTA 05N bounds single top-quark production from the *t*-channel *W*-exchange process $(q'g \rightarrow qt\overline{b})$, the *s*-channel *W*-exchange process $(q'\overline{q} \rightarrow t\overline{b})$, and from the combined cross section of *t* and *s*-channel. Based on $\sim 162 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of data.

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

Direct probe of the tbW coupling and possible new physics at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

¹ AAD \pm 2 \pm 8 14BI ATLS $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 2j$ or 3j83 \pm 4 $^{+20}_{-10}$ 12CH ATLS t-channel $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+$ (2,3)j (1b)

 3 CHATRCHYAN 12BQ CMS t-channel $\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \ \ge 2 \mathrm{j}$ (1b) 67.2 ± 6.1

⁴ CHATRCHYAN 11R CMS $83.6 \pm 29.8 \pm 3.3$

- $^{
 m 1}$ Based on 4.59 fb $^{
 m -1}$ of data, using neural networks for signal and background separation. $\sigma(tq) = 46 \pm 1 \pm 6$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t}q) = 23 \pm 1 \pm 3$ pb are separately measured, as well as their ratio $R = \sigma(tq)/\sigma(\overline{t}q) = 2.04 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.12$. The results are for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV, and those for other m_t values are given by eq.(4) and Table IV. The measurements give $|V_{tb}| = 1.02 \pm 0.07$ or $|V_{tb}| > 0.88$ (95% CL).
- 2 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| = 1.13 ^{+0.14}_{-0.13}$ from the ratio $\sigma(\exp)/\sigma({
 m th})$, where $\sigma({
 m th})$ is the SM prediction for $|{
 m V}_{tb}|=1$. The 95% CL lower bound of $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| > 0.75$ is found if $|\mathsf{V}_{tb}| < 1$ is assumed. $\sigma(t) = 59 {+} 18 \atop -16$ pb and $\sigma(\overline{t}) = 33 + \frac{13}{12}$ pb are found for the separate single t and \overline{t} production cross sections, respectively. The results assume $m_t = 172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.
- 3 Based on $1.17~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=\mu,\,1.56~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=e$ at 7 TeV collected during 2011. The result gives $\left|{\rm V}_{tb}\right|=1.020\pm0.046 ({\rm meas})\pm0.017 ({\rm th}).$ The 95% CL lower bound of $|V_{th}| > 0.92$ is found if $|V_{th}| < 1$ is assumed. The results assume m_t = 172.5 GeV for the acceptance.
- 4 Based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The first error is statistical + systematic combined, the second is luminosity. The result gives $|V_{th}|=1.114\pm0.22(\exp)\pm0.02(\text{th})$ from the ratio $\sigma(\exp)/\sigma(th)$, where $\sigma(th)$ is the SM prediction for $|V_{tb}|=1$. The 95% CL lower bound of $|{
 m V}_{tb}|~>$ 0.62 (0.68) is found from the 2D (BDT) analysis under the constraint $0 < |V_{th}|^2 < 1.$

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 1 CHATRCHYAN 13C CMS t+W channel, $2\ell+\cancel{E}_T+1b$

 $^{1}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 4.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives V $_{tb}=1.01^{+0.16}_{-0.13}(\mathrm{exp})^{+0.03}_{-0.04}(\mathrm{th}).$ V $_{tb}>$ 0.79 (95% CL) if V_{th} < 1 is assumed. The results assume $m_t=172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.

t-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

TECN COMMENT DOCUMENT ID

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

 1 KHACHATRY...14F CMS $\ell+\cancel{E}_{T}+\geq 2$ j (1,2 b, 1 forward j)

¹Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of data. The t and \overline{t} production cross sections are measured separately as $\sigma_{t-ch.}(t)=$ 53.8 \pm 1.5 \pm 4.4 pb and $\sigma_{t-ch.}(\overline{t})=$ 27.6 \pm 1.3 \pm 3.7 pb, respectively, as well as their ratio $R_{t-ch}=\sigma_{t-ch.}(t)/\sigma_{t-ch.}(\overline{t})=1.95\pm0.10\pm0.19$, in agreement with the SM predictions. Combination with a previous CMS result at \sqrt{s} = 7 TeV [CHATRCHYAN 12BQ] gives $|V_{tb}| = 0.998 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.016$. Also obtained is the ratio $R_{8/7}=\sigma_{t-ch}$ (8TeV) $/\sigma_{t-ch}$ (7TeV) = 1.24 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.12.

s-channel Single t Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

● • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.

$4.8 \pm 0.8 {+1.6 \atop -1.3}$	¹ AAD	16∪ ATLS	$\ell + E_T + 2b$
13.4±7.3	² KHACHATRY.	16AZ CMS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 2b$
5.0 ± 4.3	³ AAD	15A ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + 2b$

 $^{^1}$ AAD 16U based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a maximum-likelihood fit of a matrix element method discriminant. The same data set as in AAD 15A is used. The result corresponds to an observed significance of 3.2σ .

Wt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$23.0 \pm 1.3 ^{+3.2}_{-3.5} \pm 1.1$$
 1 AAD 1 6B ATLS $2\ell + \cancel{E}_{T} + 1b$ 2 CHATRCHYAN 14AC CMS 1 2 Channel, $2\ell + \cancel{E}_{T} + 1b$

Single t-Quark Production Cross Section in ep Collisions

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use	the followin	g data for average	s, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •
< 0.25	95	$^{ m 1}$ AARON	09A	H1	$e^{\pm} p ightarrow e^{\pm} t X$
< 0.55	95				$e^{\pm}p \rightarrow e^{\pm}tX$
< 0.225	95	³ CHEKANOV	03	ZEUS	$e^{\pm} p \rightarrow e^{\pm} t X$

 $^{^1}$ AARON 09A looked for single top production via FCNC in $e^\pm\,p$ collisions at HERA with 474 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=$ 301–319 GeV. The result supersedes that of AKTAS 04.

 $^{^2}$ KHACHATRYAN 1 6AZ based on $19.7~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal and backgrounds. The same method is applied to $5.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s}=7~{\rm TeV},$ giving $7.1\pm8.1~{\rm pb}.$ Combining both measurements, the observed significance is $2.5\sigma.$ A best fit value of 2.0 ± 0.9 is obtained for the combined ratio of the measured values and SM expectations.

 $^{^3}$ AAD 15A based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal and backgrounds. The 95% CL upper bound of the cross section is 14.6 pb. The results are consistent with the SM prediction of 5.61 \pm 0.22 pb at approximate NNLO.

 $^{^1}$ AAD 16B based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result gives $|V_{tb}|=1.01\pm0.10$ and $|V_{tb}|>0.80$ (95% CL) without assuming unitarity of the CKM matrix. The results assume $m_t=172.5$ GeV for the acceptance.

 $^{^2}$ Based on 12.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Events with two oppositely charged leptons, large $\not\!\!E_T$ and a b-tagged jet are selected, and a multivariate analysis is used to separate the signal from the backgrounds. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 22.2 \pm 0.6(scale) \pm 1.4(PDF) pb at approximate NNLO.

 $^{^2}$ AKTAS 04 looked for single top production via FCNC in e^\pm collisions at HERA with $118.3~{\rm pb}^{-1}$, and found 5 events in the e or μ channels while $1.31~\pm~0.22$ events are expected from the Standard Model background. No excess was found for the hadronic channel. The observed cross section of $\sigma(e\,p\to\,e\,t\,X)=0.29^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$ pb at $\sqrt{s}=319~{\rm GeV}$ gives the quoted upper bound if the observed events are due to statistical fluctuation.

³CHEKANOV 03 looked in 130.1 pb⁻¹ of data at $\sqrt{s}=301$ and 318 GeV. The limit is for $\sqrt{s}=318$ GeV and assumes $m_t=175$ GeV.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV

Only the final combined $t\bar{t}$ production cross sections obtained from Tevatron Run I by the CDF and D0 experiments are quoted below.

$t\,\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in $p\,\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

VALUE (pb) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

	8	3.5, 5.7, 5.7,
$7.26 \pm 0.13 { + 0.57 \atop -0.50 }$	$^{ m 1}$ ABAZOV	16F D0 $\ell\ell$, ℓ +jets channels
8.1 ± 2.1	² AALTONEN	14A CDF $\ell + au_h + ext{ } \geq ext{ 2jets } (\geq 1b ext{-tag})$
$7.60 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.21$	³ AALTONEN	14H TEVA $\ell\ell$, ℓ +jets, all-jets channels
$8.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5$	⁴ ABAZOV	14К D0 $\ell + E_T + \geq$ 4 jets ($\geq 1b$ -tag)
7.09 ± 0.84	⁵ AALTONEN	13AB CDF $\ \ell\ell+\cancel{\!E}_T + \ge 2 \ {\sf jets}$
7.5 ± 1.0	⁶ AALTONEN	13G CDF $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 3$ jets ($\ge 1b$ -tag)
$8.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 2.2$	⁷ AALTONEN	12AL CDF $ au_h + E_T + 4j \ (\geq 1b)$
$8.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.7$	⁸ AALTONEN	11D CDF $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \text{jets} \ (\ge 1b \text{-tag})$
$7.64 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.45$	⁹ AALTONEN	11W CDF $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \mathrm{jets}~(\geq 1b\text{-tag})$
$7.99\!\pm\!0.55\!\pm\!0.76\!\pm\!0.46$	¹⁰ AALTONEN	11Y CDF $\not\!\!E_T + \geq 4$ jets (0,1,2 <i>b</i> -tag)
$7.78^{igoplus 0.77}_{-0.64}$	¹¹ ABAZOV	11E D0 $\ell + E_T + \geq 2$ jets
$7.56 ^{igoplus 0.63}_{-0.56}$	¹² ABAZOV	11z D0 Combination
$6.27 \pm 0.73 \pm 0.63 \pm 0.39$	¹³ AALTONEN	10AA CDF Repl. by AALTONEN 13AB
$7.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.4$	¹⁴ AALTONEN	10E CDF \geq 6 jets, vtx <i>b</i> -tag
$7.8 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.5$	¹⁵ AALTONEN	10V CDF $\ell + \geq 3$ jets, soft- e b -tag
7.70 ± 0.52	¹⁶ AALTONEN	10W CDF $\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq$ 3 jets $+$ b -tag, norm. to $\sigma(Z o \ell \ell)_{TH}$
6.9 ±2.0	¹⁷ ABAZOV	101 D0 \geq 6 jets with 2 <i>b</i> -tags
$6.9 \pm 1.2 ^{+0.8}_{-0.7} \pm 0.4$	¹⁸ ABAZOV	10Q D0 $ au_h$ + jets
$9.6 \pm 1.2 ^{+0.6}_{-0.5} \pm 0.6$	¹⁹ AALTONEN	09AD CDF $\;\ell\ell+E_T\;/\;$ vtx b -tag
$9.1 \pm 1.1 ^{+1.0}_{-0.9} \pm 0.6$	²⁰ AALTONEN	09H CDF $\ell + \geq$ 3 jets+ $ ot\!$
$8.18^{igoplus 0.98}_{-0.87}$	²¹ ABAZOV	09AG D0 ℓ + jets, $\ell\ell$ and ℓau + jets
$7.5 \pm 1.0 ^{+ 0.7}_{- 0.6} ^{+ 0.6}_{- 0.5}$	²² ABAZOV	09R D0 $\ell\ell$ and ℓau + jets
$8.18^{igoplus 0.90}_{-0.84} \pm 0.50$	²³ ABAZOV	08M D0 ℓ + n jets with 0,1,2 \emph{b} -tag
7.62 ± 0.85	²⁴ ABAZOV	08N D0 ℓ + n jets + b-tag or kinematics
$8.5 \begin{array}{c} +2.7 \\ -2.2 \end{array}$	²⁵ ABULENCIA	08 CDF $\ell^{+}\ell^{-}$ ($\ell = e, \mu$)
-2.2	ADULENCIA	$00 \text{CDI} \iota \cdot \iota (\iota = e, \mu)$

 $^{^{1}}$ Combined result from 110 pb $^{-1}$ of Tevatron Run I data. Assume $m_{t}=172.1$ GeV.

 $^{^2}$ Combined result from 105 pb $^{-1}$ of Tevatron Run I data. Assume $m_t=$ 175 GeV.

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8.3 \pm 1.0 \stackrel{+2.0}{-1.5} \pm 0.5
                                         <sup>26</sup> AALTONEN
                                                                     07D CDF \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
                                         <sup>27</sup> ABAZOV
7.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0
                                                                     070 D0
                                                                                       \ell\ell + jets, vtx b-tag
4.5 \  \, {}^{+2.0}_{-1.9} \  \, {}^{+1.4}_{-1.1} \  \, \pm 0.3
                                         <sup>28</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                     07P D0
                                                                                         \geq 6 jets, vtx b-tag
6.4 \begin{array}{c} +1.3 \\ -1.2 \end{array} \pm 0.7 \ \pm 0.4
                                         <sup>29</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                     07R D0
                                                                                       \ell + \geq 4 jets
                                         <sup>30</sup> ABAZOV
6.6 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.4
                                                                     06x D0
                                                                                       \ell + jets, vtx b-tag
8.7 \pm 0.9 \, ^{+1.1}_{-0.9}
                                         <sup>31</sup> ABULENCIA
                                                                     06Z CDF \ell + jets, vtx b-tag
5.8 \pm 1.2 \, ^{+0.9}_{-0.7}
                                         ^{32} ABULENCIA,A 06C CDF missing E_T + jets, vtx \emph{b}-tag
7.5\ \pm 2.1\ ^{+3.3}_{-2.2}\ ^{+0.5}_{-0.4}
                                         <sup>33</sup> ABULENCIA,A 06E CDF 6–8 jets, b-tag
8.9 \pm 1.0 \begin{array}{c} +1.1 \\ -1.0 \end{array}
                                         ^{34} ABULENCIA,A 06F CDF \ell + \geq 3 jets, \emph{b}-tag
8.6 \begin{array}{l} +1.6 \\ -1.5 \end{array} \pm 0.6 \\ 8.6 \begin{array}{l} +3.2 \\ -2.7 \end{array} \pm 1.1 \pm 0.6
                                         35 ABAZOV
                                                                     05Q D0
                                                                                       \ell + n jets
                                         <sup>36</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                     05R D0
                                                                                       di-lepton + n jets
6.7 \  \, ^{+\, 1.4}_{-\, 1.3} \  \, ^{+\, 1.6}_{-\, 1.1} \  \, \pm 0.4
                                         <sup>37</sup> ABAZOV
                                                                     05x D0
                                                                                       \ell + jets / kinematics
5.3 \pm 3.3 \, \, ^{+\, 1.3}_{-\, 1.0}
                                         <sup>38</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                     05S CDF \ell + jets / soft \mu b-tag
                                         <sup>39</sup> ACOSTA
6.6 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.5
                                                                     05T CDF \ell + jets / kinematics
<sup>40</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                     05U CDF \ell + jets/kinematics + vtx b-tag
5.6 \begin{array}{c} +1.2 & +0.9 \\ -1.1 & -0.6 \end{array}
                                         <sup>41</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                     05V CDF \ell + n jets
7.0 \begin{array}{c} +2.4 & +1.6 \\ -2.1 & -1.1 \end{array} \pm 0.4
                                        <sup>42</sup> ACOSTA
                                                                     04I CDF di-lepton + jets + missing ET
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 $^{^1}$ ABAZOV 16F based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and the m_t dependence is shown in Table V and Fig. 9. The result agrees with the NNLO+NNLL SM prediction of $7.35 {+0.23 \atop -0.27}$ pb.

² Based on 9 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) , and ℓ (e or μ) include ℓ from τ decays (τ_ℓ) . The result is for $m_t=173$ GeV.

³ Based on 8.8 fb⁻¹ of data. Combination of CDF and D0 measurements given, respectively, by $\sigma(t\overline{t}; \text{CDF}) = 7.63 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.16$ pb, $\sigma(t\overline{t}; \text{D0}) = 7.56 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.46$ pb. All the results are for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV. The m_t dependence of the mean value is parametrized in eq. (1) and shown in Fig. 2.

⁴ Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of data. Differential cross sections with respect to m_{tt} , |y(top)|, $E_T(top)$ are shown in Figs. 9, 10, 11, respectively, and are compared to the predictions of MC models.

⁵ Based on 8.8 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV.

⁶ Based on 8.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Measure the $t\overline{t}$ cross section simultaneously with the fraction of $t\to Wb$ decays. The correlation coefficient between those two measurements is -0.434. Assume unitarity of the 3×3 CKM matrix and set $|V_{tb}|>0.89$ at 95% CL.

⁷ Based on 2.2 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. The result assumes the acceptance for $m_t=172.5$ GeV.

⁸ Based on 1.12 fb⁻¹ and assumes $m_t=175$ GeV, where the cross section changes by ± 0.1 pb for every ∓ 1 GeV shift in m_t . AALTONEN 11D fits simultaneously the $t\bar{t}$ production cross section and the b-tagging efficiency and find improvements in both measurements.

 $^{^9}$ Based on 2.7 fb $^{-1}$. The first error is from statistics and systematics, the second is from luminosity. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. AALTONEN 11W fits simultaneously a jet

- flavor discriminator between b-, c-, and light-quarks, and find significant reduction in the systematic error.
- 10 Based on 2.2 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. AALTONEN 11Y selects multi-jet events with large $\not\!\!E_T$, and vetoes identified electrons and muons.
- 11 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$. The error is statistical + systematic + luminosity combined. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The results for other m_t values are given in Table XII and eq.(10) of ABAZOV 11E.
- 12 Combination of a dilepton measurement presented in ABAZOV 11z (based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$), which yields $7.36^{+0.90}_{-0.79}$ (stat+syst) pb, and the lepton + jets measurement of ABAZOV 11E. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The results for other m_t values is given by eq.(5) of ABAZOV 11A.
- 13 Based on 2.8 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV.
- 14 Based on 2.9 fb $^{-1}$. Result is obtained from the fraction of signal events in the top quark mass measurement in the all hadronic decay channel.
- 15 Based on 1.7 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. AALTONEN 10V uses soft electrons from b-hadron decays to suppress $W+{\rm jets}$ background events.
- ¹⁶ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. The ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t}\to\ell+{
 m jets})$ / $\sigma(Z/\gamma^*\to\ell\ell)$ is measured and then multiplied by the theoretical $Z/\gamma^*\to\ell\ell$ cross section of $\sigma(Z/\gamma^*\to\ell\ell)=251.3\pm5.0$ pb, which is free from the luminosity error.
- 17 Based on 1 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. 7.9 \pm 2.3 pb is found for $m_t=170$ GeV. ABAZOV 10I uses a likelihood discriminant to separate signal from background, where the background model was created from lower jet-multiplicity data.
- ¹⁸ Based on 1 fb⁻¹. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV. For $m_t=175$ GeV, the result is $6.3^{+1.2}_{-1.1}(\mathrm{stat})\pm0.7(\mathrm{syst})\pm0.4(\mathrm{lumi})$ pb. Cross section of $t\overline{t}$ production has been measured in the $t\overline{t}\to\tau_h+\mathrm{jets}$ topology, where τ_h denotes hadronically decaying τ leptons. The result for the cross section times the branching ratio is $\sigma(t\overline{t})\cdot\mathrm{B}(t\overline{t}\to\tau_h+\mathrm{jets})=0.60^{+0.23}_{-0.22}+0.15_{-0.14}\pm0.04$ pb for $m_t=170$ GeV.
- 19 Based on $1.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$. The result is for B(W $\to \ell \nu) = 10.8\%$ and $m_t = 175~{\rm GeV};$ the mean value is 9.8 for $m_t = 172.5~{\rm GeV}$ and 10.1 for $m_t = 170~{\rm GeV}.$ AALTONEN 09AD used high p_T e or μ with an isolated track to select $t \, \overline{t}$ decays into dileptons including $\ell = \tau.$ The result is based on the candidate event samples with and without vertex b-tag.
- $^{20}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 2 fb $^{-1}$. The result is for $m_t=175$ GeV; the mean value is 3% higher for $m_t=170$ GeV and 4% lower for $m_t=180$ GeV.
- Result is based on 1 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV, and the mean value decreases with increasing m_t ; see their Fig. 2. The result is obtained after combining ℓ + jets, $\ell\ell$, and $\ell\tau$ final states, and the ratios of the extracted cross sections are $\mathrm{R}^{\ell\ell/\ell j}=0.86^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$ and $\mathrm{R}^{\ell\tau/\ell\ell-\ell j}=0.97^{+0.32}_{-0.29}$, consistent with the SM expectation of R = 1. This leads to the upper bound of B($t\to bH^+$) as a function of m_{H^+} . Results are shown in their Fig. 1 for B($H^+\to \tau\nu$) = 1 and B($H^+\to c\overline{s}$) = 1 cases. Comparison of the m_t dependence of the extracted cross section and a partial NNLO prediction gives $m_t=169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2}$ GeV.
- 22 Result is based on 1 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=170$ GeV, and the mean value changes by -0.07 $[m_t(\text{GeV})-170]$ pb near the reference m_t value. Comparison of the m_t dependence of the extracted cross section and a partial NNLO QCD prediction gives $m_t=171.5^{+9.9}_{-8.8}$ GeV. The $\ell\tau$ channel alone gives $7.6^{+4.9}_{-4.3}+3.5^{+1.4}_{-3.4}$ pb and the $\ell\ell$ channel gives $7.5^{+1.2}_{-1.1}+0.7_{-0.6}+0.5$ pb.
- ²³ Result is based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ of data. The first error is from stat + syst, while the latter error is from luminosity. The result is for m_t =175 GeV, and the mean value changes by $-0.09 \text{ pb} \cdot [m_t(\text{GeV}) 175]$.

- Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The cross section is obtained from the $\ell+\geq 3$ jet event rates with 1 or 2 b-tag, and also from the kinematical likelihood analysis of the $\ell+3$, 4 jet events. The result is for $m_t=172.6$ GeV, and its m_t dependence shown in Fig. 3 leads to the constraint $m_t=170\pm 7$ GeV when compared to the SM prediction.
- ²⁵ Result is based on 360 pb⁻¹ of data. Events with high p_T oppositely charged dileptons $\ell^+\ell^-$ ($\ell=e,\,\mu$) are used to obtain cross sections for $t\overline{t},\,W^+W^-$, and $Z\to\,\tau^+\tau^-$ production processes simultaneously. The other cross sections are given in Table IV.
- $^{26}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 1.02 fb^{-1} of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. Secondary vertex b-tag and neural network selections are used to achieve a signal-to-background ratio of about 1/2.
- 27 Based on 425 pb $^{-1}$ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. For $m_t=170.9$ GeV, $7.8\pm1.8({\rm stat+syst})$ pb is obtained.
- 28 Based on 405 \pm 25 pb $^{-1}$ of data. Result is for $m_t=175$ GeV. The last error is for luminosity. Secondary vertex b-tag and neural network are used to separate the signal events from the background.
- $^{29}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 425 pb^{-1} of data. Assumes $m_t=175$ GeV.
- 30 Based on $\sim 425~{\rm pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$. The first error is combined statistical and systematic, the second one is luminosity.
- 31 Based on $\sim 318~{\rm pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178~{\rm GeV}.$ The cross section changes by ± 0.08 pb for each \mp GeV change in the assumed m_t . Result is for at least one b-tag. For at least two b-tagged jets, $t\bar{t}$ signal of significance greater than 5σ is found, and the cross section is $10.1^{+1.6}_{-1.4} + 2.0_{-1.3}$ pb for $m_t=178~{\rm GeV}.$
- 32 Based on $\sim 311~{
 m pb}^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178~{
 m GeV}$. For $m_t=175~{
 m GeV}$, the result is $6.0\pm 1.2^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$. This is the first CDF measurement without lepton identification, and hence it has sensitivity to the $W\to \tau \nu$ mode.
- ³³ ABULENCIA,A 06E measures the $t\overline{t}$ production cross section in the all hadronic decay mode by selecting events with 6 to 8 jets and at least one b-jet. S/B = 1/5 has been achieved. Based on 311 pb⁻¹. Assuming $m_t = 178$ GeV.
- 34 Based on \sim 318 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=178$ GeV. Result is for at least one b-tag. For at least two b-tagged jets, the cross section is $11.1^{+2.3}_{-1.9} + 2.5_{-1.9}$ pb.
- 35 ABAZOV 05Q measures the top-quark pair production cross section with $\sim 230~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data, based on the analysis of W plus n-jet events where W decays into e or μ plus neutrino, and at least one of the jets is b-jet like. The first error is statistical and systematic, and the second accounts for the luminosity uncertainty. The result assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$; the mean value changes by $(175-m_t({\rm GeV}))\times 0.06~{\rm pb}$ in the mass range 160 to 190 GeV.
- 36 ABAZOV 05R measures the top-quark pair production cross section with 224–243 pb $^{-1}$ of data, based on the analysis of events with two charged leptons in the final state. The result assumes $m_t=175$ GeV; the mean value changes by $(175-m_t({\rm GeV}))\times 0.08$ pb in the mass range 160 to 190 GeV.
- $^{37}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 230 $\mathrm{pb}^{-1}.$ Assuming $m_t=175$ GeV.
- 38 Based on 194 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t = 175$ GeV.
- 39 Based on 194 \pm 11 pb $^{-1}$. Assuming $m_t=175$ GeV.
- $^{40}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 162 \pm 10 $\mathrm{pb}^{-1}.$ Assuming $m_t=$ 175 GeV.
- ⁴¹ ACOSTA 05V measures the top-quark pair production cross section with $\sim 162~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ data, based on the analysis of W plus n-jet events where W decays into e or μ plus neutrino, and at least one of the jets is b-jet like. Assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.
- ⁴² ACOSTA 04I measures the top-quark pair production cross section with 197 \pm 12 pb⁻¹ data, based on the analysis of events with two charged leptons in the final state. Assumes $m_t=175~{\rm GeV}$.

Ratio of the Production Cross Sections of $t\overline{t}\gamma$ to $t\overline{t}$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

VALUE <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1

0.024 \pm 0.009 1 AALTONEN 11Z CDF $E_{T}(\gamma) > 10$ GeV, $\left| \eta(\gamma) \right| < 1.0$

tt Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

VALUE (pb) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

<1.7 95 1 AAD 12BE ATLS $\ell^{+}\ell^{+}+E_{T}+\geq$ 2j +HT

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

DOCUMENT ID • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • 1 KHACHATRY...17B CMS $\ell+\cancel{E}_{T}+\geq$ 4j (\geq 1b) $161.7 \pm 6.0 \pm 12.0 \pm 3.6$ $173.6 \pm 2.1 ^{+}_{-} \stackrel{4.5}{4.0} \pm 3.8$ ² KHACHATRY...16aw CMS $e + \mu + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 0$ j $181.2 \pm 2.8 ^{+10.8}_{-10.6}$ 3 AAD 15BO ATLS $e + \mu + \cancel{E}_T + > 0$ j 4 AAD 15CC ATLS ℓ +jets, $\ell\ell$ +jets, $\ell\tau_h$ +jets $178 \pm 3 \pm 16 \pm 3$ 15R LHCB $\,\mu+\,\geq\,$ 1j(b-tag) forward re-6 AAD 14AY ATLS $e + \mu + 1$ or 2b jets $182.9 \pm 3.1 \pm 6.4$ ⁷ AAD 194 ± 18 ± 46 13X ATLS $\tau_h + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 5j \ (\ge 2b)$ $139 \pm 10 \pm 26$ ⁸ CHATRCHYAN 13AY CMS \geq 6 jets with 2 b-tags ⁹ CHATRCHYAN 13BB CMS $158.1 \pm \ 2.1 \pm 10.8$ $\ell +
ot\!\!\!E_T + \mathsf{jets}(\,\geq 1\;\mathsf{b ext{-}tag})$ ¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 13BE CMS $152 \pm 12 \pm 32$ $au_h + \not\!\!E_T + \ \ge ext{4 jets} \ (\ \ge 1 \ ext{b})$ 177 ± 20 ± 14 ± 7 11 AAD 12B ATLS Repl. by AAD 12BF 176 \pm 5 $^{+14}_{-11}$ ¹² AAD 12BF ATLS $\ell\ell+E_T+\geq 2j$ 187 ± 11 $^{+18}_{17}$ \pm 6 ¹³ AAD 12BO ATLS $\ell + \not\!\!E_T + \geq 3j$ with b-tag $186 \pm 13 \pm 20 \pm 7$ 14 AAD $143 \pm 14 \pm 22 \pm 3$ ¹⁵ CHATRCHYAN 12AC CMS $\ell + \tau_h + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\ge 1b)$ $161.9 \pm 2.5 ^{+}_{-} ^{5.1}_{5.0} \pm 3.6$ $\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T + \ge 2b$ ¹⁶ CHATRCHYAN 12AX CMS 145 $\pm 31 + 42$ ¹⁷ AAD 11A ATLS $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 4\mathrm{j},\ \ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2\mathrm{j}$ 18 CHATRCHYAN 11AA CMS $\ell+
ot\!\!E_T+\ \ge 3$ jets ¹⁹ CHATRCHYAN 11F CMS $168 \pm 18 \pm 14$ ± 7 $\ell\ell+
ot\!\!\!E_T+{
m jets}$ ²⁰ CHATRCHYAN 11Z CMS 154 ± 17 ± 6 Combination ²¹ KHACHATRY...11a CMS 194 ± 72 ± 24 ± 21

 $^{^1}$ Based on 6.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. Events with lepton $+ \not\!\!E_T + \ge 3$ jets($\ge 1b$) with and without central, high E_T photon are measured. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of 0.024 \pm 0.005. The absolute production cross section is measured to be 0.18 \pm 0.08 fb. The statistical significance is 3.0 standard deviations.

¹ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. The upper bounds are the same for LL, LR and RR chiral components of the two top quarks.

- 1 KHACHATRYAN 17B based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit of templates to the data. Also the ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t}; 8\,\text{TeV})/\sigma(t\,\overline{t}; 7\,\text{TeV}) = 1.43 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.05$ is reported. The results are in agreement with NNLO SM predictions.
- 2 KHACHATRYAN 16AW based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit to differential distributions of b-tagged and non-b-tagged jets. The result is in good agreement with NNLO SM predictions.
- 3 Based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Uses a template fit to distributions of $ot\!\!E_T$ and jet multiplicities to measure simultaneously $t\bar{t}$, WW, and $Z/\gamma^* \to \tau\tau$ cross sections, assuming $m_t =$ 172.5 GeV.
- 4 AAD 15CC based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The event selection criteria are optimized for the ℓau_h + jets channel. Using only this channel 183 \pm 9 \pm 23 \pm 3 pb is derived for the cross
- 5 AAIJ 15R, based on 1.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data, reports 0.239 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.024 pb cross section for the forward fiducial region $p_T(\mu) > 25$ GeV, $2.0 < \eta(\mu) < 4.5$, 50 GeV $< p_T(b) < 100$ GeV, $2.2 < \eta(b) < 4.2$, $\Delta R(\mu,b) > 0.5$, and $p_T(\mu+b) > 20$ GeV. The three errors are from statistics, systematics, and theory. The result agrees with the SM NLO prediction.
- 6 AAD 14AY reports 182.9 \pm 3.1 \pm 4.2 \pm 3.6 \pm 3.3 pb value based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and the 0.66% beam energy uncertainty. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is for $m_t=172.5 \, \text{GeV}$; for other m_t , $\sigma(m_t)=\sigma(172.5 \, \text{GeV}) \times [1-0.0028 \times (m_t-172.5 \, \text{GeV})]$. The result is consistent with the SM prediction at NNLO.
- 7 Based on $1.67~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~{\rm GeV}$.

- 8 Based on 3.54 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 9 Based on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 10 Based on 3.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. 11 Based on 35 pb $^{-1}$ of data for an assumed top quark mass of $m_t=$ 172.5 GeV.
- $^{12}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 0.70 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~\mathrm{GeV}.$
- $^{13}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 35 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t=172.5~\mathrm{GeV}$ and $173\pm17^{+18}_{-16}\pm6~\mathrm{pb}$ is found without the b-tag.
- 14 Based on 2.05 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The hadronic au candidates are selected using a BDT technique. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for $m_t = 172.5$ GeV.
- 15 Based on 2.0 fb $^{-1}$ and 2.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data for $\ell=e$ and $\ell=\mu$, respectively. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the acceptance for m_t = 172.5 GeV.
- $^{16}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The 3 errors are from statistics, systematics, and luminosity. The result uses the profile likelihood-ratio (PLB) method and an assumed m_t of 172.5
- 17 Based on 2.9 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The result for single lepton channels is $142\pm34^{+50}_{-31}$ pb, while for the dilepton channels is $151 {+} 78 {+} 37 \\ -62 {-} 24$ pb.
- $^{18}\,\mathrm{Result}$ is based on 36 pb^{-1} of data. The first uncertainty corresponds to the statistical and systematic uncertainties, and the second corresponds to the luminosity.
- 19 Based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The ratio of $t\bar{t}$ and Z/γ^* cross sections is measured as $\sigma(p\,p \to t\,\overline{t})/\sigma(p\,p \to Z/\gamma^* \to e^+\,e^-/\mu^+\,\mu^-) = 0.175 \pm 0.018 ({\rm stat}) \pm 0.015 ({\rm syst})$ for 60 $< m_{\ell\ell} < 120$ GeV, for which they use an NNLO prediction for the denominator cross section of 972 \pm 42 pb.
- $^{20}\,\mathrm{Result}$ is based on 36 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The first error is from statistical and systematic uncertainties, and the second from luminosity. This is a combination of a measurement in the dilepton channel (CHATRCHYAN 11F) and the measurement in the $\ell+$ jets channel (CHATRCHYAN 11z) which yields 150 \pm 9 \pm 17 \pm 6 pb.
- 21 Result is based on 3.1 \pm 0.3 pb $^{-1}$ of data.

$t\overline{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

Unless otherwise noted the first quoted error is from statistics, the second from systematic uncertainties, and the third from luminosity. If only two errors are quoted the luminosity is included in the systematic uncertainties.

DOCUMENT ID VALUE (pb) TECN COMMENT • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • ¹ KHACHATRY...17B CMS $228.5 \pm 3.8 \pm 13.7 \pm 6.0$ $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j \ (\ge 1b)$ ² AAD 16BK ATLS $e + \mu + 1$ or 2b jets $242.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 8.6$ $244.9 \pm 1.4 + 6.3 \pm 6.4$ ³ KHACHATRY...16aw CMS $e + \mu + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 0$ j ⁴ KHACHATRY...16BC CMS > 6i (> 2b) $275.6 \pm 6.1 \pm 37.8 \pm 7.2$ $260 \pm 1 + 24$ ⁵ AAD 15BP ATLS $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + > 3j \ (> 1b)$ 6 AALL 15R LHCB $\mu+ \geq 1$ j(b-tag) forward region 7 AAD $242.4\pm 1.7\pm 10.2$ 14AY ATLS $e + \mu + 1$ or 2b jets ⁸ CHATRCHYAN 14F CMS $239\pm 2\pm 11\pm 6$ $\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\geq 2\mathsf{j}$ (≥ 1 *b*-tag) ⁹ KHACHATRY...14s CMS $257 \pm 3 \pm 24 \pm 7$ $\ell + \tau_b + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\ge 1b)$

- ¹ KHACHATRYAN 17B based on 19.6 fb⁻¹ of data, using a binned likelihood fit of templates to the data. Also the ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\,8\,\text{TeV})/\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\,7\,\text{TeV})=1.43\pm0.04\pm0.07\pm0.05$ is reported. The results are in agreement with NNLO SM predictions.
- 2 AAD 16BK is an update of the value from AAD 14AY using the improved luminosity calibration. The value 242.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 5.5 \pm 5.1 \pm 4.2 pb is reported, where we have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. Also the ratio $\sigma(t\overline{t};~8\text{TeV})/\sigma(t\overline{t};~7\text{TeV})=1.328\pm0.024\pm0.015\pm0.038\pm0.001$ has been updated. The former result is consistent with the SM predictions at NNLO, while the latter result is 2.1 σ below the expectation.
- 3 KHACHATRYAN 16AW based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a binned likelihood fit to differential distributions of b-tagged and non-b-tagged jets. The result is in good agreement with NNLO SM predictions.
- ⁴KHACHATRYAN 16BC based on 18.4 fb⁻¹ of data. The last uncertainty is due to luminosity. Cuts on kinematical fit probability and $\Delta R(b,b)$ are imposed. The major QCD background is determined from the data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction. The top quark p_T spectra, also measured, are significantly softer than theoretical predictions.
- 5 AAD 15BP based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV and in agreement with the SM prediction $253 {+} 13 \atop -15$ pb at NNLO+NNLL.
- ⁶ AAIJ 15R, based on 2.0 fb⁻¹ of data, reports 0.289 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.029 pb cross section for the forward fiducial region $p_T(\mu) >$ 25 GeV, 2.0 $< \eta(\mu) <$ 4.5, 50 GeV $< p_T(b) <$ 100 GeV, 2.2 $< \eta(b) <$ 4.2, $\Delta R(\mu,b) >$ 0.5, and $p_T(\mu+b) >$ 20 GeV. The three errors are from statistics, systematics, and theory. The result agrees with the SM NLO prediction.
- ⁷AAD 14AY reports 242.4 \pm 1.7 \pm 5.5 \pm 7.5 \pm 4.2 pb value based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and the 0.66% beam energy uncertainty. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is for $m_t = 172.5 \, \text{GeV}$; for other m_t , $\sigma(m_t) = \sigma(172.5 \, \text{GeV}) \times [1-0.0028 \times (m_t-172.5 \, \text{GeV})]$. Also measured is the ratio $\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\,8\,\text{TeV})/\sigma(t\,\overline{t};\,7\,\text{TeV}) = 1.326 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.001$. The results are consistent with the SM predictions at NNLO.
- 8 Based on 5.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV, and a parametrization is given in eq.(6.1) for the mean value at other m_t values. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction $252.9 {+ 6.4 \atop 8.6}$ pb at NNLO.
- ⁹ Based on 19.6 fb⁻¹ of data. The measurement is in the channel $t\overline{t} \to (b\ell\nu)(b\tau\nu)$, where τ decays into hadrons (τ_h) . The result is for $m_t=172.5$ GeV. For $m_t=173.3$ GeV, the cross section is lower by 3.1 pb.

$t\bar{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

¹ AABOUD 16R ATLS $818 \pm 8 \pm 35$

 $e + \mu + 1$ or 2b jets ² KHACHATRY...16」 CMS $746 \pm 58 \pm 53 \pm 36$

$t\bar{t}$ $t\bar{t}$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

<23	95	¹ AAD	15AR ATLS	$\ell + ot\!$
<70	95			$\geq 2\bar{\ell} + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1 \; b)$
<32	95	³ KHACHATRY.	14R CMS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \stackrel{\cdot}{\geq} 6j \ (\geq 2 \ b)$

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15AR based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A fit to H_T distributions in multi-channels classified by the number of jets and of b-tagged jets is performed.

$t\overline{t}W$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$170 {+90\atop-80} \pm 70 \hspace{1.5cm} \hbox{KHACHATRY...14N CMS} \hspace{0.5cm} t \, \overline{t} \, W \to {\rm same \ sign \ dilepton} \\ + \, E_T + {\rm jets}$$

$t\bar{t}Z$ Production Cross Section in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

$$200^{+80}_{-70}{}^{+80}_{-30}$$
 LHACHATRY...14N CMS $t\overline{t}Z o 3$,4 $\ell + E_T + {
m jets}$

 $^{^1}$ The value $818\pm8\pm27\pm19\pm12$ pb is reported based on 3.2 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The four errors are from statistics, systematic, luminosity, and beam energy. We have combined the systematic uncertainties in quadrature. The result is in agreement with the SM prediction 832 $^{+40}_{-46}$ pb at NNLO+NNLL for $m_t=$ 172.5 GeV .

 $^{^2}$ KHACHATRYAN 16J based on 43 pb $^{-1}$ of data. The last uncertainty is due to luminosity. The result is for $m_t=172.5~{
m GeV}$ and in agreement with the SM prediction 832^{+40}_{-46} pb at NNLO+NNLL.

 $^{^2}$ AAD 15BY based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A same-sign lepton pair is required. An excess over the SM prediction reaches 2.5σ for hypotheses involving heavy resonances decaying into $t\overline{t}t\overline{t}$.

 $^{^3}$ Based on 19.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data, using a multivariate analysis to separate signal from backgrounds. About $\sigma(t\overline{t}t\overline{t}) = 1$ fb is expected in the SM.

¹Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $\sigma(t\bar{t}W)$ $=206^{+21}_{-23}$ fb.

¹Based on 19.5 fb⁻¹ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of $\sigma(t\bar{t}Z)$ $= 197^{+22}_{-25}$ fb.

$f(Q_0)$: $t\overline{t}$ Fraction of Events with a Veto on Additional Central Jet Activity in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 Q_0 denotes the threshold of the additional jet p_T .

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the fol	lowing data for avera	ages, fits, limit	ts, etc. • • •
$80.0\!\pm\!1.1\!\pm\!1.6$	¹ CHATRCHYAI		$Q_0 = 75 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.4)$
$92.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.8$	¹ CHATRCHYAI	N 14AE CMS	$Q_0 = 150 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.4)$
$98.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$	$^{ m 1}$ CHATRCHYAI	N 14AE CMS	$Q_0 = 300 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.4)$
$56.4 \pm 1.3 {+2.6 \atop -2.8}$	² AAD	12BL ATLS	$Q_0 = 25 GeV (\left y\right < \! 2.1)$
$84.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.0$	² AAD	12BL ATLS	$Q_0 = 75 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.1)$
$95.2^{+0.5}_{-0.6}\pm0.4$	² AAD	12BL ATLS	$Q_0 = 150 \text{ GeV } (y < 2.1)$

 $^{^1}$ CHATRCHYAN 15 based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The $t\bar{t}$ events are selected in the dilepton and lepton + jets decay channels. For other values of Q_0 see Table 5.

Fraction of $t\bar{t}$ + multi-jet Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

VALUE DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

	¹ AAD 15D ATL	S $\ell + \cancel{\mathbb{E}}_T + nj \; (n{=}3 \; to \; 8)$
$0.332 \!\pm\! 0.090$	² CHATRCHYAN 14AE CMS	$\delta = t \overline{t}(\ell \overline{\ell}) + 0 \; ext{jet} \; (E_T > 30 ext{GeV})$
0.436 ± 0.098	² CHATRCHYAN 14AE CMS	$b = t \overline{t}(\ell\ell) + 1 ext{jet} (\overline{E_T} > 30 ext{GeV})$
$0.232 \!\pm\! 0.125$	² CHATRCHYAN 14AE CMS	$t \overline{t}(\ell\ell) + \geq 2 \text{jet} (E_T > 30 \text{GeV})$

¹ Based on 4.6 fb⁻¹ of data. Fiducial $t\bar{t}$ production cross section is presented as a function of the jet multiplicity for up to eight jets with the jet p_T threshold of 25, 40, 60, and 80 GeV, and as a function of jet p_T up to the 5th jet. MC models can be discriminated by using data for high jet multiplicity and by p_T distributions of the leading and 5th jet.

$t\,\overline{t}$ Charge Asymmetry (A $_C$) in $p\,p$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

 $\begin{array}{l} {\sf A}_C = ({\sf N}(\Delta|y|>0) - {\sf N}(\Delta|y|<0) \) \ / \ ({\sf N}(\Delta|y|>0) + {\sf N}(\Delta|y|<0) \) \ \text{where} \ \Delta|y| \\ = |{\sf y}_t| \ - \ |{\sf y}_{\overline{t}}| \ \text{is the difference between the absolute values of the top and antitop} \\ {\sf rapidities and} \ {\sf N} \ {\sf is the number of events with} \ \Delta|y| \ {\sf positive or negative}. \end{array}$

VALUE (%) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

$2.1\!\pm\!2.5\!\pm\!1.7$		LS $\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 2\mathrm{j}$
0.6 ± 1.0	² AAD 14i AT	LS $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4 \mathrm{j} \ (\ge 1 \mathrm{b})$
$-1.0\!\pm\!1.7\!\pm\!0.8$	³ CHATRCHYAN 14D CM	IS $\ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 2j \ (\ge 1b)$
$-1.9\!\pm\!2.8\!\pm\!2.4$	⁴ AAD 12BK AT	LS $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j \ (\ge 1b)$
$0.4\!\pm\!1.0\!\pm\!1.1$	⁵ CHATRCHYAN 12вв СМ	IS $\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \ge 4j \ (\ge 1b)$
$-1.3\pm2.8^{+2.9}_{-3.1}$	⁶ CHATRCHYAN 12BS CM	IS $\ell + ot\!$

 $^{^1}$ AAD 15AJ based on 4.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. After kinematic reconstruction the top quark momenta are corrected for detector resolution and acceptance effects by unfolding, using parton level information of the MC generators. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured

² Based on 2.05 fb⁻¹ of data. The $t\overline{t}$ events are selected in the dilepton decay channel with two identified *b*-jets.

² Based on 5.0 fb⁻¹ of data. Events with two oppositely charged leptons, large \mathbb{Z}_T and jets with at least 1 *b*-tag are used to measure the fraction of $t\bar{t}$ plus additional jets. The gap fraction (n=0 jet rate) as a function of the jet p_T and that of H_T , the scalar sum of the p_T 's of additional jets, is shown in Fig. 8.

- as A $_C^{\ell} =$ 0.024 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.009. All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.
- Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of A $_C=0.0123\pm0.0005$. The asymmetry is 0.011 \pm 0.018 if restricted to those events where $\beta_Z(t\,\overline{t})>0.6$, which is also consistent with the SM prediction of 0.020 $^{+0.006}_{-0.007}$.
- 3 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as A $_C^\ell=0.009\pm0.0010\pm0.006$. A $_C^\ell$ dependences on $m_{t\,\overline{t}},\,|y(t\,\overline{t})|,$ and $p_T(t\,\overline{t})$ are given in Fig. 5. All measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.
- 4 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with A $_C$ = 0.006 \pm 0.002 (MC at NLO). No significant dependence of A $_C$ on $m_{t\,\overline{t}}$ is observed.
- $^{5}_{6}$ Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}_{2}$ of data at 7 TeV.
- 6 Based on 1.09 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM predictions.

$t\overline{t}$ Charge Asymmetry (A_C) in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	owing data for ave	erages, fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •
2.1 ± 1.6	¹ AAD	16AE ATLS	$\ell\ell+\cancel{E}_{T} + \geq 2j$
0.9 ± 0.5	² AAD	16AZ ATLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4j$
4.2 ± 3.2	³ AAD	16⊤ ATLS	$m_t \frac{1}{t} > 0.75 \text{ TeV}, \mathbf{y}_t -$
			$ y_{\overline{t}} $ <2, $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+jets$
$1.1 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.7$	⁴ KHACHATRY.		$\ell\ell+\cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 2j \; (\geq 1b)$
$0.33 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.33$	⁵ KHACHATRY.		$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \geq 4j \; (\geq 1b)$
$0.10\pm0.68\pm0.37$	⁶ KHACHATRY.	16T CMS	$\ell + ot \!$

- 1 AAD 16AE is based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. After kinematic reconstruction, the top quark momenta are corrected for detector resolution and acceptance effects by unfolding, using parton level information of the MC generators. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as $\mathsf{A}_C^{\ell\ell}=0.008\pm0.006.$ All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.
- 2 AAD 16AZ based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of data. All the differential and inclusive measurements are statistically limited and consistent with the SM predictions.
- 3 AAD 16 T based on $^20.3~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data. Uses reconstruction techniques for the decay topology of highly boosted top quarks. The observed asymmetry is transformed by unfolding to a parton-level result in the shown fiducial region. The result is consistent with the NLO SM prediction.
- 4 KHACHATRYAN 16AD based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The lepton charge asymmetry is measured as A $_C^{\ell\ell}=0.003\pm0.006\pm0.003$. All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.
- 5 KHACHATRYAN 16AH based on 19.6 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The same data set as in KHACHATRYAN 16T is used. A template technique is used, which is sensitive to the charge anti-symmetric component of the $t\bar{t}$ rapidity distributions and statistically advantageous. The result is consistent with the SM predictions.
- 6 KHACHATRYAN 16 T based on $^{19.7}$ fb $^{-1}$ of data. The same data set as in KHACHATRYAN 16 AH is used. After kinematic reconstruction the top quark momenta are corrected for detector resolution and acceptance effects by unfolding, using parton level information of the MC generators. All the measurements are consistent with the SM predictions.

t-quark Polarization in $t\bar{t}$ Events in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

VALUE DOCUMENT ID TECH COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.070 ± 0.055	¹ ABAZOV	17 D0	$\ell + ot \!$
$-0.102\!\pm\!0.061$	² ABAZOV	17 D0	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 3j(\ \ge 1b)$
0.040 ± 0.035	³ ABAZOV	17 D0	$\ell + \cancel{\cancel{E}_T} + \ge 3j (\ \ge 1b)$
$0.113\!\pm\!0.091\!\pm\!0.019$	⁴ ABAZOV	15K D0	A_{FB}^{ℓ} in $\ell\ell\!+\! ot\!$

 $^{^1}$ ABAZOV 17 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the beam basis. Combination with the result of ABAZOV 15K yields 0.081 \pm 0.048. This result together with the helicity polarization is shown in a 2-dimensional plot in Fig.4. These results are consistent with the SM prediction.

t-quark Polarization in $t\bar{t}$ Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

The double differential distribution in polar angles, θ_1 (θ_2) of the decay particle of the top (anti-top) decay products, is parametrized as $(1/\sigma)\mathrm{d}\sigma/(\mathrm{d}\cos\theta_1\ \mathrm{d}\cos\theta_2)=(1/4)$ ($1+\mathrm{A}_t\cos\theta_1+\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}\cos\theta_2-\mathrm{C}\cos\theta_1\cos\theta_2$). The charged lepton is used to tag t or \overline{t} . The coefficient A_t and $\mathrm{A}_{\overline{t}}$ measure the average helicity of t and \overline{t} , respectively. A_{CPC} assumes CP conservation, whereas A_{CPV} corresponds to maximal CP violation.

t-quark Polarization in $t\overline{t}$ Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

 VALUE
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

 • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

t-quark Polarization in Single Top Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV

 VALUE
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

 • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

 $0.26\pm0.03\pm0.10$ L-channel, $\mu+\cancel{E}_T$ +2,3j (0,1,2b)

 $^{^2}$ ABAZOV 17 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the helicity basis. The result is consistent with the SM prediction. This result together with the beam polarization is shown in a 2-dimensional plot in Fig.4.

 $^{^3}$ ABAZOV 17 based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the transverse basis. The result is consistent with the SM prediction.

 $^{^4}$ ABAZOV 15K based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The value is top quark polarization times spin analyzing power in the beam basis. The result is consistent with the SM prediction of -0.0019 ± 0.0005 .

 $^{^{1}}$ Based on 4.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data using the final states containing one or two isolated electrons or muons and jets with at least one b-tag.

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 16AI based on 19.5 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, using events with two leptons and two or more jets with at least one b-tag. Determined from the lepton angular distributions as a function of the $t\,\overline{t}$ -system kinematical variables.

 $^{^1}$ KHACHATRYAN 16BO based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. A high-purity sample with a muon is selected by a multivariate analysis. The value is the top spin asymmetry, given by the spin analyzing power α_{μ} (=1 at LO of SM) times the top polarization, where the spin axis is defined as the direction of the untagged jet in the top rest frame.

$gg \rightarrow t\overline{t}$ Fraction in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

NALOE CENT DOCUMENT TO TECH COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.33 68 $\frac{1}{2}$ AALTONEN 09F CDF $t\,\overline{t}$ correlations $\frac{1}{2}$ AALTONEN 08AG CDF low p_T number of tracks

A_{FB} of $t\overline{t}$ in $p\overline{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV

A_FB of it in pp consists at $\sqrt{s} = 1.30$ feV							
VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT			
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the	ne following data fo	r avei	rages, fit	ts, limits, etc. • • •			
$17.5 \pm 5.6 \pm 3.1$	$^{ m 1}$ ABAZOV	15K	D0	A $_{FB}^{\ell}$ in $\ell\ell\!+\! ot\!\!\!E_T+\geq$ 2j(\geq 1 b)			
$7.2\pm$ 6.0	² AALTONEN	14F	CDF	${\it A}_{FB}^{\ell}$ in dilepton channel			
7.6± 8.2	² AALTONEN	14F	CDF	$egin{aligned} (\ell\ell+ ot\!$			
$4.2 \pm 2.3 {+1.7 \atop -2.0}$	³ ABAZOV	14 G	D0	A_{FB}^{ℓ} ($\ell+ ot\!\!E_T+\ge$ 3j (0,1 \ge 2b))			
$10.6\pm~3.0$	⁴ ABAZOV	14H	D0	$A_{FB}~(\ell+ ot\!\!E_T~+~\geq$ 3j $(\geq 1b))$			
$20.1\pm$ 6.7	⁵ AALTONEN	13 AD	CDF	a_1/a_0 in $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+\ge 4\mathrm{j}\ (\ge 1b)$			
$-$ 0.2 \pm 3.1	⁵ AALTONEN	13 AD	CDF	a_3, a_5, a_7 in $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4$ j (≥ 1 b)			
$16.4\pm~4.7$	⁶ AALTONEN	13 S	CDF	$\ell + ot\!$			
$9.4 {+\atop -} \begin{array}{l} 3.2 \\ 2.9 \end{array}$	⁷ AALTONEN	13X	CDF	$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 4 jets (\geq 1 \emph{b} -tag)			
11.8 ± 3.2	⁸ ABAZOV	13A	D0	$\ell\ell$ & $\ell+$ jets comb.			
$-11.6\!\pm\!15.3$	⁹ AALTONEN	11F	CDF	$m_{t\overline{t}}$ < 450 GeV			
47.5 ± 11.4	⁹ AALTONEN	11F	CDF	$m_{t\bar{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}$			
$19.6\pm~6.5$	¹⁰ ABAZOV	11 AH	D0	$\ell + ot\!$			
17 ± 8	¹¹ AALTONEN	08 AB	CDF	$p\overline{p}$ frame			
24 ± 14	¹¹ AALTONEN	08 AB	CDF	$t\overline{t}$ frame			
12 \pm 8 ± 1	¹² ABAZOV	08L	D0	$\ell + ot\!\!E_T + \geq$ 4 jets			
4	4						

 $^{^1}$ ABAZOV 15K based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The result is consistent with the SM predictions. By combining with the previous D0 measurement in the ℓ + jet channel ABAZOV 14H, $A_{FB}^\ell=0.118\pm0.025\pm0.013$ is obtained.

 $^{^1}$ Based on 955 pb $^{-1}$. AALTONEN 09F used differences in the $t\overline{t}$ production angular distribution and polarization correlation to descriminate between $g\,g\,\rightarrow\,\,t\,\overline{t}$ and $q\,\overline{q}\,\rightarrow\,\,t\,\overline{t}$ subprocesses. The combination with the result of AALTONEN 08AG gives $0.07 {+0.15 \atop -0.07}$.

² Result is based on 0.96 fb⁻¹ of data. The contribution of the subprocesses $gg \to t\bar{t}$ and $q\bar{q} \to t\bar{t}$ is distinguished by using the difference between quark and gluon initiated jets in the number of small p_T (0.3 GeV < p_T < 3 GeV) charged particles in the central region ($|\eta|$ < 1.1).

 $^{^2}$ AALTONEN 14F based on $9.1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data. A_{FB}^ℓ and $A_{FB}^{\ell\ell}$ denote, respectively, the asymmetries $(\textit{N}(x{>}0)-\textit{N}(x{<}0))/\textit{N}_{tot}$ for $x{=}q_\ell\eta_\ell$ (q_ℓ is the charge of ℓ) and $x{=}\eta_{\ell^+}-\eta_{\ell^-}$. Both results are consistent with the SM predictions. By combining with the previous CDF measurement in the ℓ^+ jet channel AALTONEN 13X, $A_{FB}^\ell=0.098{+}0.028{+}0.026$ is obtained. The combined result is about two sigma larger than the SM prediction of $A_{FB}^\ell=0.038\pm0.003$.

³ Based on 9.7 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. The asymmetry is corrected for the production level for events with $|{\bf y}_l|<1.5$. Asymmetry as functions of $E_T(\ell)$ and $|{\bf y}_l|$ are given in Figs. 7 and 8, respectively. Combination with the asymmetry measured in

- the dilepton channel [ABAZOV 13P] gives ${\it A}_{FB}^\ell=$ 4.2 \pm 2.0 \pm 1.4 %, in agreement with the SM prediction of 2.0%.
- 4 Based on 9.7 fb $^{-1}$ of data of $p\overline{p}$ data at $\sqrt{s}{=}1.96$ TeV. The measured asymmetry is in agreement with the SM predictions of 8.8 \pm 0.9 % [BERNREUTHER 12], which includes the EW effects. The dependences of the asymmetry on $|{\bf y}(t)-{\bf y}(\overline{t})|$ and $m_{t\,\overline{t}}$ are shown in Figs. 9 and 10, respectively.
- ⁵ Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. Reported A_{FB} values come from the determination of a_i coefficients of $\mathrm{d}\sigma/\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{cos}\theta_t) = \Sigma_i \ a_i \mathrm{P}_i(\mathrm{cos}(\theta_t))$ measurement. The result of $a_1/a_0 = (40 \pm 12)\%$ seems higher than the NLO SM prediction of $(15 {}^{+7}_{-3})\%$.
- $^6\mathrm{\,Based}$ on 9.4 $\mathrm{\,fb^{-1}}$ of data. The quoted result is the asymmetry at the parton level.
- 7 Based on 9.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The observed asymmetry is to be compared with the SM prediction of $A_{FB}^\ell=0.038\pm0.003.$
- ⁸ Based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data. ABAZOV 13A studied the dilepton channel of the $t\,\overline{t}$ events and measured the leptonic forward-backward asymmetry to be $A_{FB}^{\ell}=5.8\pm5.1\pm1.3\%$, which is consistent with the SM (QCD+EW) prediction of 4.7 \pm 0.1%. The result is obtained after combining the measurement (15.2 \pm 4.0%) in the ℓ + jets channel ABAZOV 11AH. The top quark helicity is measured by using the neutrino weighting method to be consistent with zero in both dilepton and ℓ + jets channels.
- ⁹ Based on 5.3 fb⁻¹ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. Events with lepton + $\not\!\!E_T$ + \ge 4jets(\ge 1b) are used. AALTONEN 11F also measures the asymmetry as a function of the rapidity difference $|{\bf y}_t-{\bf y}_{\overline t}|$. The NLO QCD predictions [MCFM] are (4.0 \pm 0.6)% and (8.8 \pm 1.3)% for $m_{t\,\overline t}$ < 450 and > 450 GeV, respectively.
- 10 Based on 5.4 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The error is statistical and systematic combined. The quoted asymmetry is obtained after unfolding to be compared with the MC@NLO prediction of (5.0 \pm 0.1)%. No significant difference between the $m_{t\overline{t}}$ < 450 and > 450 GeV data samples is found. A corrected asymmetry based on the lepton from a top quark decay of (15.2 \pm 4.0)% is measured to be compared to the MC@NLO prediction of (2.1 \pm 0.1)%.
- Result is based on 1.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The FB asymmetry in the $t\overline{t}$ events has been measured in the ℓ + jets mode, where the lepton charge is used as the flavor tag. The asymmetry in the $p\overline{p}$ frame is defined in terms of $\cos(\theta)$ of hadronically decaying t-quark momentum, whereas that in the $t\overline{t}$ frame is defined in terms of the t and \overline{t} rapidity difference. The results are consistent ($\leq 2 \sigma$) with the SM predictions.
- 12 Result is based on 0.9 fb $^{-1}$ of data. The asymmetry in the number of $t\overline{t}$ events with $\mathsf{y}_t > \mathsf{y}_{\overline{t}}$ and those with $\mathsf{y}_t < \mathsf{y}_{\overline{t}}$ has been measured in the lepton + jets final state. The observed value is consistent with the SM prediction of 0.8% by MC@NLO, and an upper bound on the $Z' \to t\overline{t}$ contribution for the SM Z-like couplings is given in in Fig. 2 for 350 GeV $< m_{Z'} < 1$ TeV.

t-Quark Electric Charge

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	<u> Ti</u>	ECN	COMMENT
$0.64 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08$	¹ AAD	13AY A	TLS	$\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \ge 4$ jets (≥ 1 b)
• • • We do not use the following	owing data for avera	ages, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •
	2 ARAZOV	14p D	.Ω	$\ell + F - + > A$ into $\ell > 2$ b)

 2 ABAZOV 14D D0 $\ell+\not\!\!E_{T}+\geq$ 4 jets (\geq 2 b) 3 AALTONEN 13J CDF $\rho \overline{\rho}$ at 1.96 TeV 4 AALTONEN 10S CDF Repl. by AALTONEN 13J 5 ABAZOV 07C D0 fraction of $|\mathbf{q}|{=}4\mathrm{e}/3$ pair

 $^{^1}$ AAD 13AY result is based on 2.05 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, the result is obtained by reconstructing $t\,\overline{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the jet-charge algorithm. This measurement excludes the charge -4/3 assignment to the top quark at more than 8 standard deviations.

- ² ABAZOV 14D result is based on 5.3 fb⁻¹ of $p\overline{p}$ data at \sqrt{s} =1.96 TeV. The electric charge of b+W system in $t\overline{t}$ candidate events is measured from the charges of the leptons from W decay and in b jets. Under the assumption that the b+W system consists of the sum of the top quark and the charge -4/3 quark b'(-4/3) of the same mass, the top quark fraction is found to be $f=0.88\pm0.13$ (stat)±0.11 (syst), or the upper bound for the b'(-4/3) contamination of 1-f<0.46 (95% CL).
- ³ AALTONEN 13J excludes the charge -4/3 assignment to the top quark at 99% CL, using $5.6~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96~{\rm TeV}$. Result is obtained by reconstructing $t\overline{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the jet-charge algorithm.
- ⁴ AALTONEN 10s excludes the charge -4/3 assignment for the top quark [CHANG 99] at 95%CL, using 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. Result is obtained by reconstructing $t\bar{t}$ events in the lepton + jets final state, where b-jet charges are tagged by the SLT (soft lepton tag) algorithm.
- ⁵ ABAZOV 07C reports an upper limit $\rho < 0.80$ (90% CL) on the fraction ρ of exotic quark pairs $Q \, \overline{Q}$ with electric charge $|\mathbf{q}| = 4\mathrm{e}/3$ in $t \, \overline{t}$ candidate events with high p_T lepton, missing E_T and ≥ 4 jets. The result is obtained by measuring the fraction of events in which the quark pair decays into $W^- + b$ and $W^+ + \overline{b}$, where b and \overline{b} jets are discriminated by using the charge and momenta of tracks within the jet cones. The maximum CL at which the model of CHANG 99 can be excluded is 92%. Based on 370 pb $^{-1}$ of data at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

t-Quark REFERENCES

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KHACHATRY	-		V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
-	-	PR D93 034014	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
KHACHATRY	-	PR D93 052007	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
-	-	PR D93 072004	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	`	Collab.)
-	-	PR D93 092006	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	`	Collab.)
-		JHEP 1604 035	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	,	Collab.)
-	-	JHEP 1608 029	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
		JHEP 1609 027	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
KHACHATRY			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
-		JHEP 1604 073	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
KHACHATRY			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	,	Collab.)
-		JHEP 1612 123	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
KHACHATRY	16J	PRL 116 052002	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
KHACHATRY	16T	PL B757 154	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
KHACHATRY	16X	PL B758 321	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS	Collab.)
TEVEWWG	16	arXiv:1608.01881	Tevatron Electroweak Working Group		
AAD	15	PL B740 222	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS	Collab.)
AAD	15A	PL B740 118	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS	
AAD	15AJ	JHEP 1505 061	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS	Collab.)
AAD	15AR	JHEP 1508 105	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS	Collab.)

AAD	15Δ\Λ/	EPJ C75 158	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12RF	EPJ C75 330	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15BO	PR D91 052005	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
		PR D91 112013		
AAD			G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15BW	JHEP 1510 121	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15RY	JHEP 1510 150	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15CC	PR D92 072005	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15CO	JHEP 1512 061	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15D	JHEP 1501 020	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15J	PRL 114 142001	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAIJ	15R	PRL 115 112001	R. Aaij et al.	`(LHCb Collab.)
AALTONEN	15D	PR D92 032003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	15H	PRL 115 152003	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF, D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	15G	PR D91 112003	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	15K	PR D92 052007	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	15	EPJ C75 216 (errat.)		,
		,		(CMS Collab.)
AAD	14	PL B728 363	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	1/1ΔΔ	JHEP 1406 008	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14AY	EPJ C74 3109	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14BB	PR D90 112016	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
			G. Aad et al.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AAD				(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14l	JHEP 1402 107	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN	14A	PR D89 091101	T. Aaltonen et al.	` (CDF Collab.)
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AALTONEN	14F	PRL 113 042001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PRL 117 199901 (errat.)	T Aaltonen et al	(CDF Collab.)
	1.0			
AALTONEN	14G	PRL 112 221801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14H	PR D89 072001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF, D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN	14K	PRL 112 231805	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14L	PRL 112 231804	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	14M		T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF, D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN	14N	PR D90 091101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	140	PRL 113 261804	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
				`
ABAZOV	14C	PRL 113 032002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D91 112003	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
	14D			) (
ABAZOV			V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	14G	PR D90 072001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	14H	PR D90 072011	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
				) (
ABAZOV	14K	PR D90 092006	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14	PL B728 496	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
		PRL 112 231802		
			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14AE	EPJ C74 3014	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
Also		EPJ C75 216 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
	140			
CHATRCHYAN	14C	EPJ C74 2758	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14D	JHEP 1404 191	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1402 024	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	140	PL B731 173	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14R	PR D90 032006	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
		DDI 110 171000	C Chatraly an at al	
CHATRCHYAN		PRL 112 171802	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14E	PL B736 33	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14F	JHEP 1406 090	V. Khachartryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
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KHACHATRY	14H	JHEP 1409 087	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14K	PL B738 526 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY		EPJ C74 3060	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
				)
KHACHATRY	14Q	PR D90 112013	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	14R	JHEP 1411 154	V. Khachartryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY		PL B739 23	V. Khachartryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	13AY	JHEP 1311 031	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13RF	PRL 111 232002	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13X	EPJ C73 2328	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN	13AB	PR D88 091103	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 111 182002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	
				(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13D	PR D87 031104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13E	PR D87 052013	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN			T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13G	PR D87 111101		/
	13G 13H	PR D88 011101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	13H	PR D88 011101	T. Aaltonen et al.	
AALTONEN	13H 13J	PR D88 011101 PR D88 032003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	13H 13J 13S	PR D88 011101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13H 13J	PR D88 011101 PR D88 032003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN	13H 13J 13S 13X	PR D88 011101 PR D88 032003 PR D87 092002 PR D88 072003	<ul> <li>T. Aaltonen et al.</li> <li>T. Aaltonen et al.</li> <li>T. Aaltonen et al.</li> <li>T. Aaltonen et al.</li> </ul>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN	13H 13J 13S 13X 13Z	PR D88 011101 PR D88 032003 PR D87 092002 PR D88 072003 PRL 111 202001	<ul> <li>T. Aaltonen et al.</li> </ul>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN ABAZOV	13H 13J 13S 13X 13Z 13A	PR D88 011101 PR D88 032003 PR D87 092002 PR D88 072003 PRL 111 202001 PR D87 011103	T. Aaltonen et al. V.M. Abazov et al.	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN AALTONEN	13H 13J 13S 13X 13Z	PR D88 011101 PR D88 032003 PR D87 092002 PR D88 072003 PRL 111 202001	<ul> <li>T. Aaltonen et al.</li> </ul>	(CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CDF Collab.)

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ABAZOV	13P	PR D88 112002	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13AY	JHEP 1305 065	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13BB	PL B720 83	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
	-				
		JHEP 1310 167	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
CHATRCHYAN	13C	PRL 110 022003	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13F	PL B718 1252	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	-	EPJ C73 2494	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
AAD		PL B707 459	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	
AAD	12BE	JHEP 1204 069	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	Collab.)
AAD	12BF	JHEP 1205 059	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1206 088	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	
AAD		EPJ C72 2039			
			G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	
AAD	12BL	EPJ C72 2043	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	Lollab.)
AAD	12BO	PL B711 244	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	Collab.)
AAD	12RP	PL B712 351	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS C	`ollah Ĵ
AAD		JHEP 1209 139	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>		
				(ATLAS C	
AAD		PL B717 89	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	ر.ollab.
AAD	12CH	PL B717 330	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	Collab.)
AAD	12I	EPJ C72 2046	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	`ollab ĺ
AALTONEN		PRL 109 152003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 109 192001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	
AALTONEN	12AP	PR D86 092003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF, D0 C	Collab.)
AALTONEN	12G	PL B714 24	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	CDF C	Collab.)
AALTONEN	12Z	PR D85 071106	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF, D0 C	
ABAZOV		PR D86 051103	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV	12B	PRL 108 032004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	12E	PL B708 21	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	12I	PL B713 165	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
ABAZOV	12T	PR D85 091104	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
BERNREUTH	12	PR D86 034026	W. Bernreuther, ZG. Si	(AACH, S	SHDN)
CHATRCHYAN	12AC	PR D85 112007	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AX	JHEP 1211 067	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
CHATRCHYAN					
			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
CHATRCHYAN			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
CHATRCHYAN	12BP	JHEP 1212 105	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12BQ	JHEP 1212 035	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1206 109	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS C	
AAD	11A	EPJ C71 1577	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS C	Lollab.)
AALTONEN	11AC	PR D84 071105	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	Collab.)
AALTONEN	11AK	PRL 107 232002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF C	
AALTONEN		PR D83 031104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>		
				(CDF C	
AALTONEN	11D	PR D83 071102	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	
AALTONEN	11E	PR D83 111101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	Collab.)
AALTONEN	11F	PR D83 112003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	Collab.)
AALTONEN	11K	PRL 106 152001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF C	
	11T		T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>		
AALTONEN		PL B698 371		(CDF C	
AALTONEN	11W	PR D84 031101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	ر.ollab.)
AALTONEN	11Y	PR D84 032003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	Collab.)
AALTONEN	11Z	PR D84 031104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF C	
ABAZOV	11A	PL B695 88	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	`	Collab.)
ABAZOV		PL B705 313	V.M. Abazov et al.	)	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11AD	PR D84 112001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11AE	PRL 107 032001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV		PL B702 16	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
		PR D84 112005	V.M. Abazov et al.		
ABAZOV					Collab.)
ABAZOV	11B	PRL 106 022001	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11C	PR D83 032009	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11E	PR D84 012008	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11M	PL B701 313	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11P	PR D84 032004	V.M. Abazov et al.		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11R	PRL 107 082004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
ABAZOV	11S	PL B703 422	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11T	PR D84 052005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 C	Collab.)
ABAZOV	11X	PRL 107 121802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>		Collab.)
	11Z		V.M. Abazov et al.		
ABAZOV		PL B704 403			Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
CHATRCHYAN	11F	JHEP 1107 049	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11R	PRL 107 091802	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS C	Collab.
CHATRCHYAN		PR D84 092004	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS C	
SI II CI II (IV			S. S. actionyan St al.	(01010)	.5.1.45.)

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KHACHATRY		PL B695 424	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AALTONEN	10AA	PR D82 052002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10AB	PR D82 112005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	-	PRL 105 232003	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
				(CDF C III.)
AALTONEN		PRL 105 252001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10C	PR D81 031102	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10D	PR D81 032002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10E	PR D81 052011	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10Q	PRL 105 042002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
	105		T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 105 101801		(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10U	PR D81 072003	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10V	PR D81 092002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10W	PRL 105 012001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	10	PL B682 363	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	101	PR D82 032002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
			V.M. Abazov et al.	
ABAZOV	10J	PL B690 5		(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10K	PL B693 81	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10Q	PR D82 071102	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AHRENS	10	JHEP 1009 097	V. Ahrens et al.	(MANZ, HEIDH)
AHRENS	10A	NPBPS 205-206 48	V. Ahrens et al.	(MANZ, HEIDH)
AALTONEN	09AD	PR D79 112007	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D80 051104	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
-		PR D80 052001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	``
AALTONEN				(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 103 092002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09F	PR D79 031101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09H	PR D79 052007	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09J	PR D79 072001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09K	PR D79 072010	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09L	PR D79 092005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
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AALTONEN	09M	PRL 102 042001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09N	PRL 102 151801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09O	PRL 102 152001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09Q	PL B674 160	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09X	PR D79 072005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AARON	09A	PL B678 450	F.D. Aaron et al.	` (H1 Collab.)
ABAZOV		PRL 103 132001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV		PR D80 071102	V.M. Abazov et al.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV		PR D80 092006	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09J	PRL 102 092002	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09R	PL B679 177	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09Z	PRL 103 092001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
LANGENFELD	09	PR D80 054009	U. Langenfeld, S. Moch, P. Uwer	
AALTONEN	08AB	PRL 101 202001	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 192002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PR D78 111101	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
				(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN		PRL 101 252001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	08C	PRL 100 062005	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	HA80	PRL 101 182001	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	IA80	PRL 101 221801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08B	PRL 100 062004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	180	PR D78 012005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08L	PRL 100 142002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08M	PRL 100 192003	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
				> (
ABAZOV	08N	PRL 100 192004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	80	PR D78 012003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
CACCIARI	80	JHEP 0809 127	M. Cacciari <i>et al.</i>	
KIDONAKIS	80	PR D78 074005	N. Kidonakis, R. Vogt	
MOCH	80	PR D78 034003	S. Moch, P. Uwer	(BERL, KARLE)
AALTONEN	07	PRL 98 142001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07B	PR D75 111103	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
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AALTONEN	07D	PR D76 072009	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	07I	PRL 99 182002	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	07C	PRL 98 041801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07D	PR D75 031102	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07F	PR D75 092001	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07H	PRL 98 181802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	070	PR D76 052006	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07P	PR D76 072007	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07R	PR D76 092007	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
			V.M. Abazov et al.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ABAZOV	07V	PRL 99 191802		(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	07W	PL B655 7	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)

ABULENCIA	07D	PR D75 031105	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07G	PRL 98 072001	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07I	PR D75 052001	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	07J	PR D75 071102	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	06K	PL B639 616	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06U	PR D74 092005	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
				` · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ABAZOV	06X	PR D74 112004	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06D	PRL 96 022004	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D73 032003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D73 092002	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06G		A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	
	UUG	PRL 96 152002		(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D74 032009	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06R	PL B639 172	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06U	PR D73 111103	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06V	PR D73 112006	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06Z	PRL 97 082004	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A	06C	PRL 96 202002	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A	06E	PR D74 072005	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA,A		PR D74 072006	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
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ABAZOV	05	PL B606 25	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05G	PL B617 1	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05L	PR D72 011104	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05P	PL B622 265	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
	001	PL B517 282	V.M. Abazov et al.	
Also				(D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D63 031101	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
Also		PR D75 092007	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05Q	PL B626 35	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	05R	PL B626 55	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
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ABAZOV	05X	PL B626 45	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ACOSTA	05A	PRL 95 102002	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05D	PR D71 031101	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05N	PR D71 012005	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05S	PR D72 032002	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05T	PR D72 052003	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05U	PR D71 072005	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05V	PR D71 052003	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	04G	NAT 429 638	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04C	PL B590 21	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACOSTA	04H	PR D69 052003	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	04I	PRL 93 142001	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AKTAS	04	EPJ C33 9	A. Aktas <i>et al.</i>	`(H1 Collab.)
		PR D67 012004		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ABAZOV	03A		V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
CHEKANOV	03	PL B559 153	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
ACHARD	02J	PL B549 290	P. Achard et al.	(L3 Collab.)
ACOSTA	02	PR D65 091102	D. Acosta et al.	(CDF Collab.)
HEISTER	02Q	PL B543 173	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
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ABBIENDI	01T	PL B521 181	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01	PR D63 032003	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01A	PR D64 032002	T. Affolder et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01C		T. Affolder et al.	(CDF Collab.)
AFFOLDER	00B	PRL 84 216	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	00S	PL B494 33	S. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABBOTT	99G	PR D60 052001	B. Abbott et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	99B	PRL 82 271	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
	330			
Also		PRL 82 2808 (erratum)		(CDF Collab.)
CHANG	99	PR D59 091503	D. Chang, W. Chang, E. Ma	
ABBOTT	98D	PRL 80 2063	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBOTT	98F	PR D58 052001	B. Abbott et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	98E	PRL 80 2767	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98F	PRL 80 2779	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98G	PRL 80 2525	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98X	PRL 80 2773	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BHAT	98B	IJMP A13 5113	P.C. Bhat, H.B. Prosper, S.S. Snyder	` ,
ABACHI	97E	PRL 79 1197	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	97R	PRL 79 1992	F. Abe et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	97V	PRL 79 3585	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
PDG	96	PR D54 1	R. M. Barnett et al.	(PDG Collab.)
ABACHI	95	PRL 74 2632	S. Abachi et al.	(D0 Collab.)
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ABE	95F	PRL 74 2626	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	94E	PR D50 2966	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PRL 73 225	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)