



$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

e MASS

The mass is known much more precisely in u (atomic mass units) than in MeV; see the footnote. The conversion from u to MeV, $1 u = 931.494013 \pm 0.000037 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ (MOHR 99, the 1998 CODATA value), involves the relatively poorly known electronic charge.

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.510998902 \pm 0.000000021$	¹ MOHR	99	RVUE 1998 CODATA value
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$0.51099907 \pm 0.00000015$	² FARNHAM	95	CNTR Penning
$0.51099906 \pm 0.00000015$	³ COHEN	87	RVUE 1986 CODATA value
0.5110034 ± 0.0000014	COHEN	73	RVUE 1973 CODATA value

¹ MOHR 99 (1998 CODATA) value in atomic mass units is 0.0005485799110(12).

² FARNHAM 95 compares cyclotron frequency of trapped electrons with that of a single trapped $^{12}\text{C}^{+6}$ ion. The result is $m_e = 0.0005485799111(12) u$, where the figure in parenthesis is the 1σ uncertainty in the last digit. The uncertainty after conversion to MeV is dominated by the uncertainty in the electron charge.

³ COHEN 87 (1986 CODATA) value in atomic mass units is 0.000548579903(13). See footnote on FARNHAM 95.

$$(m_{e^+} - m_{e^-}) / m_{\text{average}}$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 8 \times 10^{-9}$	90	⁴ FEE	93	CNTR Positronium spectroscopy
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	CHU	84	CNTR Positronium spectroscopy

⁴ FEE 93 value is obtained under the assumption that the positronium Rydberg constant is exactly half the hydrogen one.

$$|q_{e^+} + q_{e^-}|/e$$

A test of *CPT* invariance. See also similar tests involving the proton.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4 \times 10^{-8}$	⁵ HUGHES	92	RVUE
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$< 2 \times 10^{-18}$	⁶ SCHAEFER	95	THEO Vacuum polarization
$< 1 \times 10^{-18}$	⁷ MUELLER	92	THEO Vacuum polarization

⁵ HUGHES 92 uses recent measurements of Rydberg-energy and cyclotron-frequency ratios.

⁶ SCHAEFER 95 removes model dependency of MUELLER 92.

⁷ MUELLER 92 argues that an inequality of the charge magnitudes would, through higher-order vacuum polarization, contribute to the net charge of atoms.

e MAGNETIC MOMENT ANOMALY

$$\mu_e/\mu_B - 1 = (g-2)/2$$

For the most accurate theoretical calculation, see KINOSHITA 81.

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
1159.6521869 ± 0.0000041	⁸ MOHR	99	RVUE	1998 CODATA value
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1159.652193 ± 0.000010	⁸ COHEN	87	RVUE	1986 CODATA value
1159.6521884 ± 0.0000043	VANDYCK	87	MRS	– Single electron
1159.6521879 ± 0.0000043	VANDYCK	87	MRS	+ Single positron
⁸ The CODATA value assumes the $g/2$ values for e^+ and e^- are equal, as required by CPT.				

$$(g_{e^+} - g_{e^-}) / g_{\text{average}}$$

A test of CPT invariance.

VALUE (units 10^{-12})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
– 0.5 ± 2.1		⁹ VANDYCK	87	MRS Penning trap
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
< 12	95	¹⁰ VASSERMAN	87	CNTR Assumes $m_{e^+} = m_{e^-}$
22 ± 64		SCHWINBERG	81	MRS Penning trap
⁹ VANDYCK 87 measured $(g_-/g_+) - 1$ and we converted it.				
¹⁰ VASSERMAN 87 measured $(g_+ - g_-)/(g-2)$. We multiplied by $(g-2)/g = 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$.				

e ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT

A nonzero value is forbidden by both T invariance and P invariance.

VALUE (10^{-26} e cm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.18 ± 0.12 ± 0.10		¹¹ COMMINS	94	MRS ²⁰⁵ Tl beams
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
– 0.27 ± 0.83		¹¹ ABDULLAH	90	MRS ²⁰⁵ Tl beams
– 14 ± 24		CHO	89	NMR Tl F molecules
– 1.5 ± 5.5 ± 1.5		MURTHY	89	Cesium, no B field
– 50 ± 110		LAMOREAUX	87	NMR ¹⁹⁹ Hg
190 ± 340	90	SANDARS	75	MRS Thallium
70 ± 220	90	PLAYER	70	MRS Xenon
< 300	90	WEISSKOPF	68	MRS Cesium
¹¹ ABDULLAH 90 and COMMINS 94 use the relativistic enhancement of a valence electron's electric dipole moment in a high-Z atom.				

e^- MEAN LIFE / BRANCHING FRACTION

A test of charge conservation. See the “Note on Testing Charge Conservation and the Pauli Exclusion Principle” following this section in our 1992 edition (Physical Review **D45**, 1 June, Part II (1992), p. VI.10).

Most of these experiments are one of three kinds: Attempts to observe (a) the (K) shell x ray produced when an electron decays without additional energy deposit, e.g., $e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e \nu_e$ (“disappearance” experiments), (b) the 255.5 keV gamma ray produced in $e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \gamma$, and (c) nuclear de-excitation gamma rays after the electron disappears from an atomic shell and the nucleus is left in an excited state. The last can include both weak boson and photon mediating processes. We use the best “disappearance” limit for the Summary Tables. The best limit for the specific channel $e^- \rightarrow \nu \gamma$ is much better.

Note that we use the mean life rather than the half life, which is often reported.

<u>VALUE (yr)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
>3.4 × 10²⁶	68	BELLI	00B DAMA	Liquid Xe
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>4.2 × 10 ²⁴	68	BELLI	99 DAMA	Iodine L-shell disappearance
>6.4 × 10 ²⁴	68	¹² BELLI	99B DAMA	Disappearance in ¹²⁹ Xe
>2.4 × 10 ²³	90	¹³ BELLI	99D DAMA	Disappear in ¹²⁷ I (in NaI)
>4.3 × 10 ²³	68	AHARONOV	95B CNTR	Ge K-shell disappearance
>3.7 × 10 ²³	68	AHARONOV	95B CNTR	$e^- \rightarrow \nu \gamma$
>2.35 × 10 ²⁵	68	BALYSH	93 CNTR	$e^- \rightarrow \nu \gamma$, ⁷⁶ Ge detector
>2.7 × 10 ²³	68	REUSSER	91 CNTR	Ge K-shell disappearance
>1.5 × 10 ²⁵	68	AVIGNONE	86 CNTR	$e^- \rightarrow \nu \gamma$
>1 × 10 ³⁹		¹⁴ ORITO	85 ASTR	Astrophysical argument
>3 × 10 ²³	68	BELLOTTI	83B CNTR	$e^- \rightarrow \nu \gamma$
>2 × 10 ²²	68	BELLOTTI	83B CNTR	Ge K-shell disappearance
¹² BELLI 99B limit on charge nonconserving e^- capture involving excitation of the 236.1 keV nuclear state of ¹²⁹ Xe. Less stringent limits for other states are also given.				
¹³ BELLI 99D limit on charge nonconserving e^- capture involving excitation of the 57.6 keV nuclear state of ¹²⁷ I. Less stringent limits for the other states and for the state of ²³ Na are also given.				
¹⁴ ORITO 85 assumes that electromagnetic forces extend out to large enough distances and that the age of our galaxy is 10 ¹⁰ years.				

e REFERENCES

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BELLI	99	PL B460 236	P. Belli <i>et al.</i>	(DAMA Collab.)
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MOHR	99	JPCRD 28 1713	P.J. Mohr, B.N. Taylor	(NIST)
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AHARONOV	95B	PR D52 3785	Y. Aharonov <i>et al.</i>	(SCUC, PNL, ZAGR+)
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FARNHAM	95	PRL 75 3598	D.L. Farnham, R.S. van Dyck, P.B. Schwinberg	(WASH)
SCHAEFER	95	PR A51 838	A. Schaefer, J. Reinhardt	(FRAN)
COMMINS	94	PR A50 2960	E.D. Commins <i>et al.</i>	
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HUGHES	92	PRL 69 578	R.J. Hughes, B.I. Deutch	(LANL, AARH)
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VASSERMAN	87	PL B198 302	I.B. Vasserman <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
Also	87B	PL B187 172	I.B. Vasserman <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
AVIGNONE	86	PR D34 97	F.T. Avignone <i>et al.</i>	(PNL, SCUC)
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CHU	84	PRL 52 1689	S. Chu, A.P. Mills, J.L. Hall	(BELL, NBS, COLO)
BELLOTTI	83B	PL 124B 435	E. Bellotti <i>et al.</i>	(MILA)
KINOSHITA	81	PRL 47 1573	T. Kinoshita, W.B. Lindquist	(CORN)
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PLAYER	70	JPB 3 1620	M.A. Player, P.G.H. Sandars	(OXF)
WEISSKOPF	68	PRL 21 1645	M.C. Weisskopf <i>et al.</i>	(BRAN)