THE $\rho(1450)$ AND THE $\rho(1700)$

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In our 1988 edition, we replaced the $\rho(1600)$ entry with two new ones, the $\rho(1450)$ and the $\rho(1700)$, because there was emerging evidence that the 1600-MeV region actually contains two ρ-like resonances. ERKAL 86 had pointed out this possibility with a theoretical analysis on the consistency of 2π and 4π electromagnetic form factors and the $\pi\pi$ scattering length. DONNACHIE 87, with a full analysis of data on the 2π and 4π final states in e^+e^- annihilation and photoproduction reactions, had also argued that in order to obtain a consistent picture two resonances were necessary. The existence of $\rho(1450)$ was supported by the analysis of $\eta\rho^0$ mass spectra obtained in photoproduction and e^+e^- annihilation (DONNACHIE 87B) as well as that of $e^+e^- \to \omega\pi$ (DONNACHIE 91).

The analysis of DONNACHIE 87 was further extended by CLEGG 88, 94 to include new data on 4π systems produced in e^+e^- annihilation and in τ decays (τ decays to 4π and e^+e^- annihilation to 4π can be related by the Conserved Vector Current assumption). These systems were successfully analyzed using interfering contributions from two ρ-like states, and from the tail of the $\rho(770)$ decaying into two-body states. While specific conclusions on $\rho(1450) \to 4\pi$ were obtained, little could be said about the $\rho(1700)$.

An analysis by CLEGG 90 of 6π mass spectra from e^+e^- annihilation and from diffractive photoproduction provides evidence for two ρ mesons at about 2.1 and 1.8 GeV that decay strongly into 6π states. While the former is a candidate for a new resonance ($\rho(2150)$), the latter could be a manifestation of the $\rho(1700)$ distorted by threshold effects.

Independent evidence for two 1^- states is provided by KILLIAN 80 in 4π electroproduction at $\langle Q^2 \rangle = 1$ $(\mathrm{GeV}/c)^2$, and by FUKUI 88 in a high-statistics sample of the $\eta\pi\pi$ system in $\pi^- p$ charge exchange.

This scenario with two overlapping resonances is supported by other data. BISELLO 89 measured the pion form factor in the interval 1.35–2.4 GeV and observed a deep minimum

around 1.6 GeV. The best fit was obtained with the hypothesis of ρ-like resonances at 1420 and 1770 MeV with widths of about 250 MeV. ANTONELLI 88 found that the $e^+e^- \to \eta\,\pi^+\,\pi^-$ cross section is better fitted with two fully interfering Breit-Wigners, with parameters in fair agreement with those of DONNACHIE 87 and BISELLO 89. These results can be considered as a confirmation of the $\rho(1450)$.

Decisive evidence for the $\pi\pi$ decay mode of both $\rho(1450)$ and $\rho(1700)$ came from recent results in $\overline{p}p$ annihilation at rest (ABELE 97). According to ABELE 98 these resonances also possess a $K\overline{K}$ decay mode. High statistics studies of the $\tau \to \pi\pi\nu_\tau$ decay also require the $\rho(1450)$ (BARATE 97M, URHEIM 97), but are not sensitive to the $\rho(1700)$ because it is too close to the τ mass.

The structure of these ρ states is not yet completely clear. BARNES 97 and CLOSE 97C claim that $\rho(1450)$ has a mass consistent with radial $2S$, but its decays show characteristics of hybrids and suggest that this state may be a $2S$-hybrid mixture.

We also list under the $\rho(1450)$ the $\phi\pi$ state with $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$ or $C(1480)$ observed by BITYUKOV 87. While ACHASOV 96B shows that it may be a threshold effect, CLEGG 88 and LANDSBERG 92 suggest two independent vector states with this decay mode. Note, however, that $C(1480)$ in its $\phi\pi$ decay mode was not confirmed by e^+e^- (DOLINSKY 91, BISELLO 91C) and $\overline{p}p$ (ABELE 97H) experiments.

Several observations on the $\omega\pi$ system in the 1200-MeV region (FRENKIEL 72, COSME 76, BARBER 80C, ASTON 80C, ATKINSON 84C, BRAU 88, AMSLER 93B) may be interpreted in terms of either $J^P = 1^-$ $\rho(770) \to \omega\pi$ production (LAYSSAC 71) or $J^P = 1^+$ $b_1(1235)$ production (BRAU 88, AMSLER 93B). We argue that no special entry for a $\rho(1250)$ is needed. The LASS amplitude analysis (ASTON 91B) showing evidence for $\rho(1270)$ is preliminary and needs confirmation. For completeness, the relevant observations are listed under the $\rho(1450)$.