

# N BARYONS

## ( $S = 0, I = 1/2$ )

$$p, N^+ = uud; \quad n, N^0 = udd$$

**p**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 938.27231 \pm 0.00028 \text{ MeV [a]}$$

$$= 1.007276470 \pm 0.000000012 \text{ u}$$

$$\left| \frac{q_{\bar{p}}}{m_{\bar{p}}} \right| / \left( \frac{q_p}{m_p} \right) = 1.0000000015 \pm 0.0000000011$$

$$\left| q_p + q_{\bar{p}} \right| / e < 2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\left| q_p + q_e \right| / e < 1.0 \times 10^{-21} \text{ [b]}$$

$$\text{Magnetic moment } \mu = 2.79284739 \pm 0.00000006 \mu_N$$

$$\text{Electric dipole moment } d = (-4 \pm 6) \times 10^{-23} \text{ e cm}$$

$$\text{Electric polarizability } \bar{\alpha} = (12.1 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$$

$$\text{Magnetic polarizability } \bar{\beta} = (2.1 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau > 1.6 \times 10^{25} \text{ years (independent of mode)}$$

$$> 10^{31} \text{ to } 5 \times 10^{32} \text{ years [c] (mode dependent)}$$

Below, for  $N$  decays,  $p$  and  $n$  distinguish proton and neutron partial lifetimes. See also the "Note on Nucleon Decay" in our 1994 edition (Phys. Rev. **D50**, 1673) for a short review.

The "partial mean life" limits tabulated here are the limits on  $\tau/B_j$ , where  $\tau$  is the total mean life and  $B_j$  is the branching fraction for the mode in question.

<b>p DECAY MODES</b>	Partial mean life ( $10^{30}$ years)	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Antilepton + meson</b>			
$N \rightarrow e^+ \pi$	> 130 ( $n$ ), > 550 ( $p$ )	90%	459
$N \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi$	> 100 ( $n$ ), > 270 ( $p$ )	90%	453
$N \rightarrow \nu \pi$	> 100 ( $n$ ), > 25 ( $p$ )	90%	459
$p \rightarrow e^+ \eta$	> 140	90%	309
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \eta$	> 69	90%	296
$n \rightarrow \nu \eta$	> 54	90%	310
$N \rightarrow e^+ \rho$	> 58 ( $n$ ), > 75 ( $p$ )	90%	153
$N \rightarrow \mu^+ \rho$	> 23 ( $n$ ), > 110 ( $p$ )	90%	119
$N \rightarrow \nu \rho$	> 19 ( $n$ ), > 27 ( $p$ )	90%	153
$p \rightarrow e^+ \omega$	> 45	90%	142

$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \omega$	> 57	90%	104
$n \rightarrow \nu \omega$	> 43	90%	144
$N \rightarrow e^+ K$	> 1.3 ( $n$ ), > 150 ( $p$ )	90%	337
$p \rightarrow e^+ K_S^0$	> 76	90%	337
$p \rightarrow e^+ K_L^0$	> 44	90%	337
$N \rightarrow \mu^+ K$	> 1.1 ( $n$ ), > 120 ( $p$ )	90%	326
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ K_S^0$	> 64	90%	326
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ K_L^0$	> 44	90%	326
$N \rightarrow \nu K$	> 86 ( $n$ ), > 100 ( $p$ )	90%	339
$p \rightarrow e^+ K^*(892)^0$	> 52	90%	45
$N \rightarrow \nu K^*(892)$	> 22 ( $n$ ), > 20 ( $p$ )	90%	45

### Antilepton + mesons

$p \rightarrow e^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 21	90%	448
$p \rightarrow e^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 38	90%	449
$n \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	> 32	90%	449
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 17	90%	425
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 33	90%	427
$n \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	> 33	90%	427
$n \rightarrow e^+ K^0 \pi^-$	> 18	90%	319

### Lepton + meson

$n \rightarrow e^- \pi^+$	> 65	90%	459
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+$	> 49	90%	453
$n \rightarrow e^- \rho^+$	> 62	90%	154
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \rho^+$	> 7	90%	120
$n \rightarrow e^- K^+$	> 32	90%	340
$n \rightarrow \mu^- K^+$	> 57	90%	330

### Lepton + mesons

$p \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 30	90%	448
$n \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 29	90%	449
$p \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 17	90%	425
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 34	90%	427
$p \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ K^+$	> 20	90%	320
$p \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ K^+$	> 5	90%	279

### Antilepton + photon(s)

$p \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$	> 460	90%	469
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \gamma$	> 380	90%	463
$n \rightarrow \nu \gamma$	> 24	90%	470
$p \rightarrow e^+ \gamma \gamma$	> 100	90%	469

### Three (or more) leptons

$p \rightarrow e^+ e^+ e^-$	> 510	90%	469
$p \rightarrow e^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	> 81	90%	457
$p \rightarrow e^+ \nu \nu$	> 11	90%	469
$n \rightarrow e^+ e^- \nu$	> 74	90%	470
$n \rightarrow \mu^+ e^- \nu$	> 47	90%	464
$n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \nu$	> 42	90%	458
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ e^+ e^-$	> 91	90%	464
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	> 190	90%	439
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \nu$	> 21	90%	463
$p \rightarrow e^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	> 6	90%	457
$n \rightarrow 3\nu$	> 0.0005	90%	470

### Inclusive modes

$N \rightarrow e^+$ anything	> 0.6 ( $n, p$ )	90%	—
$N \rightarrow \mu^+$ anything	> 12 ( $n, p$ )	90%	—
$N \rightarrow e^+ \pi^0$ anything	> 0.6 ( $n, p$ )	90%	—

### $\Delta B = 2$ dinucleon modes

The following are lifetime limits per iron nucleus.

$pp \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 0.7	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 2	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 0.7	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 3.4	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow e^+ e^+$	> 5.8	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow e^+ \mu^+$	> 3.6	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^+$	> 1.7	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow e^+ \bar{\nu}$	> 2.8	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow \mu^+ \bar{\nu}$	> 1.6	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e$	> 0.000012	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu$	> 0.000006	90%	—

### $\bar{p}$ DECAY MODES

$\bar{p}$ DECAY MODES	Partial mean life (years)	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \gamma$	> 1848	95%	469
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \pi^0$	> 554	95%	459
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \eta$	> 171	95%	309
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- K_S^0$	> 29	95%	337
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- K_L^0$	> 9	95%	337

***n***

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 939.56563 \pm 0.00028 \text{ MeV [a]}$$

$$= 1.008664904 \pm 0.000000014 \text{ u}$$

$$m_n - m_p = 1.293318 \pm 0.000009 \text{ MeV}$$

$$= 0.001388434 \pm 0.000000009 \text{ u}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = 886.7 \pm 1.9 \text{ s } (S = 1.2)$$

$$c\tau = 2.658 \times 10^8 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Magnetic moment } \mu = -1.9130428 \pm 0.0000005 \mu_N$$

$$\text{Electric dipole moment } d < 0.97 \times 10^{-25} \text{ e cm, CL} = 90\%$$

$$\text{Electric polarizability } \alpha = (0.98_{-0.23}^{+0.19}) \times 10^{-3} \text{ fm}^3 (S = 1.1)$$

$$\text{Charge } q = (-0.4 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-21} \text{ e}$$

$$\text{Mean } n\bar{n}\text{-oscillation time } > 1.2 \times 10^8 \text{ s, CL} = 90\% \text{ [d] (bound } n)$$

$$> 0.86 \times 10^8 \text{ s, CL} = 90\% \text{ (free } n)$$

### Decay parameters [e]

$$p e^- \bar{\nu}_e \quad g_A/g_V = -1.2670 \pm 0.0035 (S = 1.9)$$

$$" \quad A = -0.1162 \pm 0.0013 (S = 1.8)$$

$$" \quad B = 0.990 \pm 0.008$$

$$" \quad a = -0.102 \pm 0.005$$

$$" \quad \phi_{AV} = (180.07 \pm 0.18)^\circ \text{ [f]}$$

$$" \quad D = (-0.5 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

<b><i>n</i> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$\frac{p}{\text{MeV}/c}$
$p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	100 %		1.19
<b>Charge conservation (Q) violating mode</b>			
$p \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e$	$Q < 8 \times 10^{-27}$	68%	1.29

**$N(1440) P_{11}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1430 to 1470 ( $\approx 1440$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 250 to 450 ( $\approx 350$ ) MeV  
 $p_{\text{beam}} = 0.61 \text{ GeV}/c$        $4\pi\lambda^2 = 31.0 \text{ mb}$   
 Re(pole position) = 1345 to 1385 ( $\approx 1365$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 160 \text{ to } 260$  ( $\approx 210$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1440)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	60–70 %	397
$N\pi\pi$	30–40 %	342
$\Delta\pi$	20–30 %	143
$N\rho$	<8 %	†
$N(\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}^{I=0}$	5–10 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.035–0.048 %	414
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.035–0.048 %	414
$n\gamma$	0.009–0.032 %	413
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.009–0.032 %	413

 **$N(1520) D_{13}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1515 to 1530 ( $\approx 1520$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 110 to 135 ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV  
 $p_{\text{beam}} = 0.74 \text{ GeV}/c$        $4\pi\lambda^2 = 23.5 \text{ mb}$   
 Re(pole position) = 1505 to 1515 ( $\approx 1510$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 110 \text{ to } 120$  ( $\approx 115$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1520)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	50–60 %	456
$N\pi\pi$	40–50 %	410
$\Delta\pi$	15–25 %	228
$N\rho$	15–25 %	†
$N(\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}^{I=0}$	<8 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.46–0.56 %	470
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.034 %	470
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.44–0.53 %	470
$n\gamma$	0.30–0.53 %	470
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.04–0.10 %	470
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.25–0.45 %	470

**$N(1535) S_{11}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1520 to 1555 ( $\approx 1535$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 100 to 250 ( $\approx 150$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 0.76 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 22.5 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1495 to 1515 ( $\approx 1505$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 90$  to 250 ( $\approx 170$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1535)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	35–55 %	467
$N\eta$	30–55 %	182
$N\pi\pi$	1–10 %	422
$\Delta\pi$	<1 %	242
$N\rho$	<4 %	†
$N(\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}^{I=0}$	<3 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	<7 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.15–0.35 %	481
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.15–0.35 %	481
$n\gamma$	0.004–0.29 %	480
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.004–0.29 %	480

**$N(1650) S_{11}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1640 to 1680 ( $\approx 1650$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 145 to 190 ( $\approx 150$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 0.96 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 16.4 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1640 to 1680 ( $\approx 1660$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 150$  to 170 ( $\approx 160$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1650)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	55–90 %	547
$N\eta$	3–10 %	346
$\Lambda K$	3–11 %	161
$N\pi\pi$	10–20 %	511
$\Delta\pi$	1–7 %	344
$N\rho$	4–12 %	†
$N(\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}^{I=0}$	<4 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	<5 %	147
$p\gamma$	0.04–0.18 %	558
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.04–0.18 %	558
$n\gamma$	0.003–0.17 %	557
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.003–0.17 %	557

**$N(1675) D_{15}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1670 to 1685 ( $\approx 1675$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 140 to 180 ( $\approx 150$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 1.01 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 15.4 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1655 to 1665 ( $\approx 1660$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 125 \text{ to } 155 (\approx 140) \text{ MeV}$ 

<b><math>N(1675)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	40–50 %	563
$\Lambda K$	<1 %	209
$N\pi\pi$	50–60 %	529
$\Delta\pi$	50–60 %	364
$N\rho$	< 1–3 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.004–0.023 %	575
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.015 %	575
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.0–0.011 %	575
$n\gamma$	0.02–0.12 %	574
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.006–0.046 %	574
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.08 %	574

**$N(1680) F_{15}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1675 to 1690 ( $\approx 1680$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 120 to 140 ( $\approx 130$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 1.01 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 15.2 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1665 to 1675 ( $\approx 1670$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 105$  to  $135$  ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1680)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	60–70 %	567
$N\pi\pi$	30–40 %	532
$\Delta\pi$	5–15 %	369
$N\rho$	3–15 %	†
$N(\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}^{I=0}$	5–20 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.21–0.32 %	578
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.011 %	578
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.20–0.32 %	578
$n\gamma$	0.021–0.046 %	577
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.004–0.029 %	577
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.024 %	577

 **$N(1700) D_{13}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1650 to 1750 ( $\approx 1700$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 50 to 150 ( $\approx 100$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 1.05 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 14.5 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1630 to 1730 ( $\approx 1680$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 50$  to  $150$  ( $\approx 100$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1700)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	580
$\Lambda K$	<3 %	250
$N\pi\pi$	85–95 %	547
$N\rho$	<35 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.01–0.05 %	591
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.024 %	591
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.002–0.026 %	591
$n\gamma$	0.01–0.13 %	590
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.09 %	590
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.05 %	590

**$N(1710) P_{11}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1740 ( $\approx 1710$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 50 to 250 ( $\approx 100$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 1.07 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 14.2 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1670 to 1770 ( $\approx 1720$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 80 \text{ to } 380$  ( $\approx 230$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1710)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	587
$\Lambda K$	5–25 %	264
$N\pi\pi$	40–90 %	554
$\Delta\pi$	15–40 %	393
$N\rho$	5–25 %	48
$N(\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}^{I=0}$	10–40 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.002–0.05%	598
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.002–0.05%	598
$n\gamma$	0.0–0.02%	597
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02%	597

 **$N(1720) P_{13}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 1650 to 1750 ( $\approx 1720$ ) MeVBreit-Wigner full width = 100 to 200 ( $\approx 150$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 1.09 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 13.9 \text{ mb}$$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1750 ( $\approx 1700$ ) MeV $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 110 \text{ to } 390$  ( $\approx 250$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1720)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	594
$\Lambda K$	1–15 %	278
$N\pi\pi$	>70 %	561
$N\rho$	70–85 %	104
$p\gamma$	0.003–0.10 %	604
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.003–0.08 %	604
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.001–0.03 %	604
$n\gamma$	0.002–0.39 %	603
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.002 %	603
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.001–0.39 %	603

**$N(2190) G_{17}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 2100 to 2200 ( $\approx 2190$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 350 to 550 ( $\approx 450$ ) MeV  
 $p_{\text{beam}} = 2.07 \text{ GeV}/c$        $4\pi\lambda^2 = 6.21 \text{ mb}$   
 Re(pole position) = 1950 to 2150 ( $\approx 2050$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 350 \text{ to } 550$  ( $\approx 450$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(2190)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	888

 **$N(2220) H_{19}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{9}{2}^+)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 2180 to 2310 ( $\approx 2220$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 320 to 550 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV  
 $p_{\text{beam}} = 2.14 \text{ GeV}/c$        $4\pi\lambda^2 = 5.97 \text{ mb}$   
 Re(pole position) = 2100 to 2240 ( $\approx 2170$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 370 \text{ to } 570$  ( $\approx 470$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(2220)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	905

 **$N(2250) G_{19}$** 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{9}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 2170 to 2310 ( $\approx 2250$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 290 to 470 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV  
 $p_{\text{beam}} = 2.21 \text{ GeV}/c$        $4\pi\lambda^2 = 5.74 \text{ mb}$   
 Re(pole position) = 2080 to 2200 ( $\approx 2140$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 280 \text{ to } 680$  ( $\approx 480$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(2250)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	923

**$N(2600)$   $I_{1,11}$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{11}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 2550 to 2750 ( $\approx 2600$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner full width = 500 to 800 ( $\approx 650$ ) MeV

$$p_{\text{beam}} = 3.12 \text{ GeV}/c \quad 4\pi\lambda^2 = 3.86 \text{ mb}$$

<b><math>N(2600)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–10 %	1126